

19<sup>th</sup>

ACM/IFIP

International  
Middleware  
Conference

December 10-14 2018 Rennes, Brittany, France



# L-Store Concurrency Control: QueCC

Slides are adopted from Qadah, Sadoghi

*QueCC - A Queue-Oriented, Control-Free Concurrency Architecture, ACM Middleware 2018*

**ECS 165A – Winter 2022**



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# Hardware Trends

Large core counts

Large main-memory



HPE Superdome Flex for SAP HANA Scale-out configuration

HPE Superdome Server  
144 physical cores  
6TB of RAM



# Popularity of Key-value Stores

- No multi-statement transactions
- Weak consistency
- Weak isolation



# High-Contention Workloads

Challenge ???



High number of  
contented operations

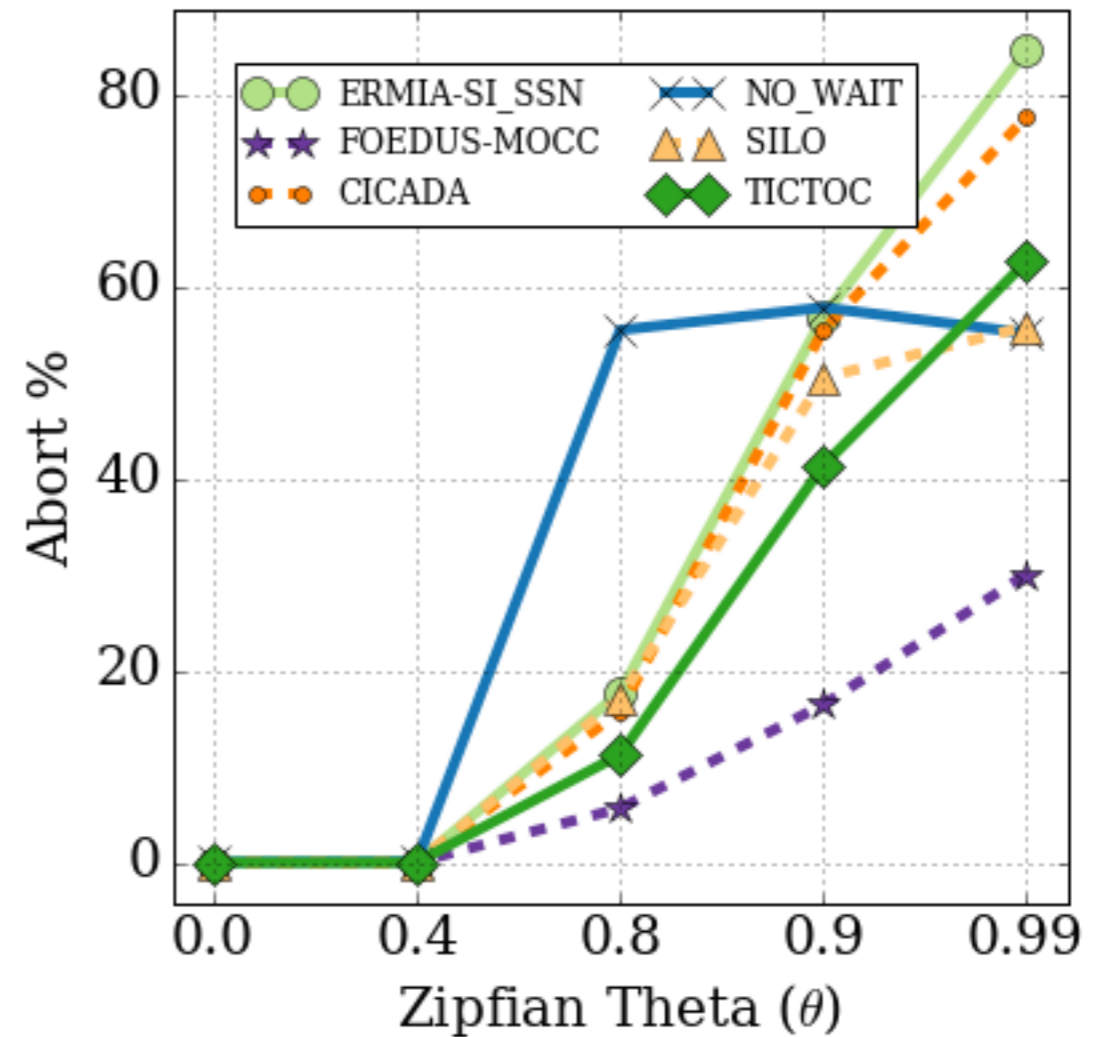
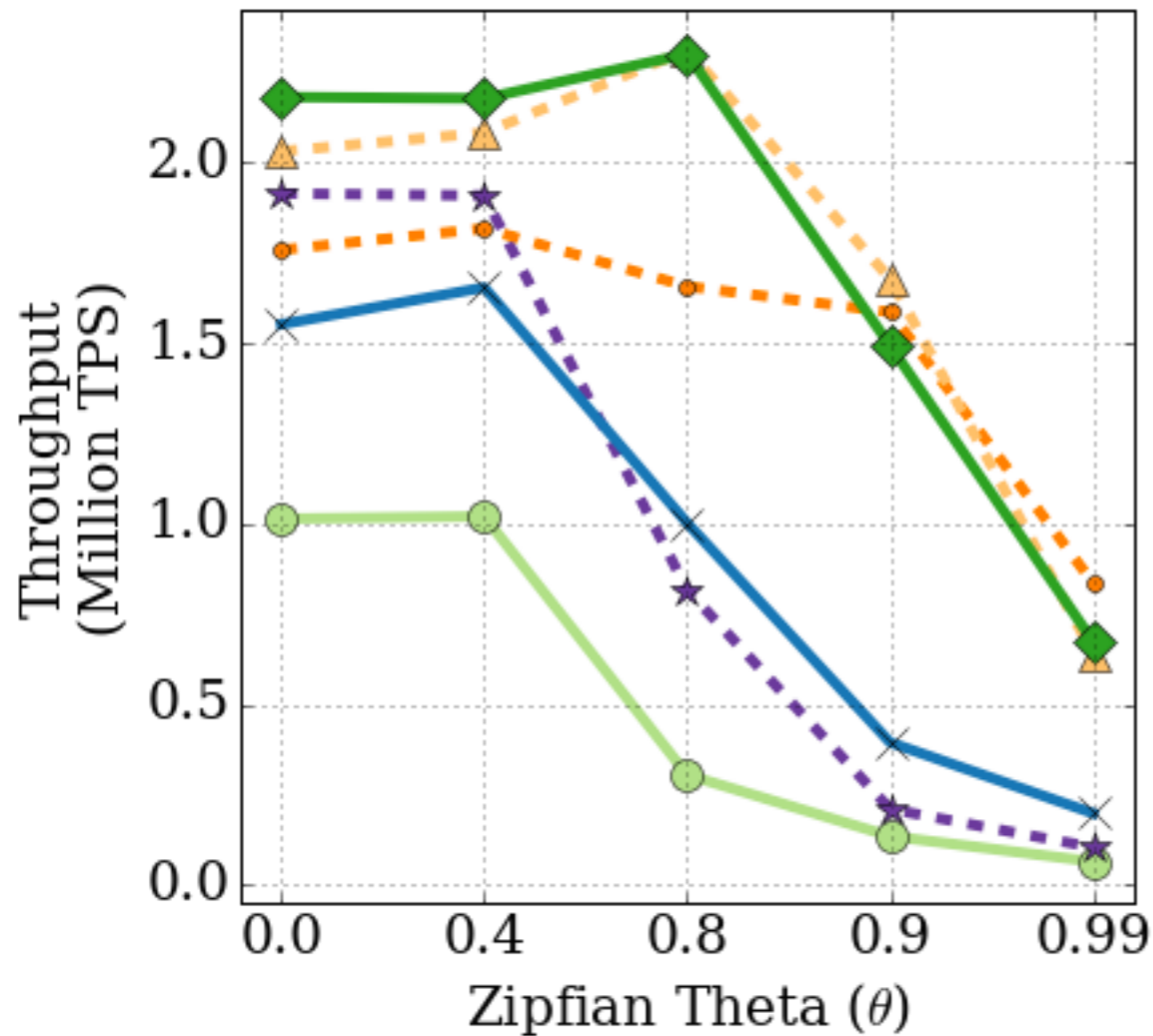


# State-of-the-Art Concurrency Control Protocols

- Optimized for multi-core hardware and main-memory databases
- Non-deterministic

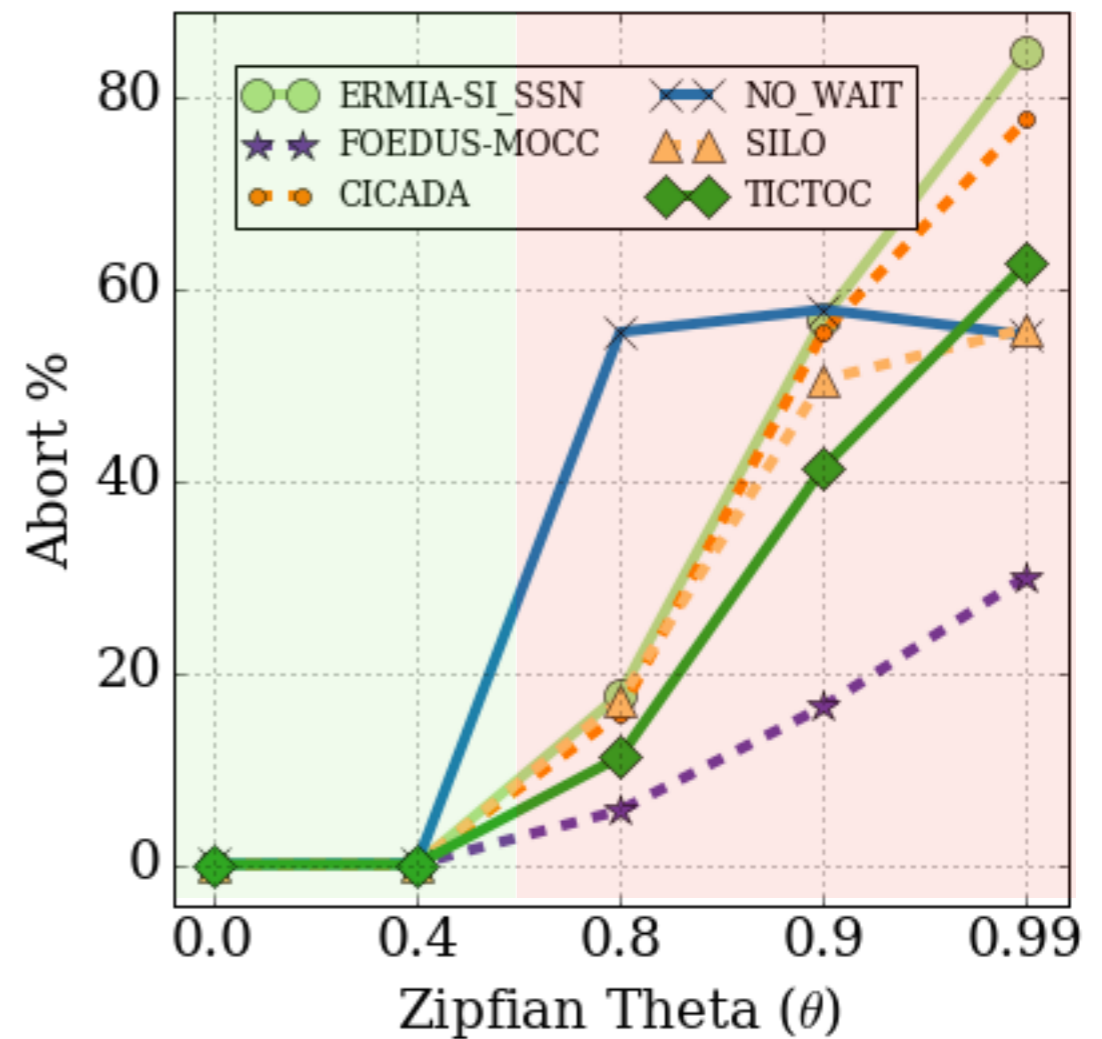
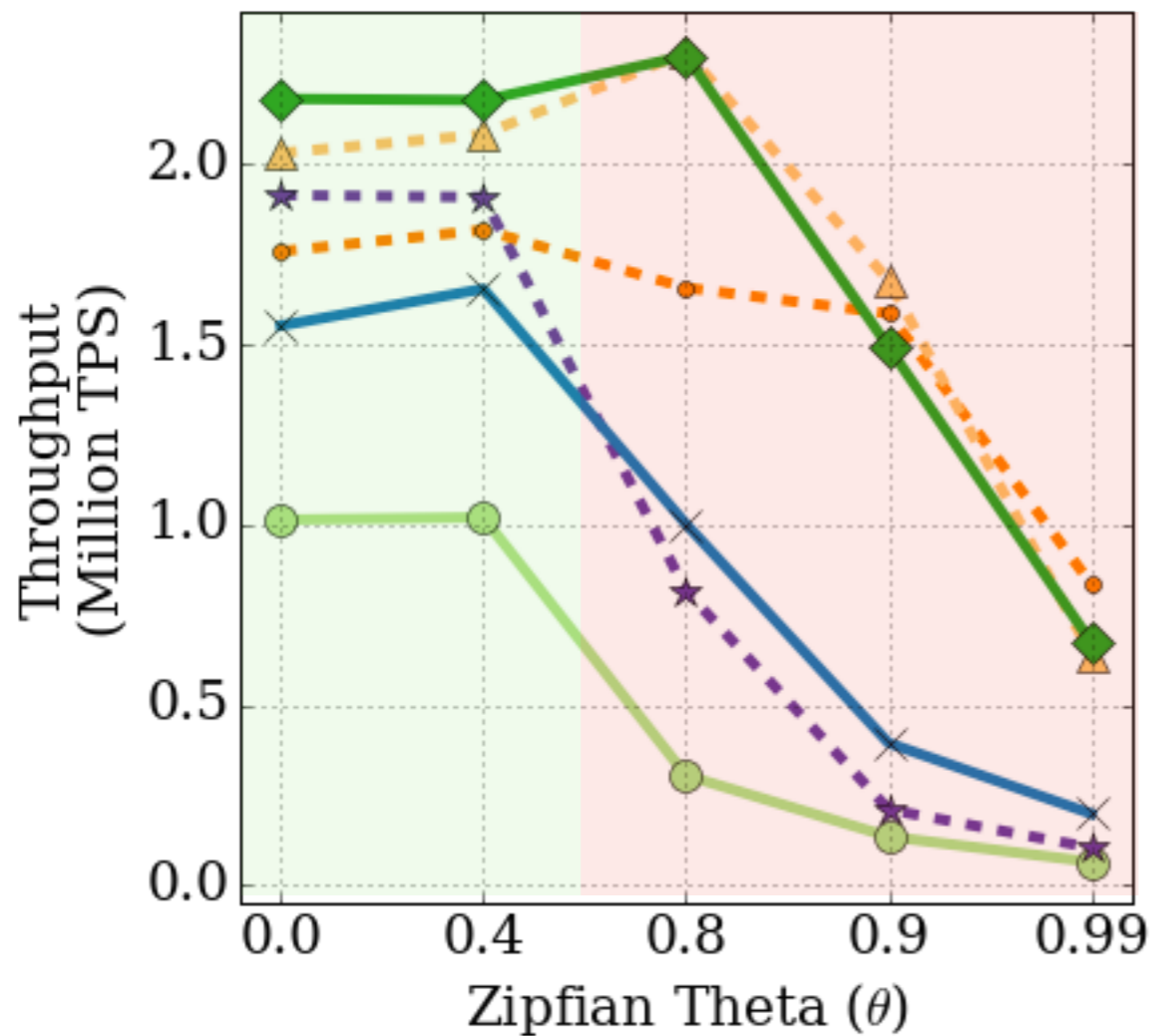
CC	Class	Year
SILO	Optimistic CC	SOSP '13
TICTOC	Timestamp Ordering	SIGMOD '16
FOEDUS-MOCC	Optimistic CC	VLDB '16
ERMIA	MVCC	SIGMOD '16
Cicada	MVCC	SIGMOD '17

# Performance Under High-Contention



Optimize-for-multi-core concurrency control techniques suffer under high-contention due to increasing abort rate

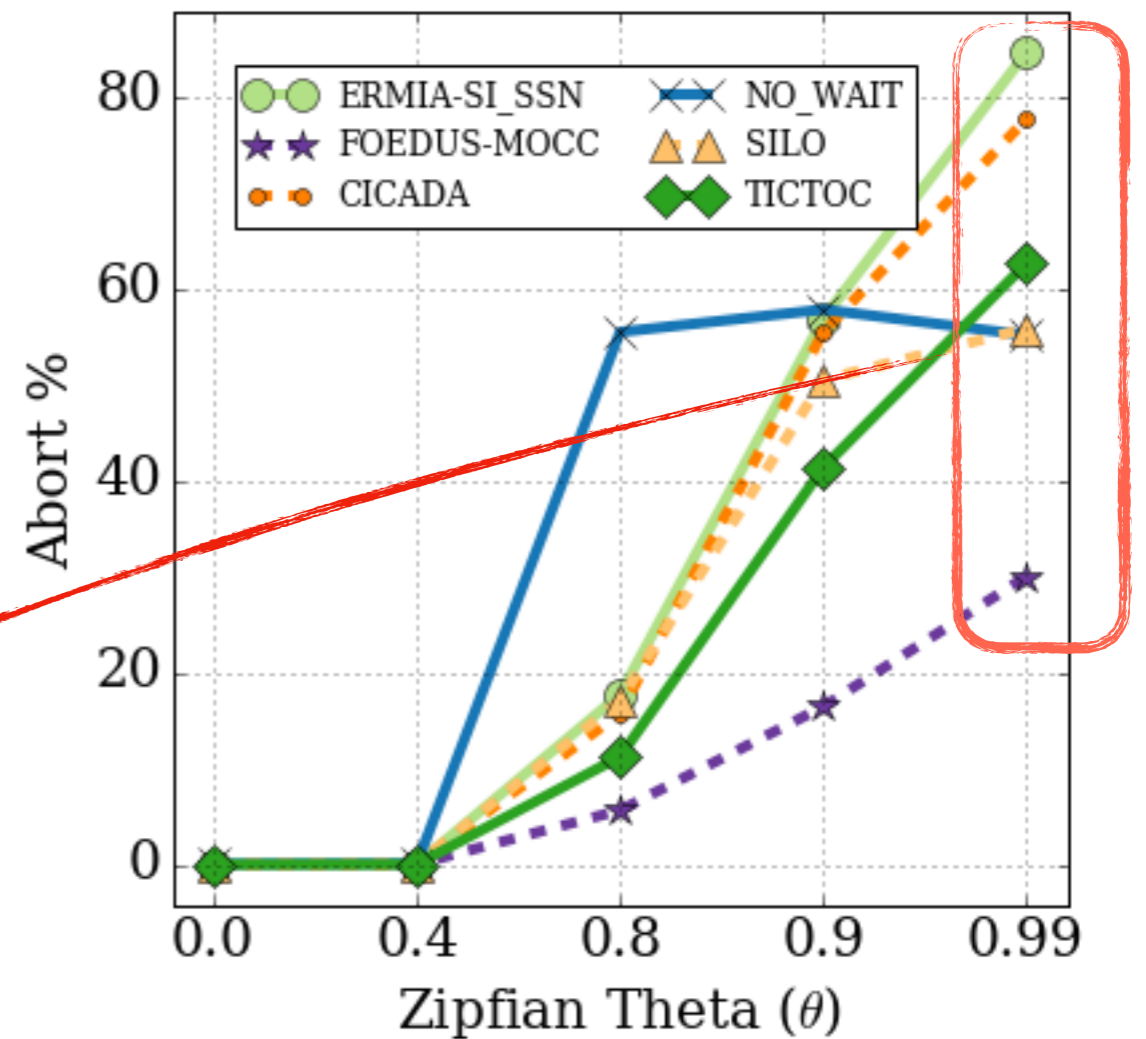
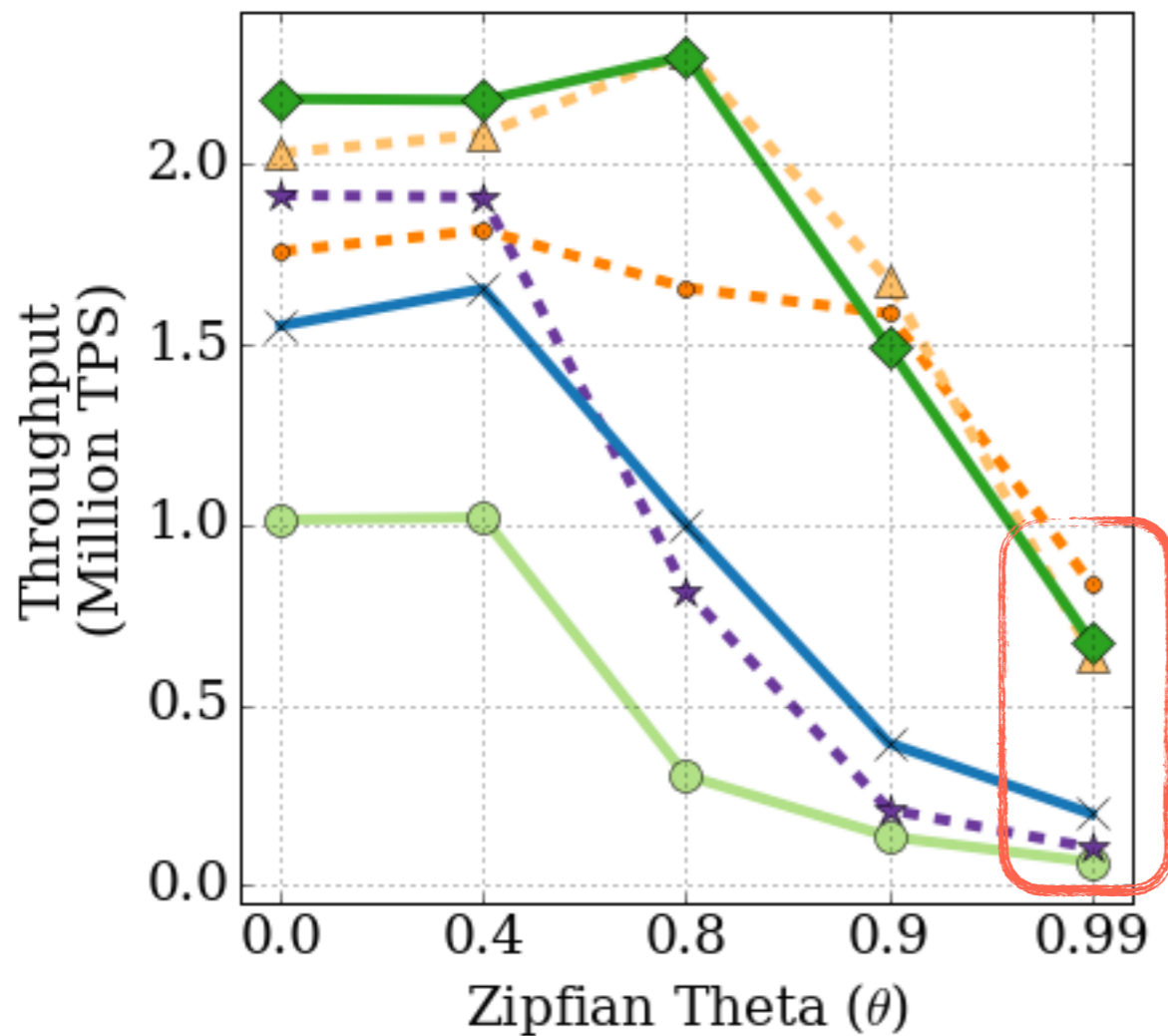
# Performance Under High-Contention



Under high-contention: Non-deterministic aborts dominates



# Performance Under High-Contention



Under high-contention: Non-deterministic aborts dominates

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 0

### Client Transactions

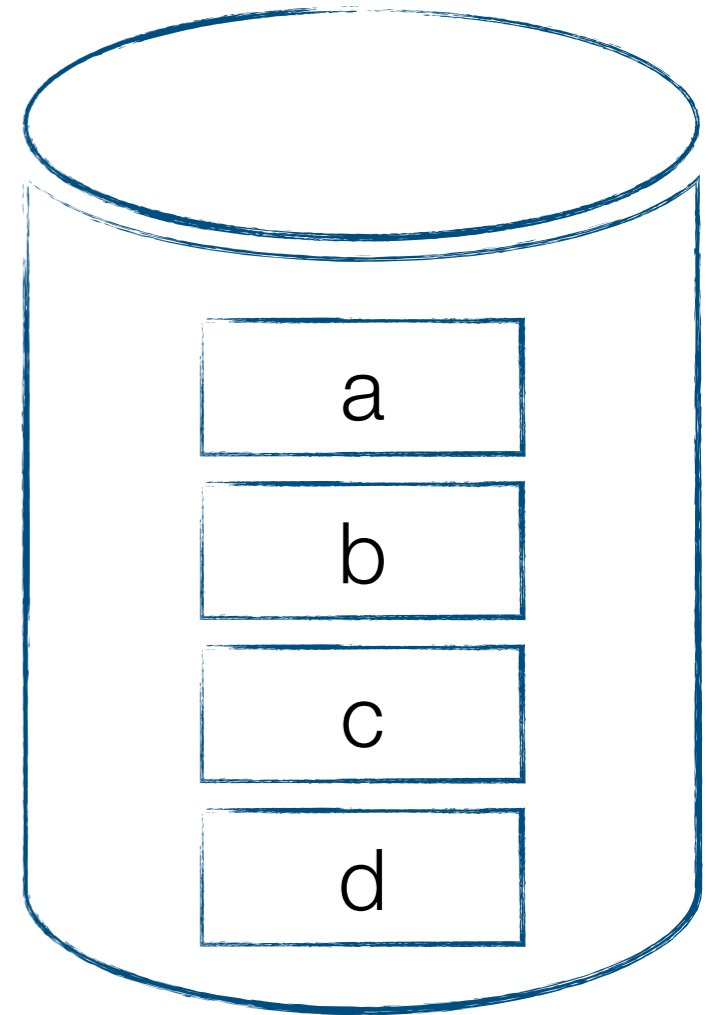
w <sub>4</sub> (b)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)	w <sub>2</sub> (b)	r <sub>1</sub> (a)
r <sub>4</sub> (d)	r <sub>3</sub> (c)	r <sub>2</sub> (a)	w <sub>1</sub> (b)

each color presents a transaction

Worker Thread #1



Worker Thread #2



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 0

Client Transactions

w <sub>4</sub> (b)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)
r <sub>4</sub> (d)	r <sub>3</sub> (c)

Worker  
Thread #1

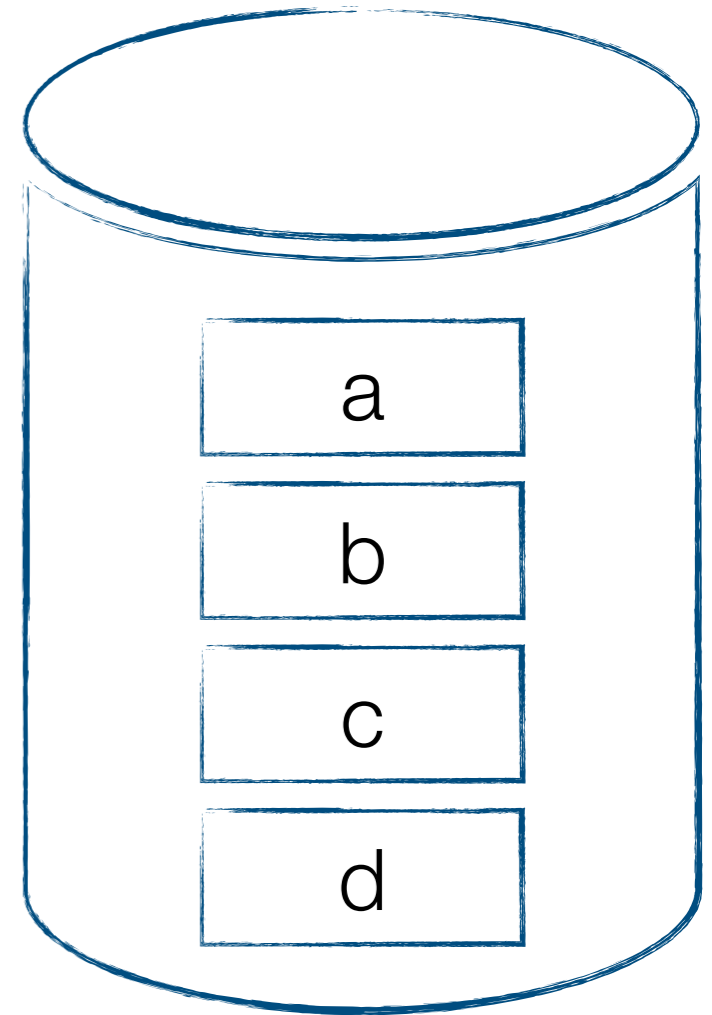


r<sub>1</sub>(a)  
w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker  
Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 0

Client Transactions

w <sub>4</sub> (b)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)
r <sub>4</sub> (d)	r <sub>3</sub> (c)

Worker Thread #1

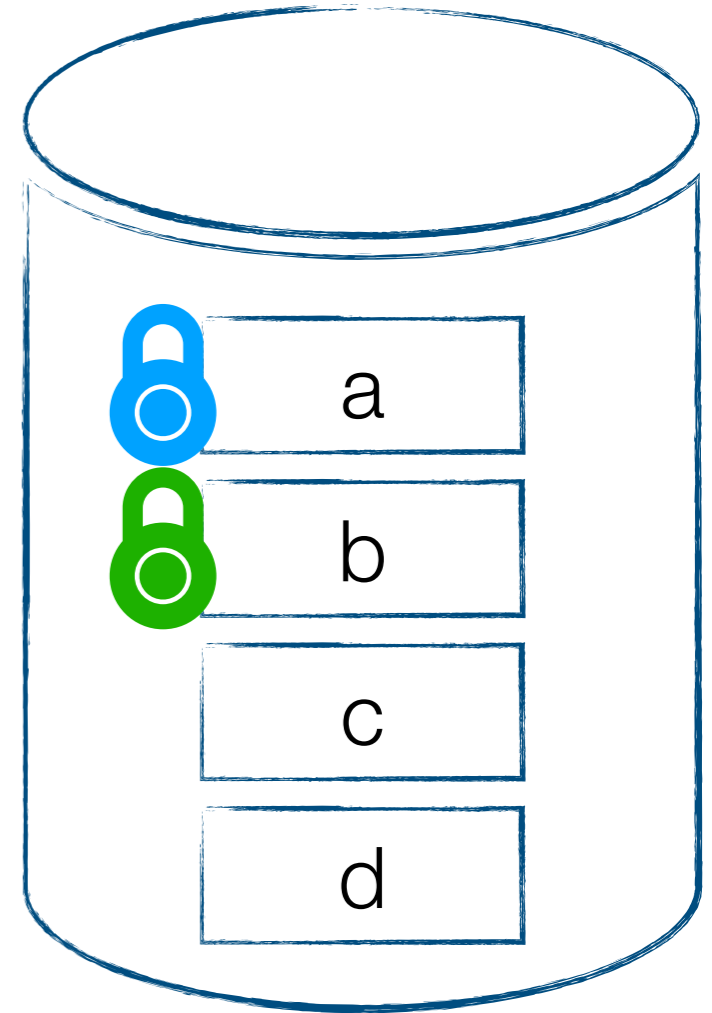


r<sub>1</sub>(a)  
w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 0

Client Transactions

w <sub>4</sub> (b)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)
r <sub>4</sub> (d)	r <sub>3</sub> (c)

Worker Thread #1

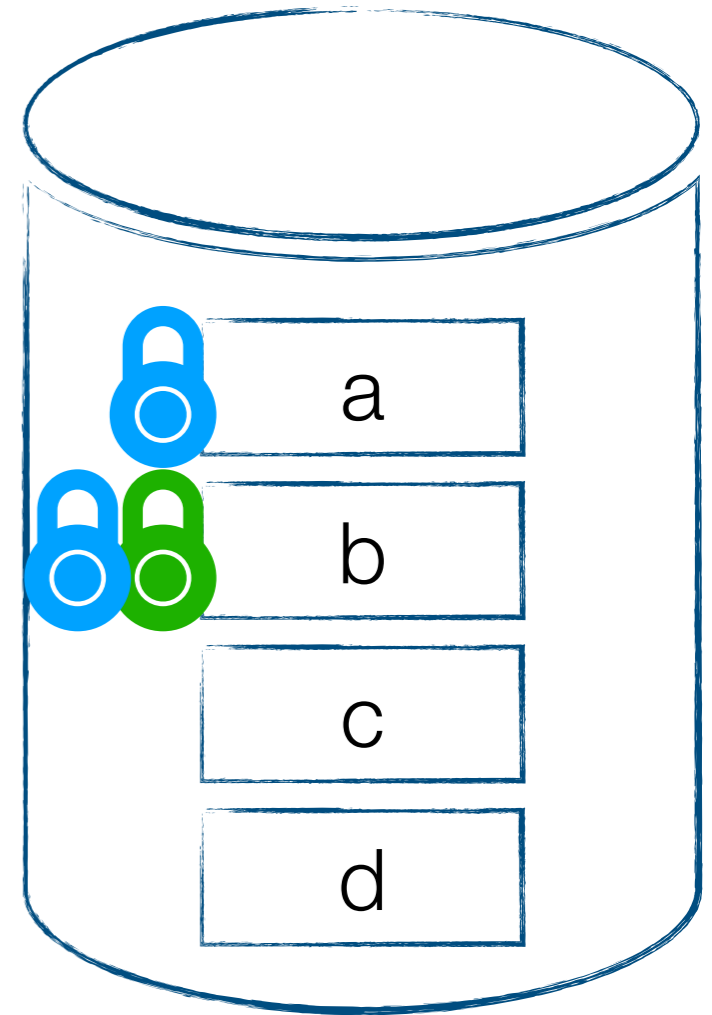


r<sub>1</sub>(a)  
w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)





2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 0

Client Transactions

w <sub>4</sub> (b)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)
r <sub>4</sub> (d)	r <sub>3</sub> (c)

Worker Thread #1



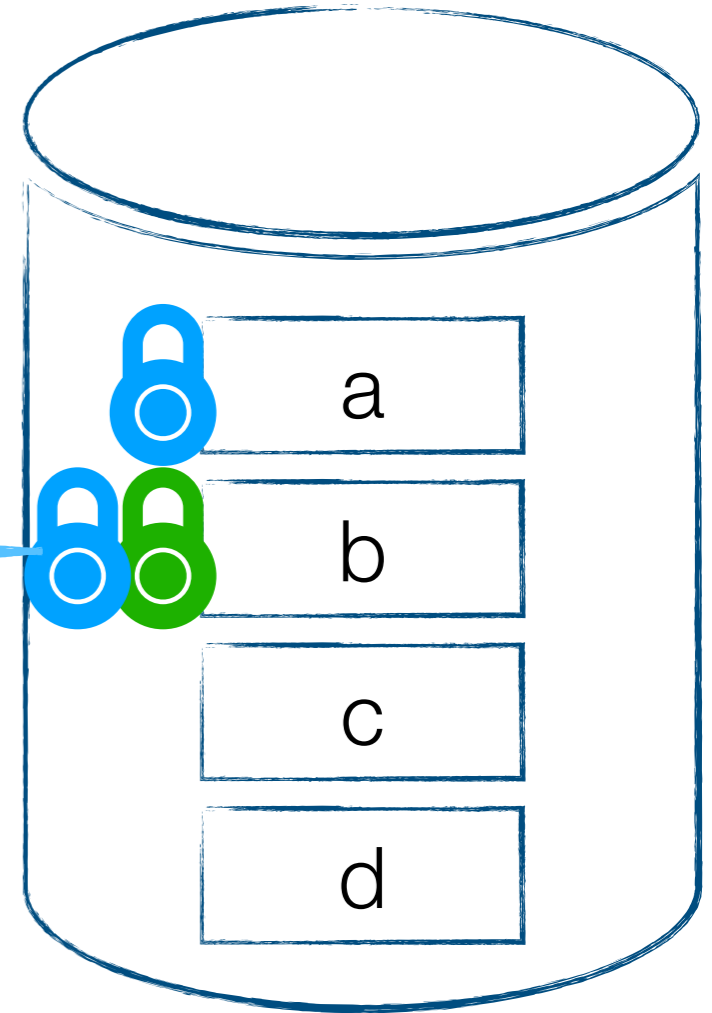
r<sub>1</sub>(a)  
w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)

conflict!



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 0

Abort transaction (to avoid potential deadlocks)

Worker Thread #1 ⚡ 

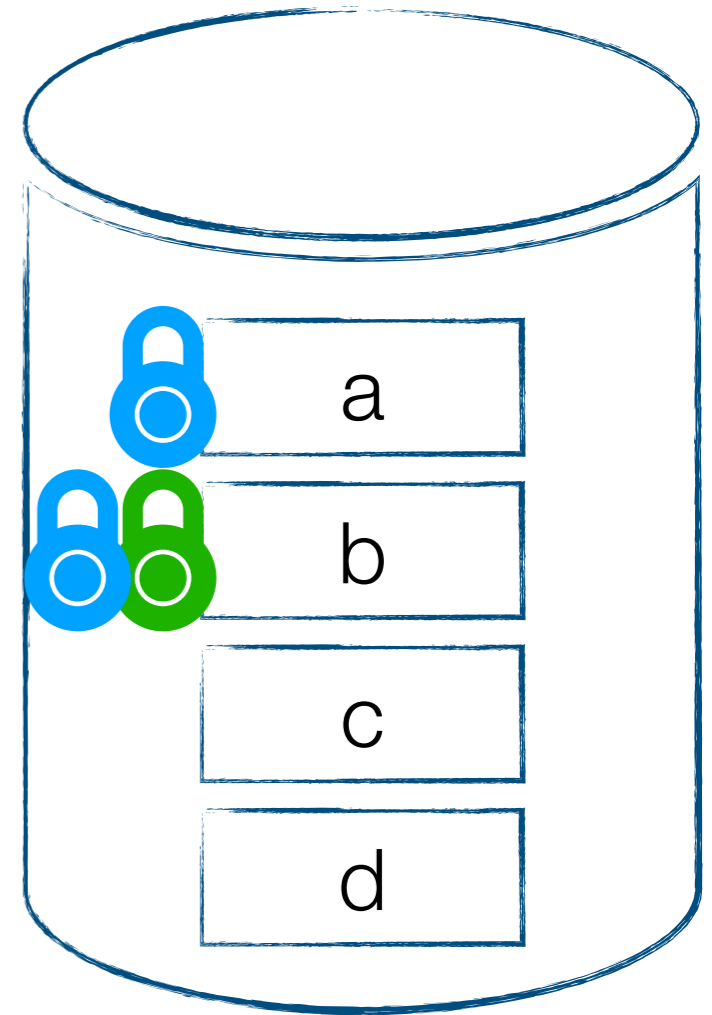
$r_1(a)$
$w_1(b)$

Client Transactions

$w_4(b)$	$w_3(b)$
$r_4(d)$	$r_3(c)$

Worker Thread #2 ⚡ 

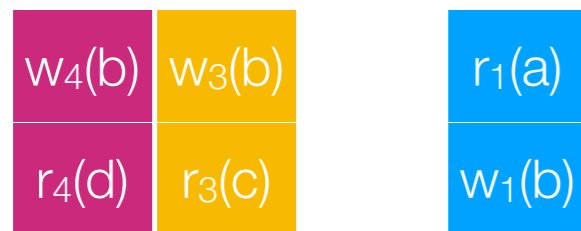
$w_2(b)$
$r_2(a)$



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 1

### Client Transactions



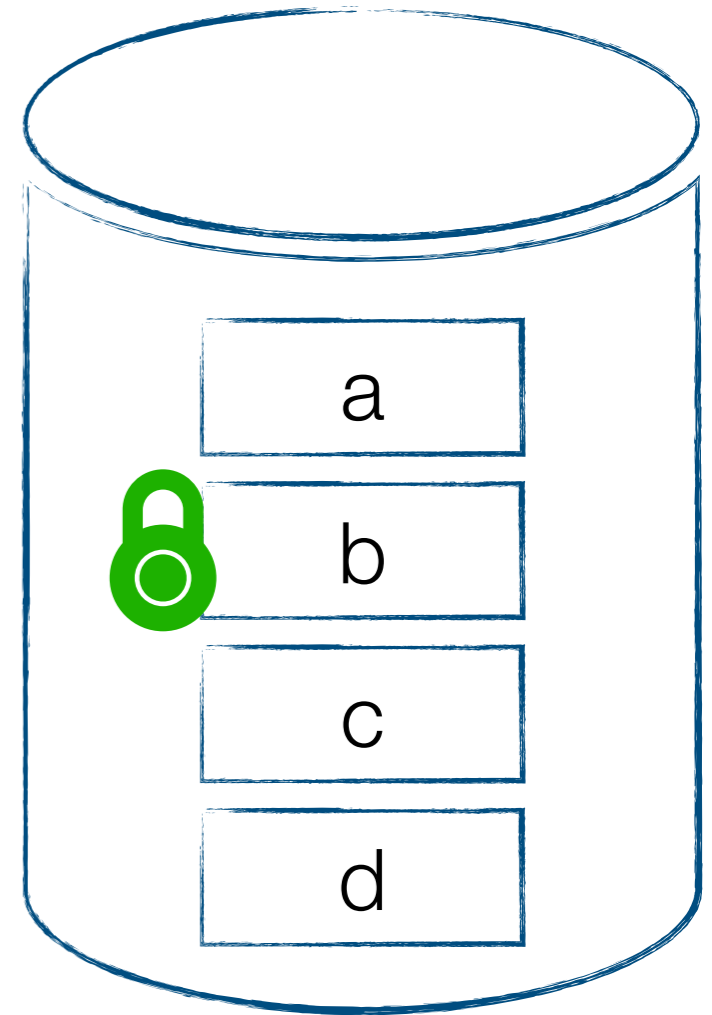
Worker Thread #1



Worker Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 1

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker  
Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

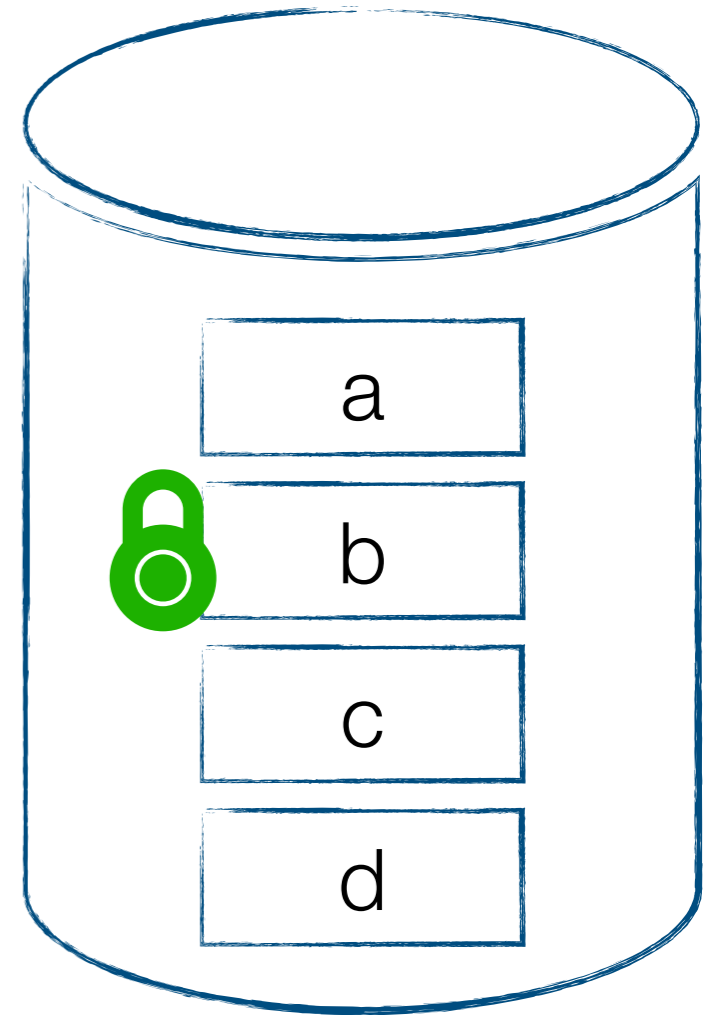
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker  
Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 1

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker  
Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

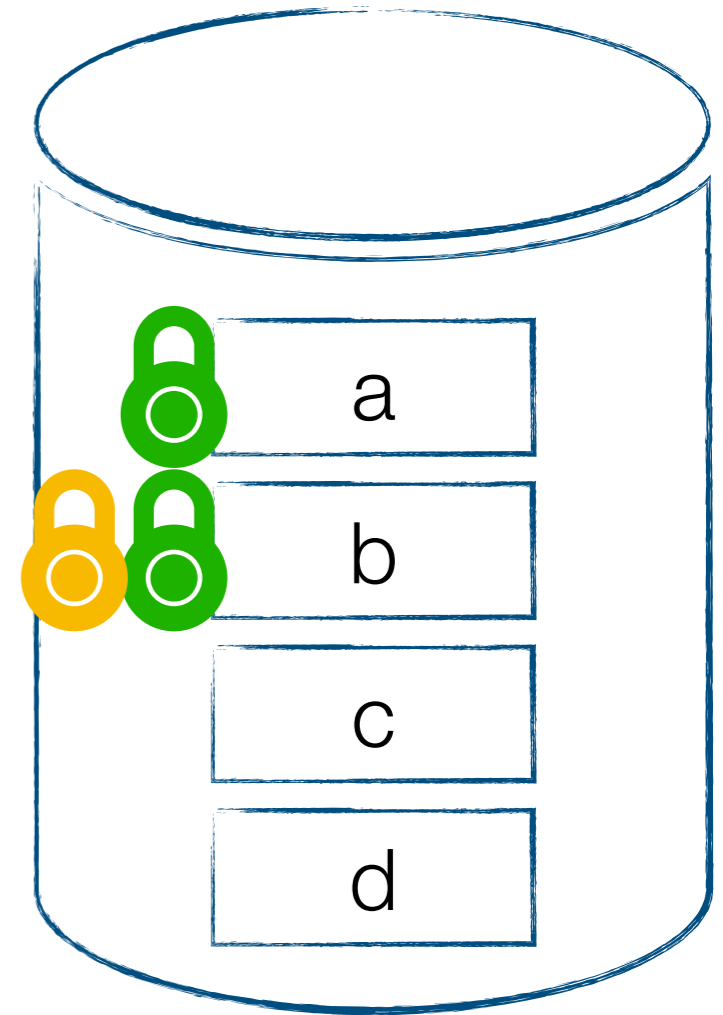
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker  
Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)





2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 1

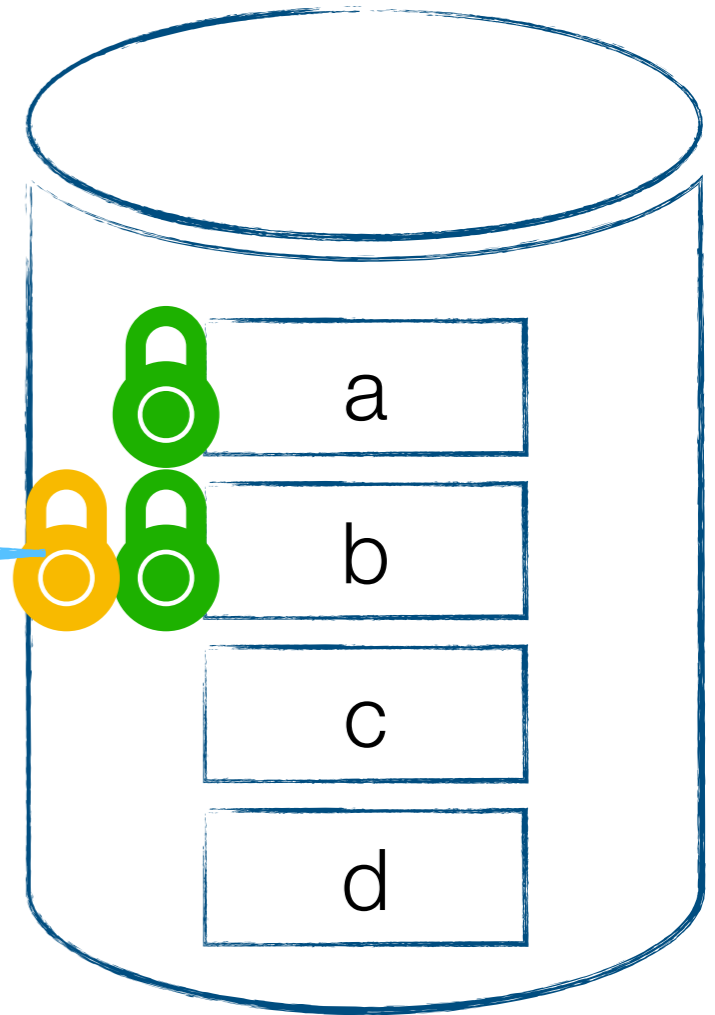
Client Transactions



Worker Thread #1 ⚡ w<sub>3</sub>(b)  
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker Thread #2 ⚡ w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)

conflict!



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 1

Abort transaction (to avoid potential deadlocks)

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

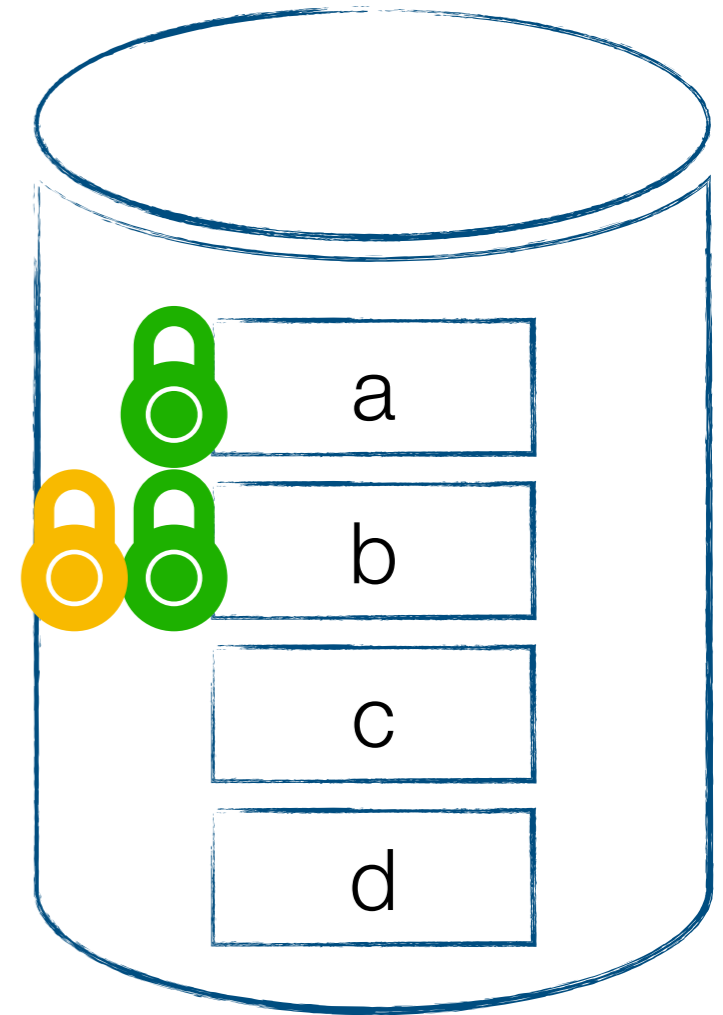
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)

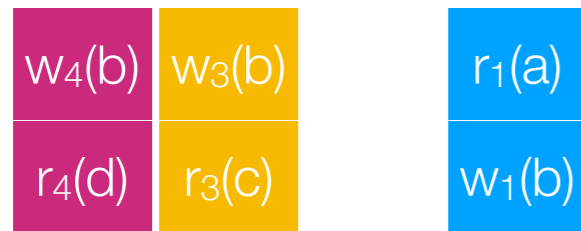
r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 2

### Client Transactions



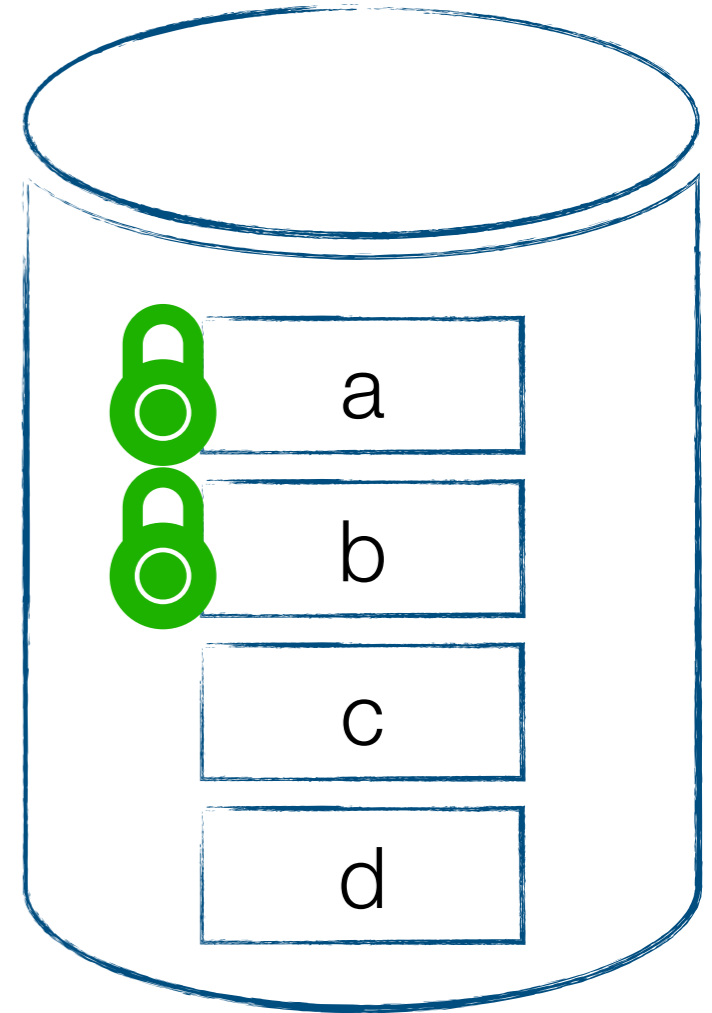
Worker Thread #1



Worker Thread #2



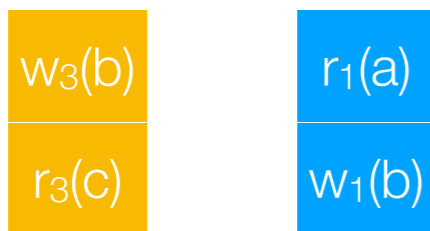
w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 2

Client Transactions



Worker Thread #1

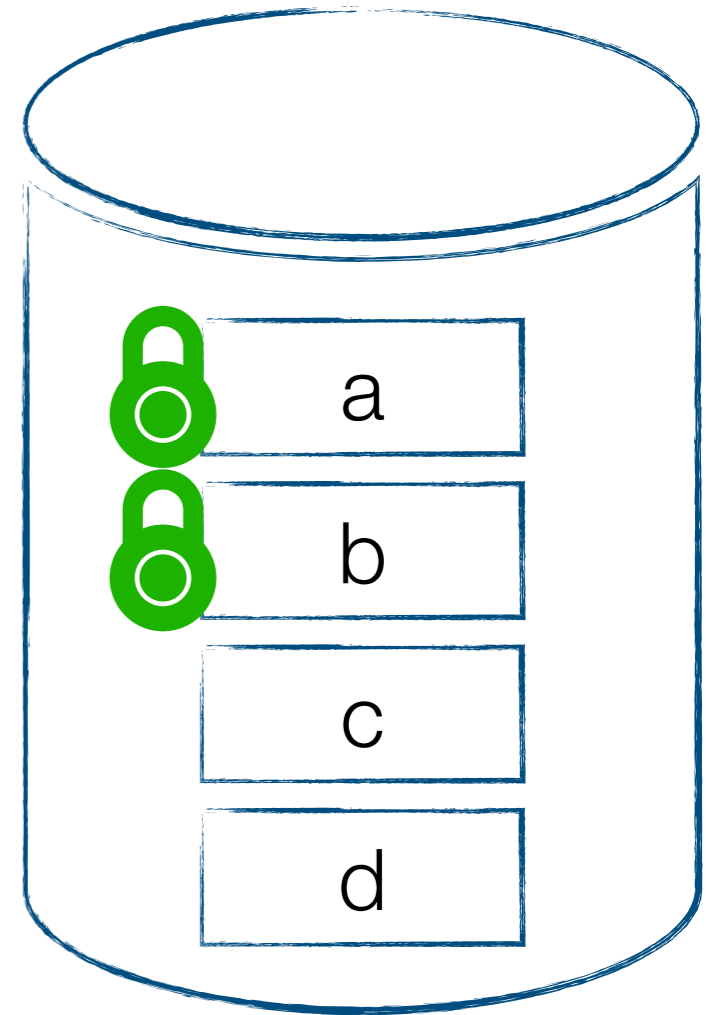


w<sub>4</sub>(b)  
r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 2

Client Transactions

w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker  
Thread #1



w<sub>4</sub>(b)

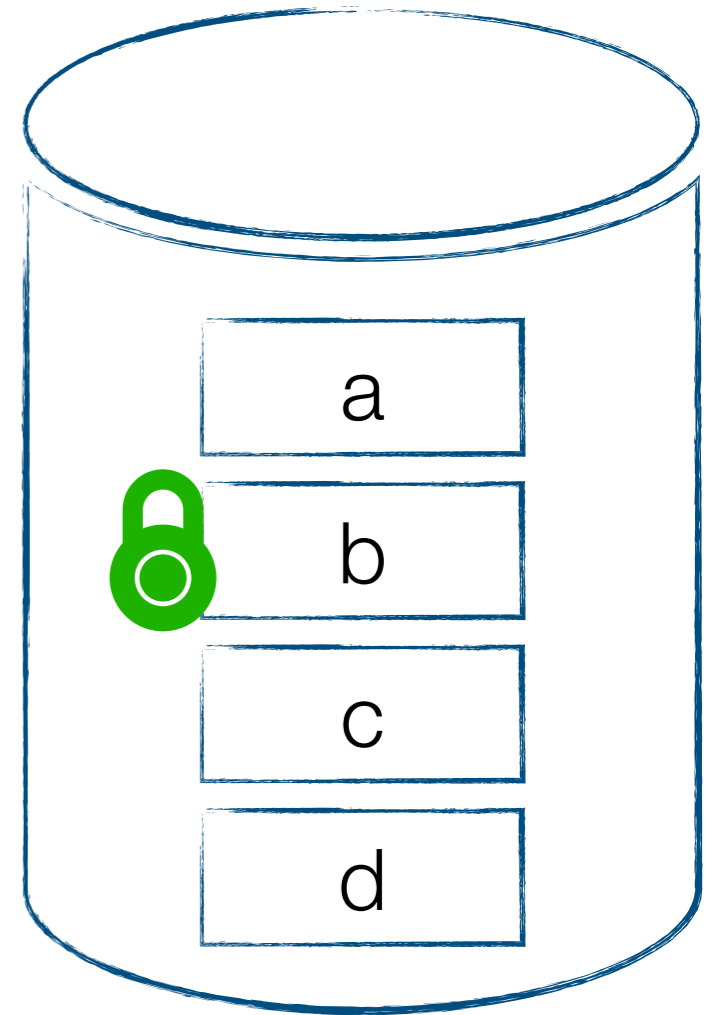
r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker  
Thread #2



w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)





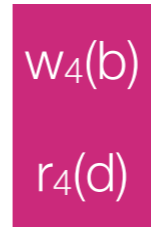
2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 2

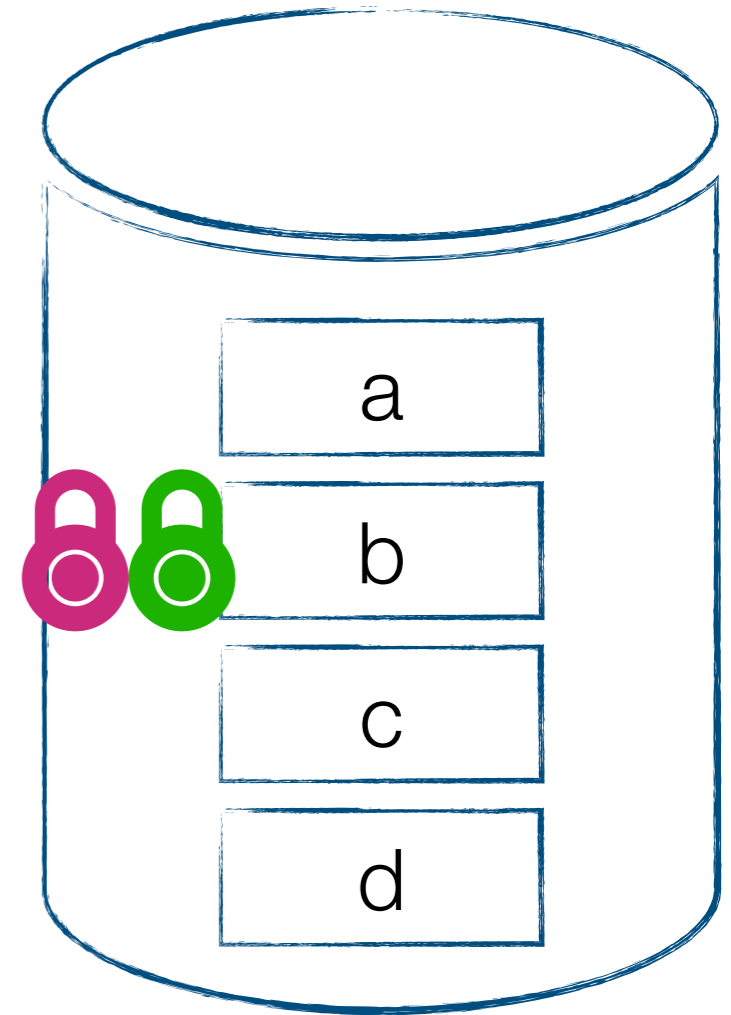
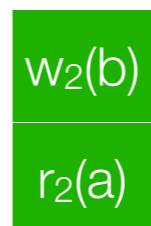
Client Transactions



Worker Thread #1



Worker Thread #2



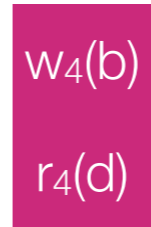
2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 2

Client Transactions



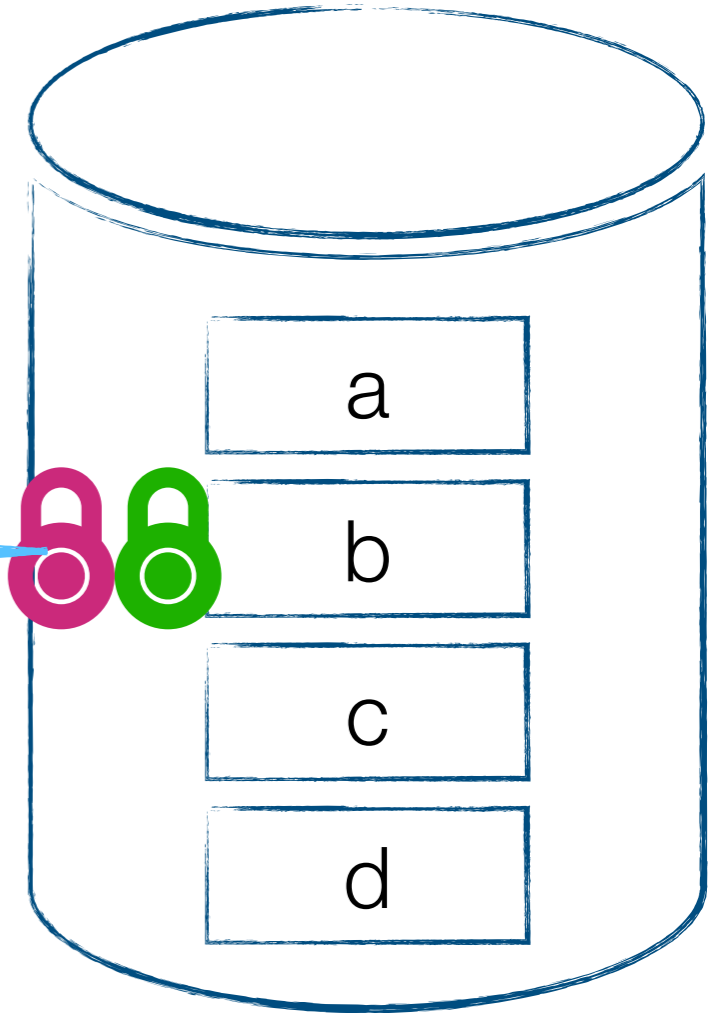
Worker Thread #1



Worker Thread #2



conflict!



2PL - NoWait

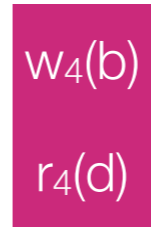
Abort Count: 2

Client Transactions

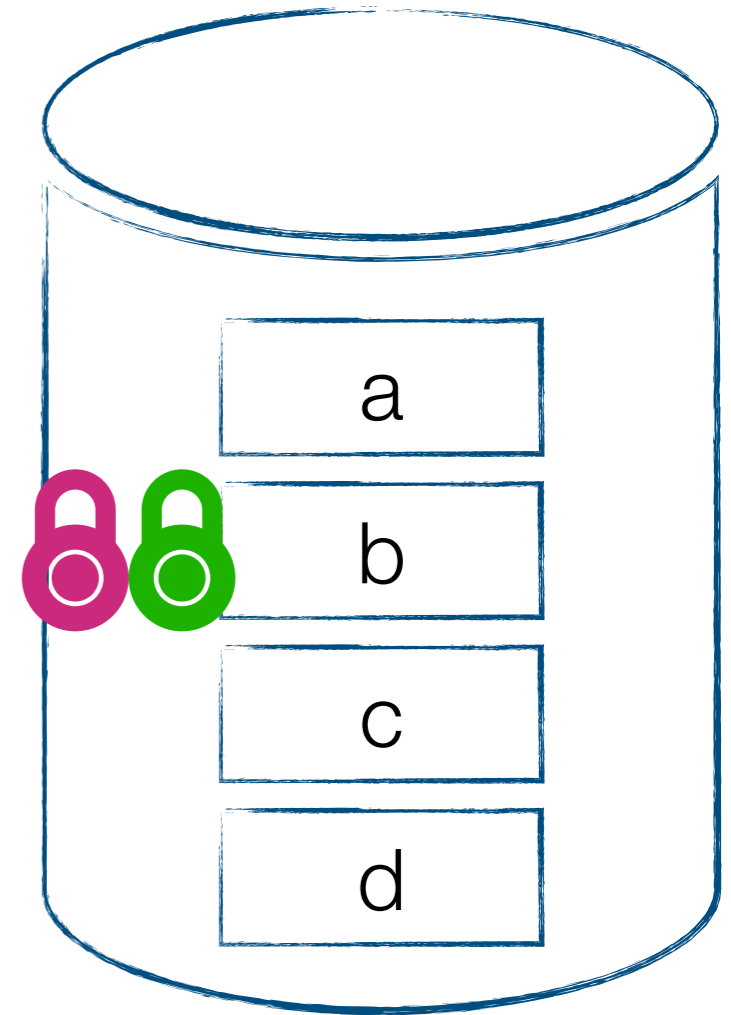


Abort transaction (to avoid potential deadlocks)

Worker Thread #1



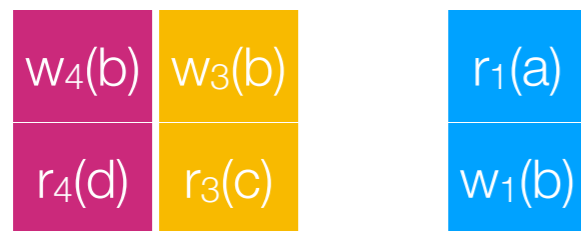
Worker Thread #2



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 3

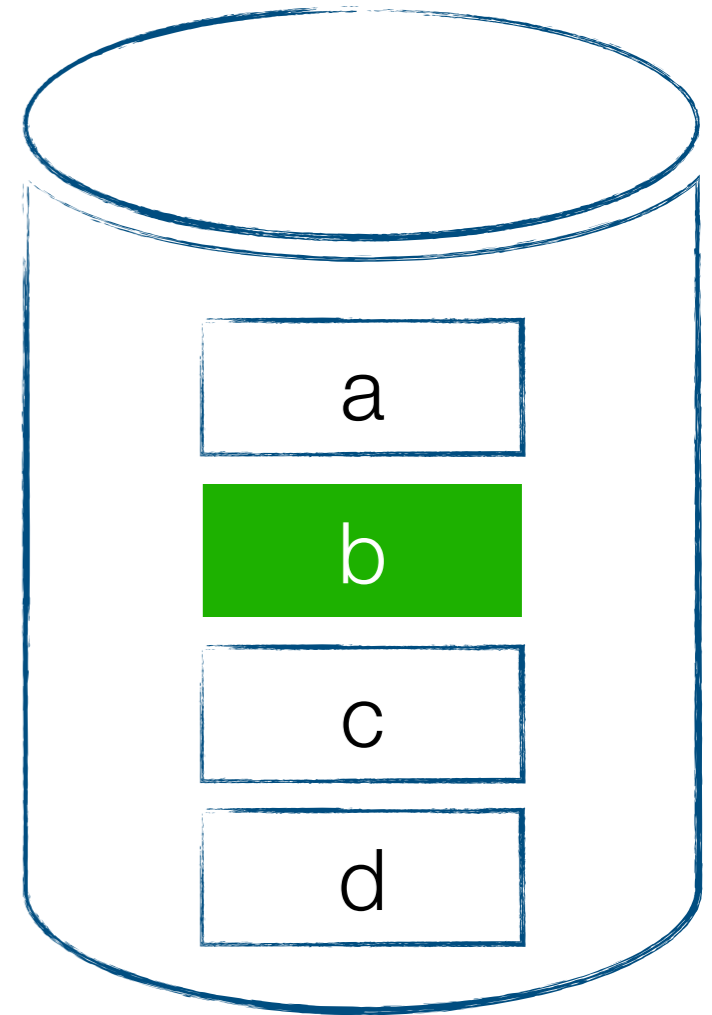
### Client Transactions



Worker Thread #1



Worker Thread #2



### Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 3

Client Transactions

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker  
Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker  
Thread #2



w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

a

b

c

d

Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 3

Client Transactions

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

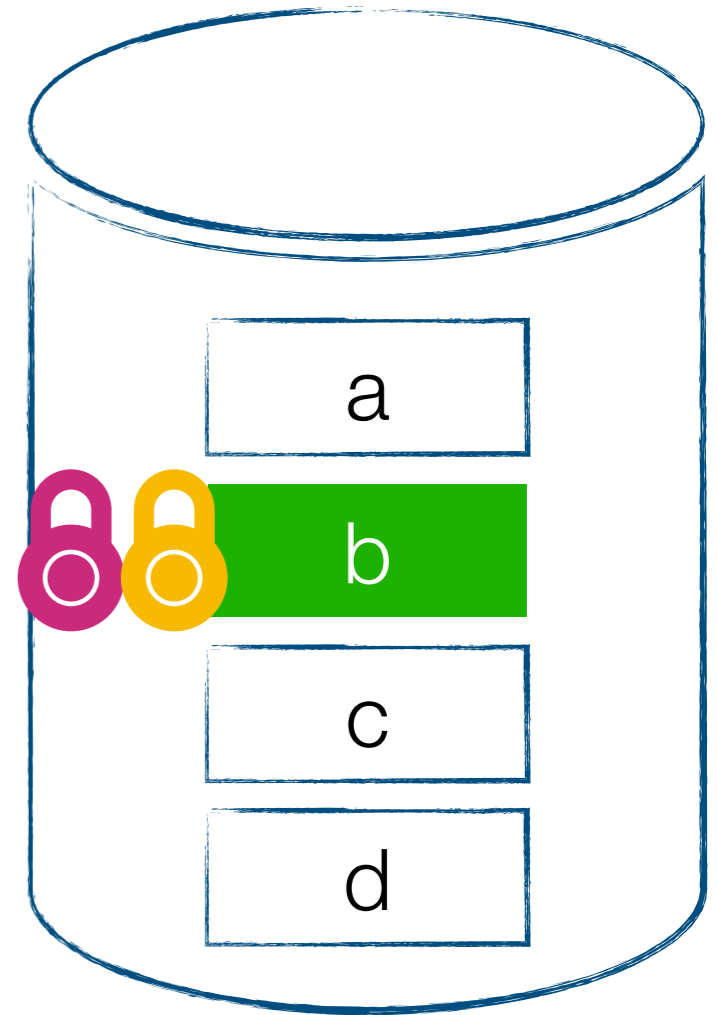
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker Thread #2



w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 3

Client Transactions

$r_1(a)$

$w_1(b)$

Worker Thread #1



$w_3(b)$

$r_3(c)$

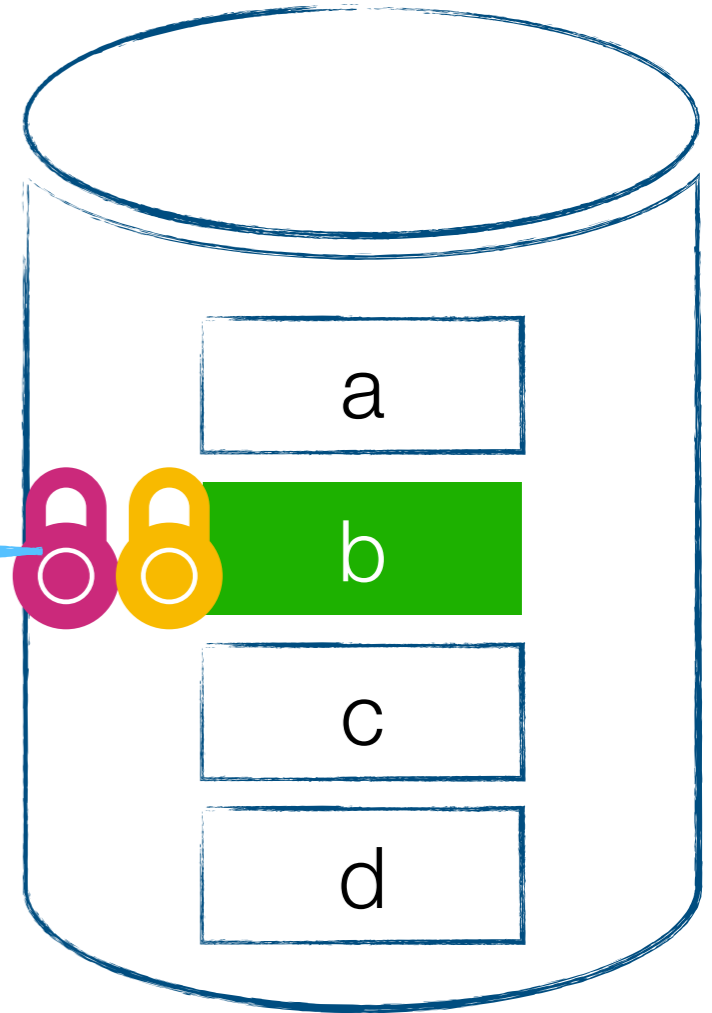
conflict!

Worker Thread #2



$w_4(b)$

$r_4(d)$



Committed Transactions

$w_2(b)$

$r_2(a)$

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 3

Client Transactions

$r_1(a)$

$w_1(b)$

Worker Thread #1



$w_3(b)$

$r_3(c)$

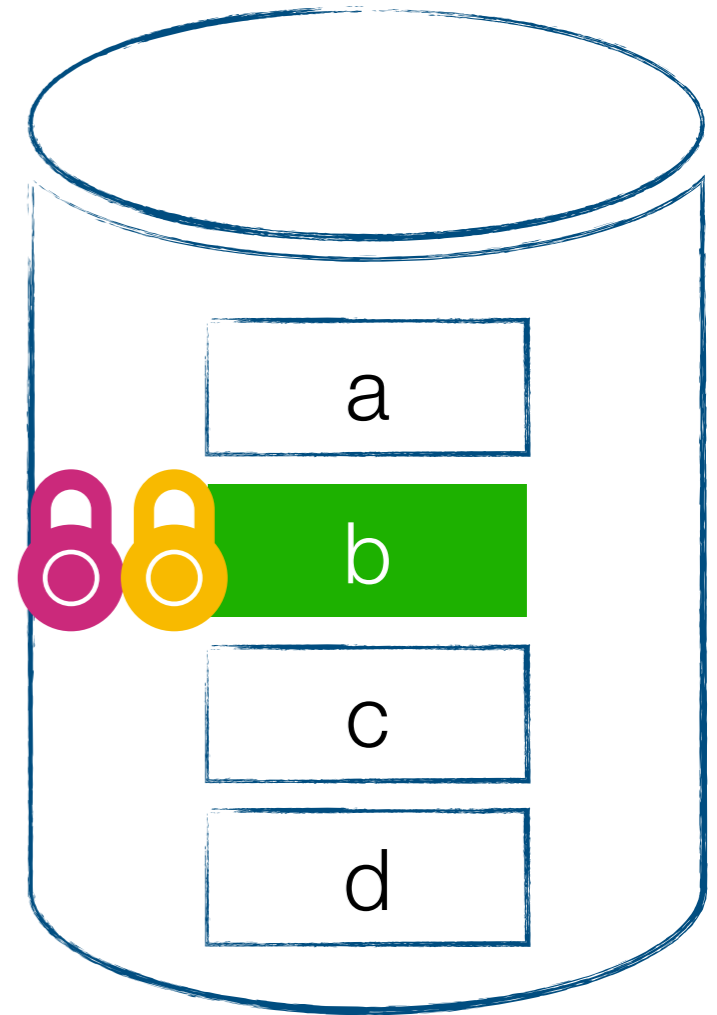
Worker Thread #2



$w_4(b)$

$r_4(d)$

Abort transaction (to avoid potential deadlocks)



Committed Transactions

$w_2(b)$

$r_2(a)$



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 4

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

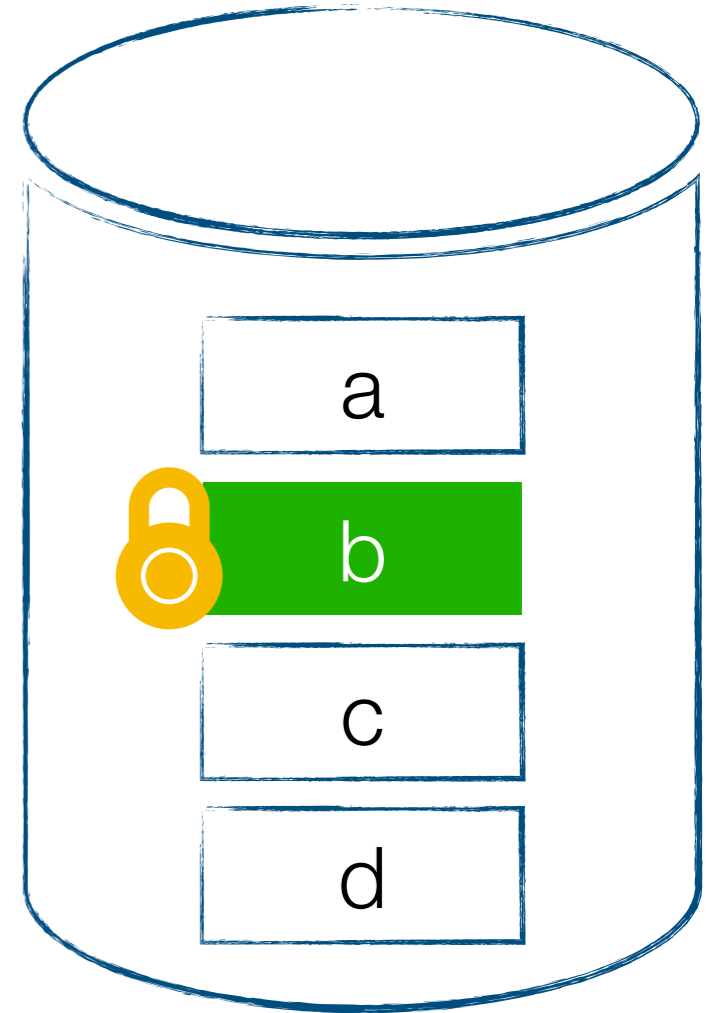
Worker Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker Thread #2



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 4

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker  
Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

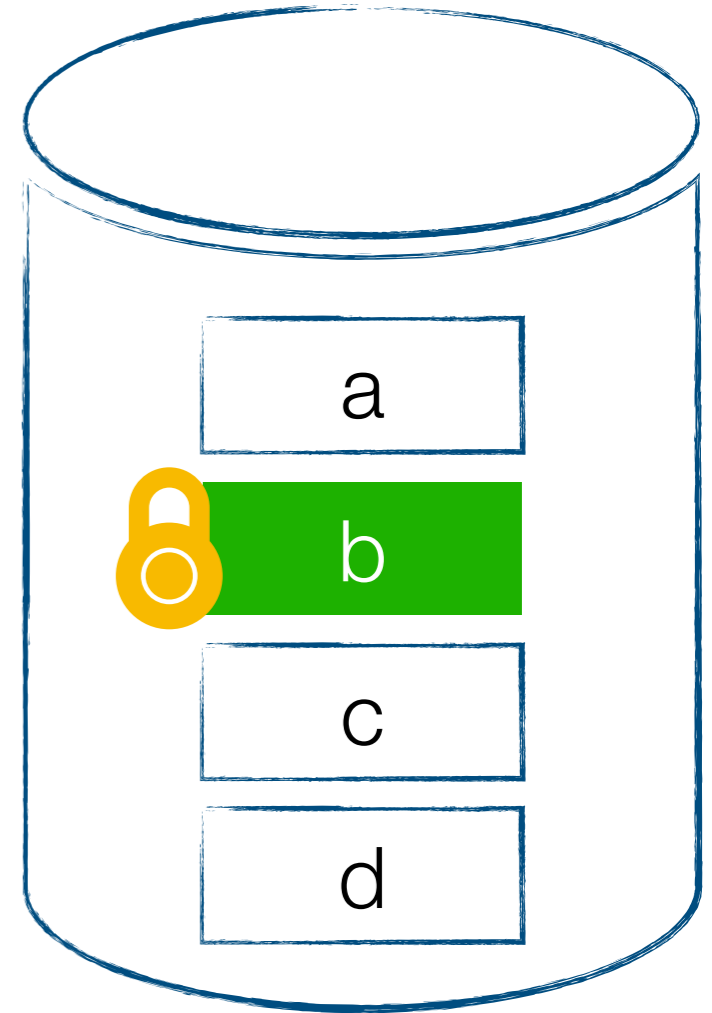
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker  
Thread #2



r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 4

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker  
Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

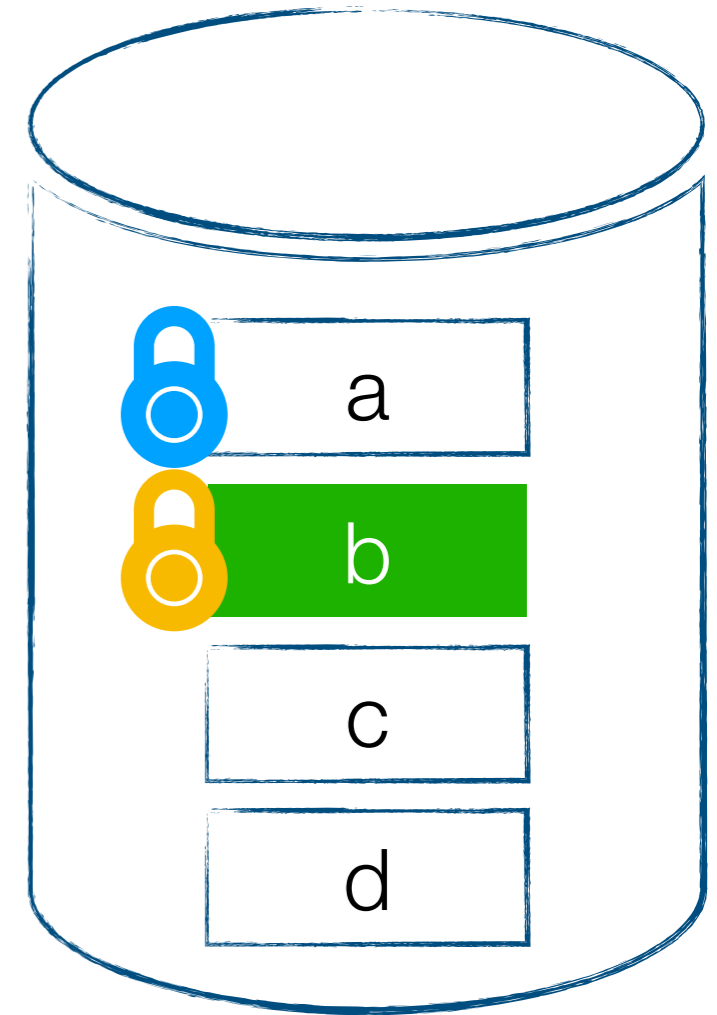
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker  
Thread #2



r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 4

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker  
Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

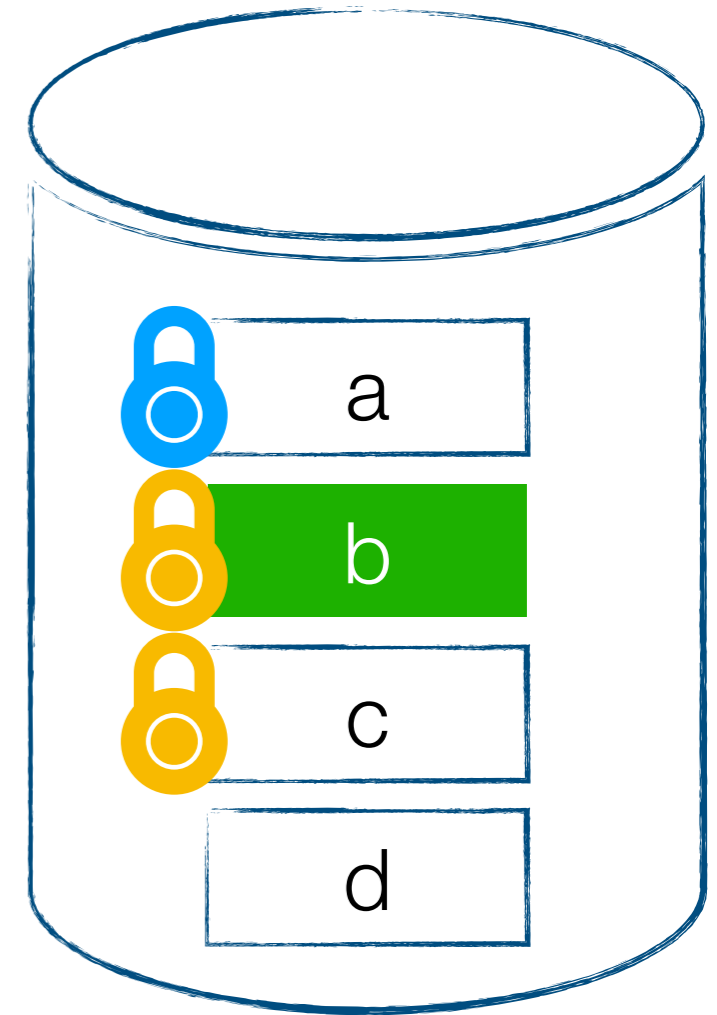
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker  
Thread #2



r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 4

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

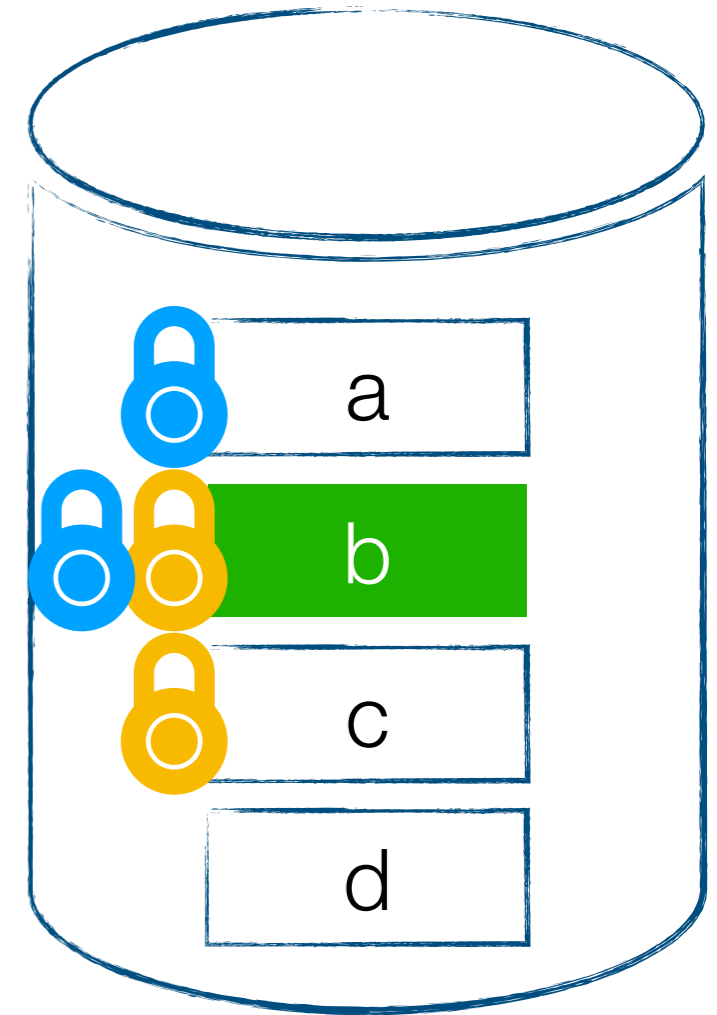
r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Worker Thread #2



r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 4

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

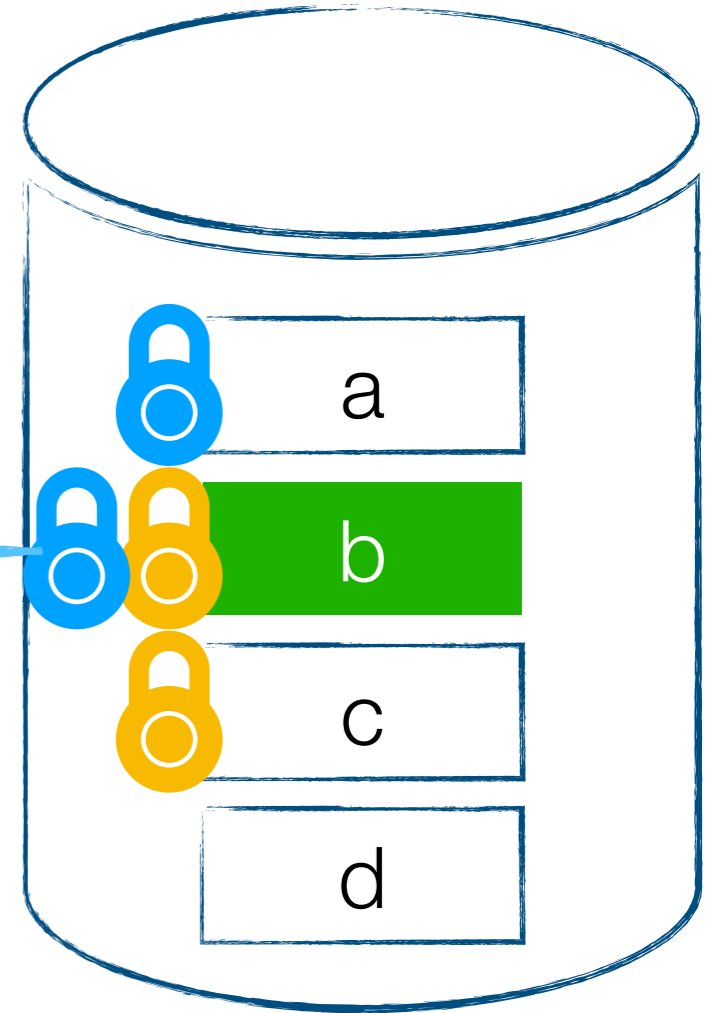
conflict!

Worker Thread #2



r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 4

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Worker Thread #1



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

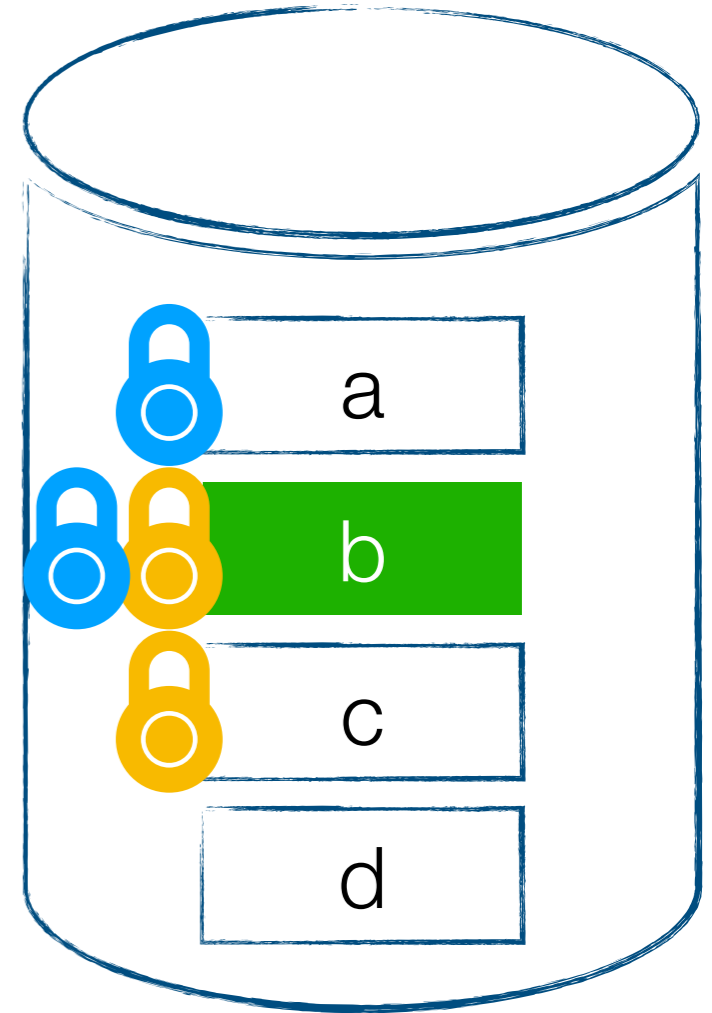
Worker Thread #2



r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Abort transaction (to avoid potential deadlocks)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 5

### Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

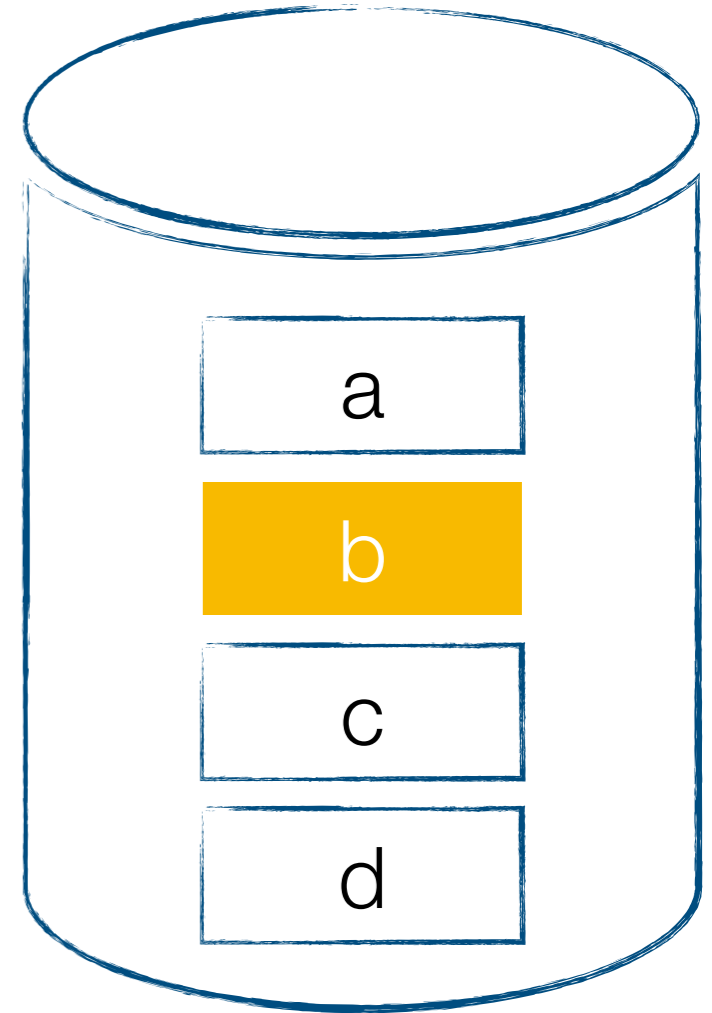
r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker  
Thread #1



Worker  
Thread #2



### Committed Transactions

w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)



2PL - NoWait

Abort Count: 5

Client Transactions

Worker  
Thread #1

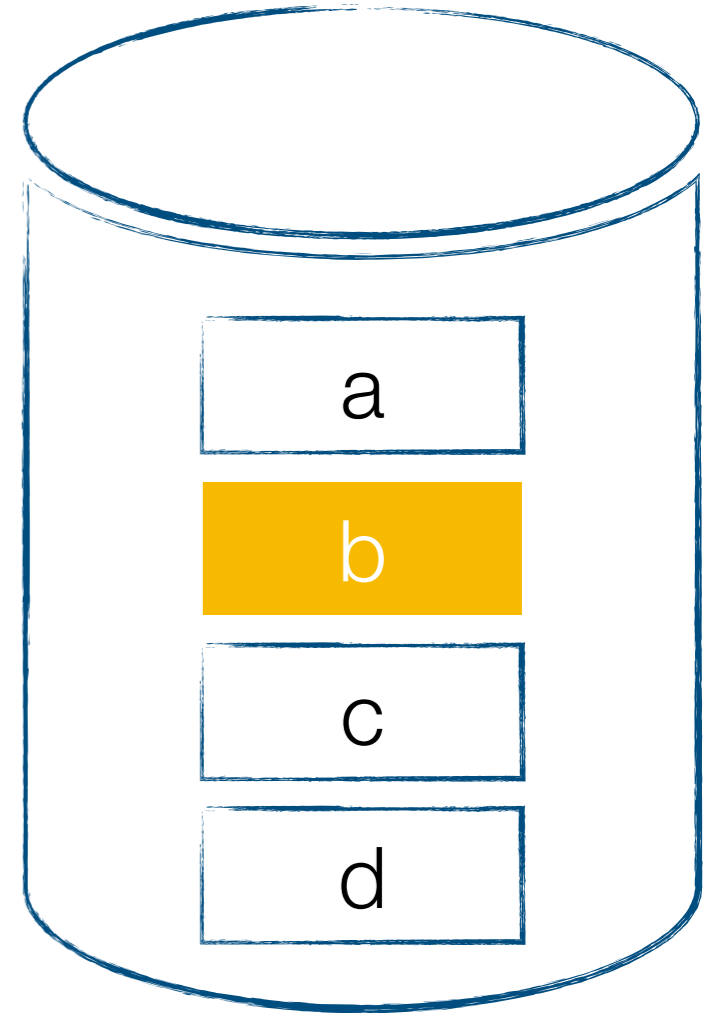


r<sub>1</sub>(a)  
w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Worker  
Thread #2



w<sub>4</sub>(b)  
r<sub>4</sub>(d)



Committed Transactions

w<sub>3</sub>(b) w<sub>2</sub>(b)  
r<sub>3</sub>(c) r<sub>2</sub>(a)

2PL - NoWait

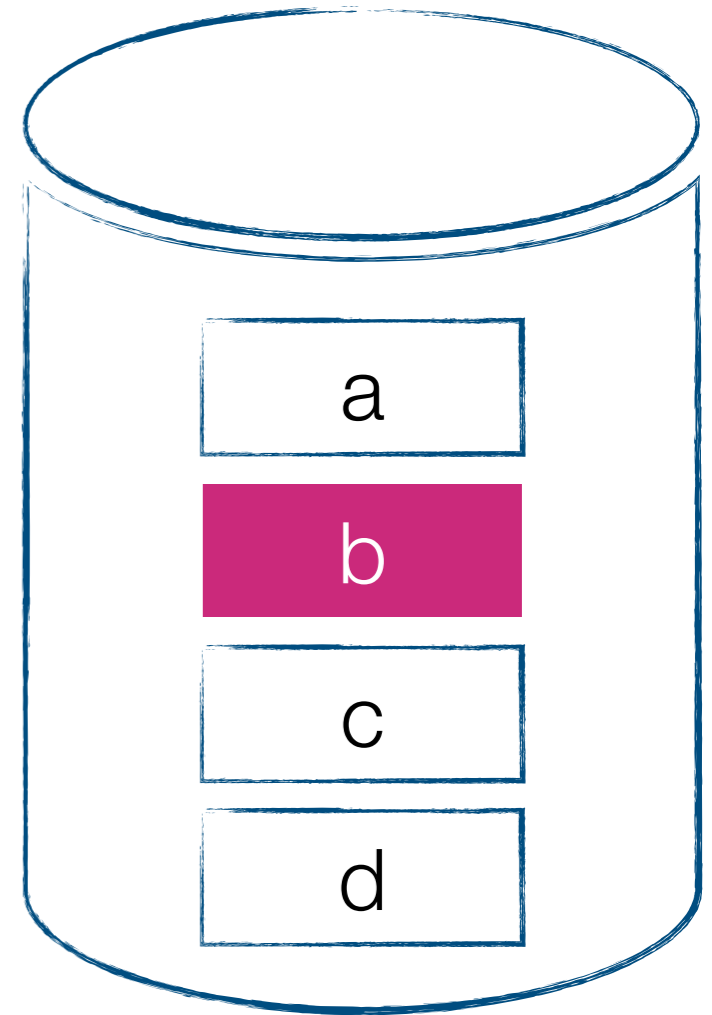
Abort Count: 5

Client Transactions

Worker Thread #1

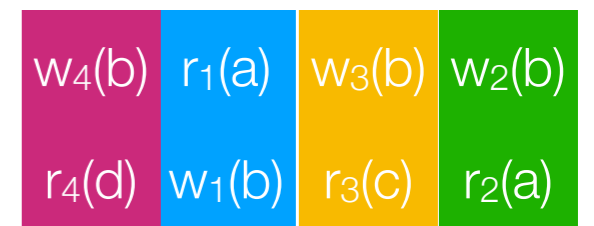


Worker Thread #2



- Eventually transactions commit in some serial order!
- Many aborts due to high contention on record b
- Non-determinism in CC cause these aborts
- Wasted work

Committed Transactions



# Key Insights

- Many aborts due to high contention
- Non-determinism in CC cause these aborts
- Can we do better?
- Is it possible to eliminate non-deterministic concurrency control from transaction execution?

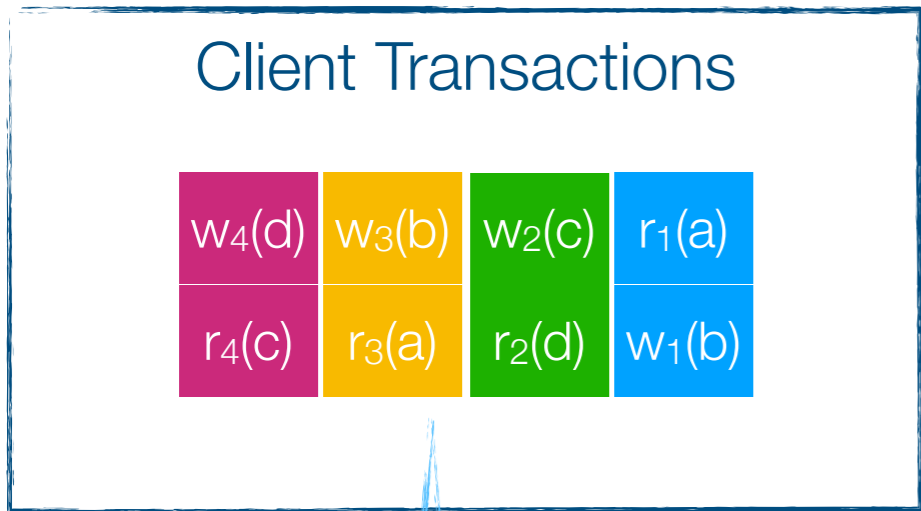


# Deterministic Transaction Execution

- H-Store [Kallman et al. '08]
- Designed and optimized for horizontal scalability, multi-core hardware and in-memory databases
- Stored procedure transaction model
- Static partitioning of database
- Assigns a single core to each partition
- Execute transaction serially without concurrency control within each partition

H-Store

Abort Count: 0



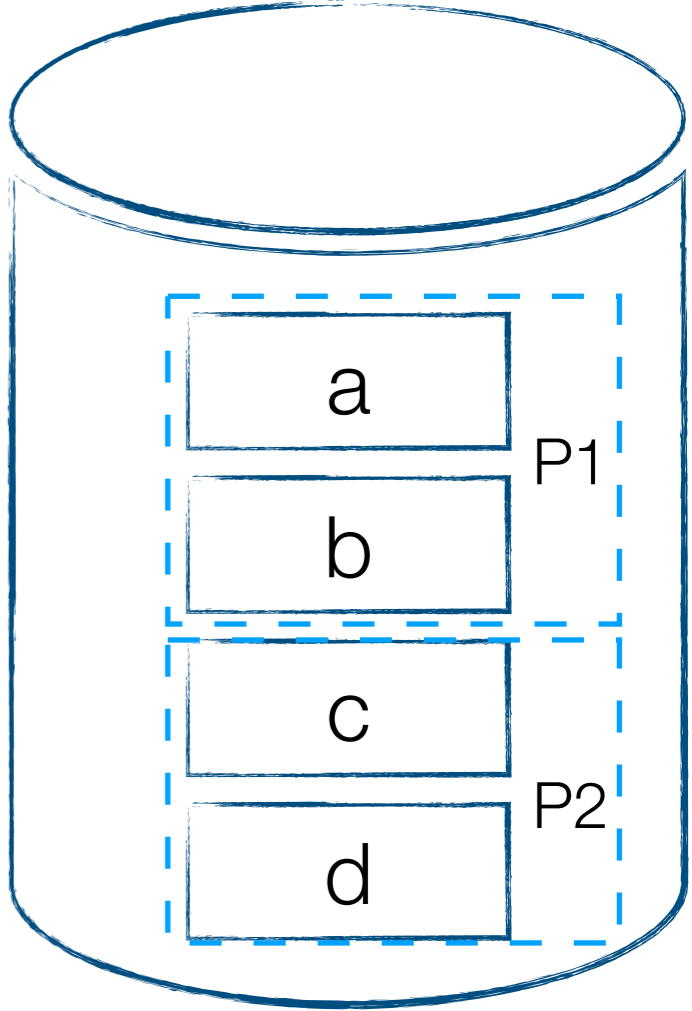
Single-partition transactions

Worker Thread #1 ⚡

P1 is assigned to Worker Thread #1

Worker Thread #2 ⚡

P2 is assigned to Worker Thread #2



H-Store

Abort Count: 0

Client Transactions

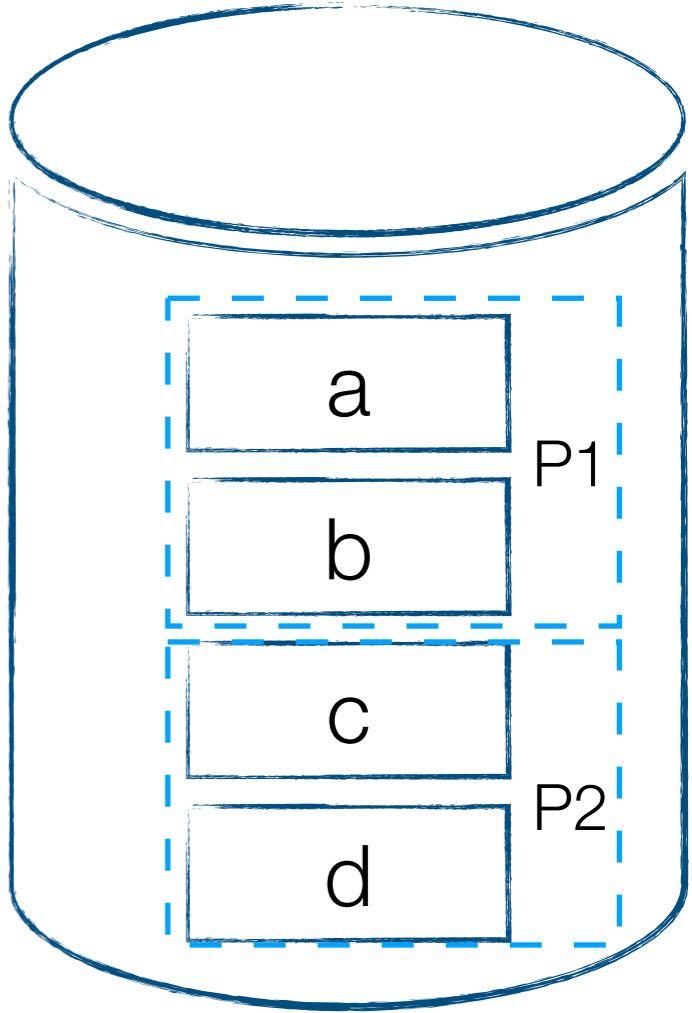
w <sub>4</sub> (d)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)
r <sub>4</sub> (c)	r <sub>3</sub> (a)

Worker Thread #1 ⚡ 

r <sub>1</sub> (a)
w <sub>1</sub> (b)

Worker Thread #2 ⚡ 

w <sub>2</sub> (c)
r <sub>2</sub> (d)



Committed Transactions

H-Store

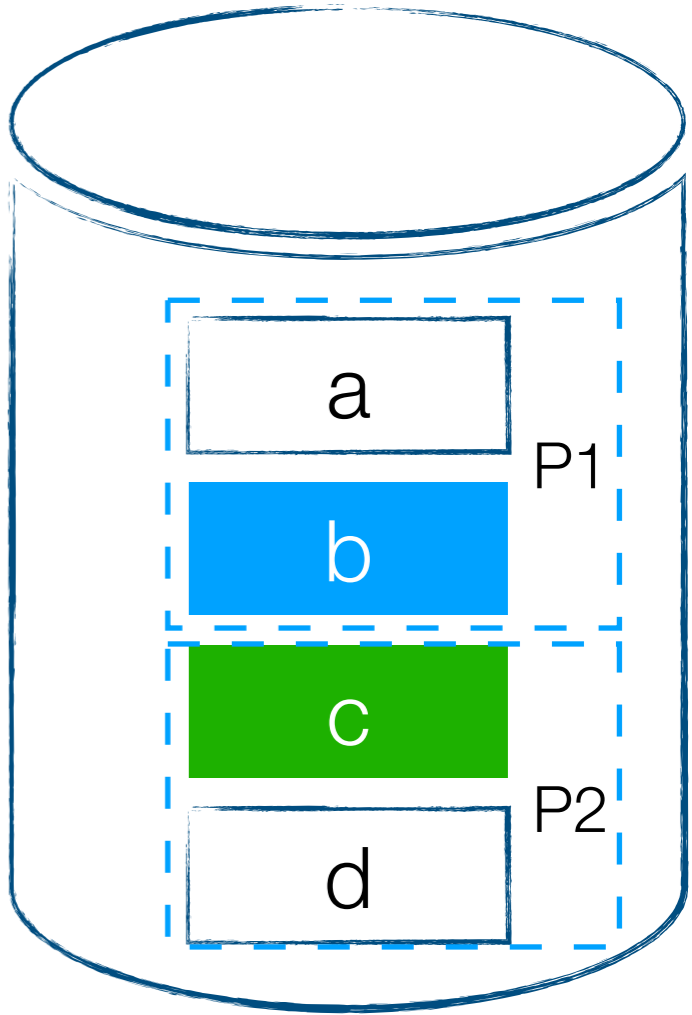
Abort Count: 0

Worker Thread #1 ⚡

Worker Thread #2 ⚡

Client Transactions

w <sub>4</sub> (d)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)
r <sub>4</sub> (c)	r <sub>3</sub> (a)



Committed Transactions

w <sub>2</sub> (c)	r <sub>1</sub> (a)
r <sub>2</sub> (d)	w <sub>1</sub> (b)

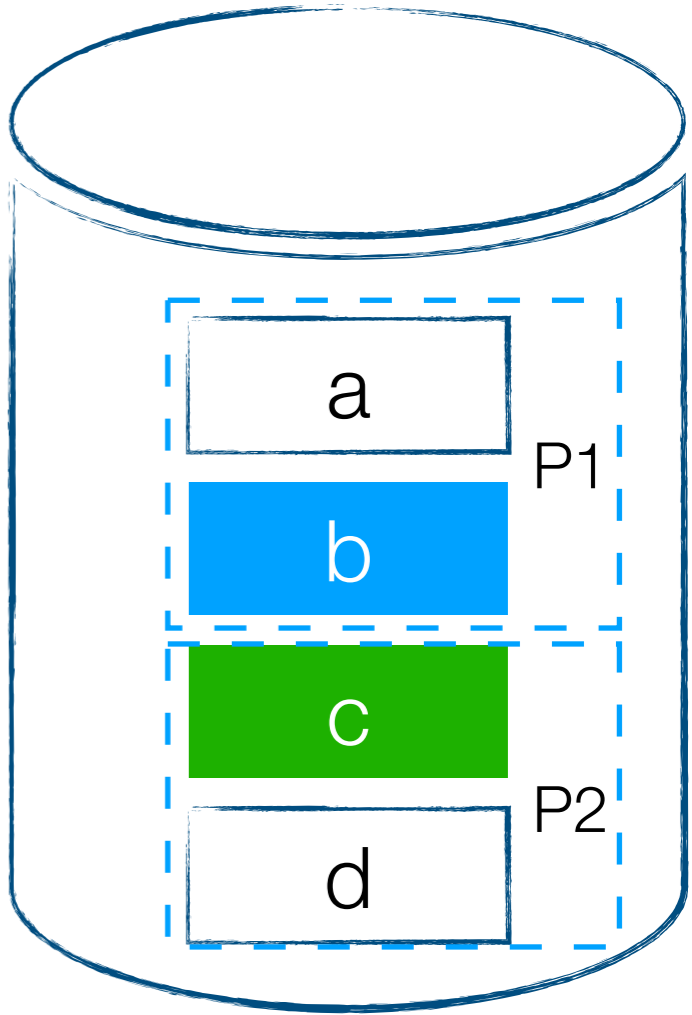
H-Store

Abort Count: 0

Client Transactions

Worker Thread #1 ⚡  
w<sub>3</sub>(b)  
r<sub>3</sub>(a)

Worker Thread #2 ⚡  
w<sub>4</sub>(d)  
r<sub>4</sub>(c)



Committed Transactions

w <sub>2</sub> (c)	r <sub>1</sub> (a)
r <sub>2</sub> (d)	w <sub>1</sub> (b)



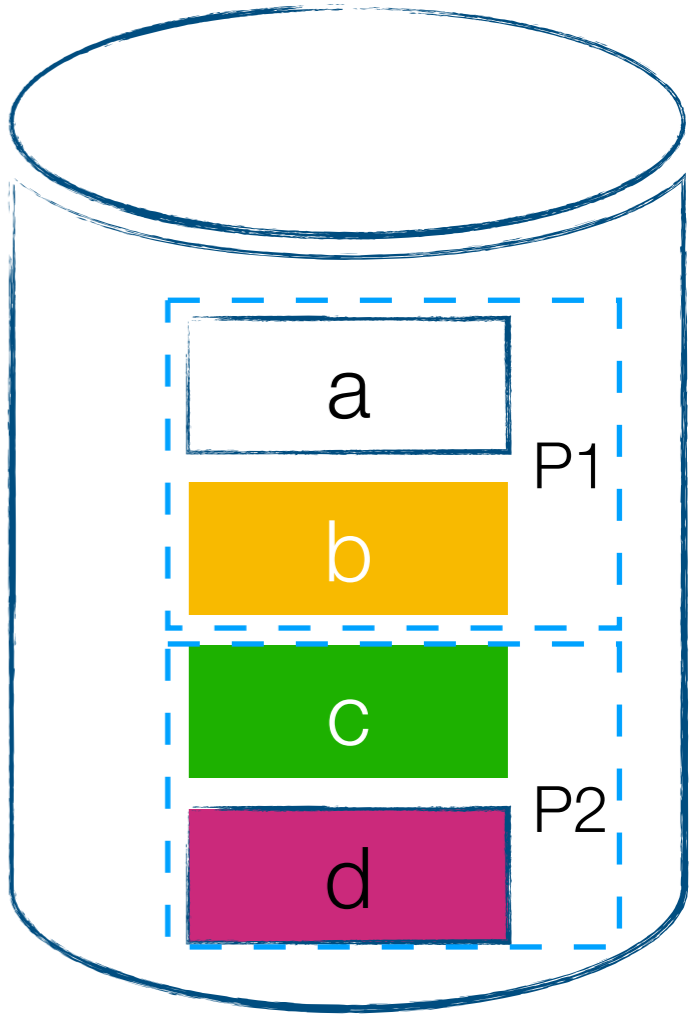
H-Store

Abort Count: 0

Client Transactions

Worker Thread #1 ⚡

Worker Thread #2 ⚡



Committed Transactions

w <sub>4</sub> (d)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)	w <sub>2</sub> (c)	r <sub>1</sub> (a)
r <sub>4</sub> (c)	r <sub>3</sub> (a)	r <sub>2</sub> (d)	w <sub>1</sub> (b)

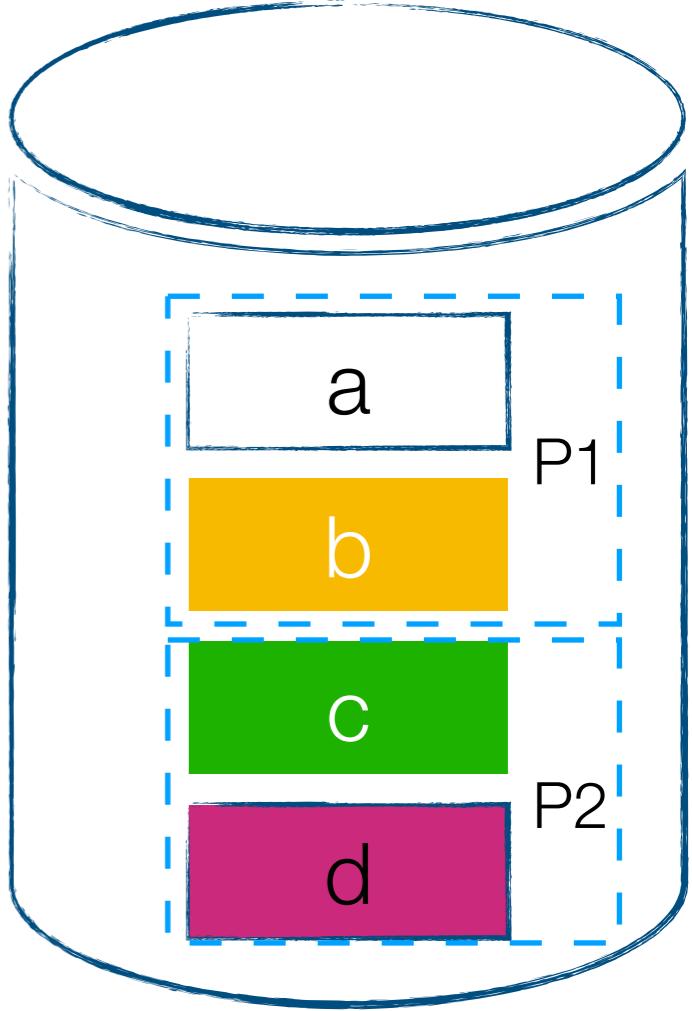
H-Store

Abort Count: 0

Worker Thread #1 ⚡

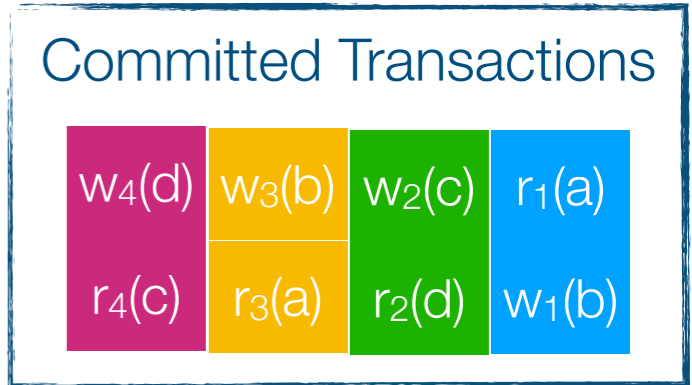
Worker Thread #2 ⚡

Client Transactions

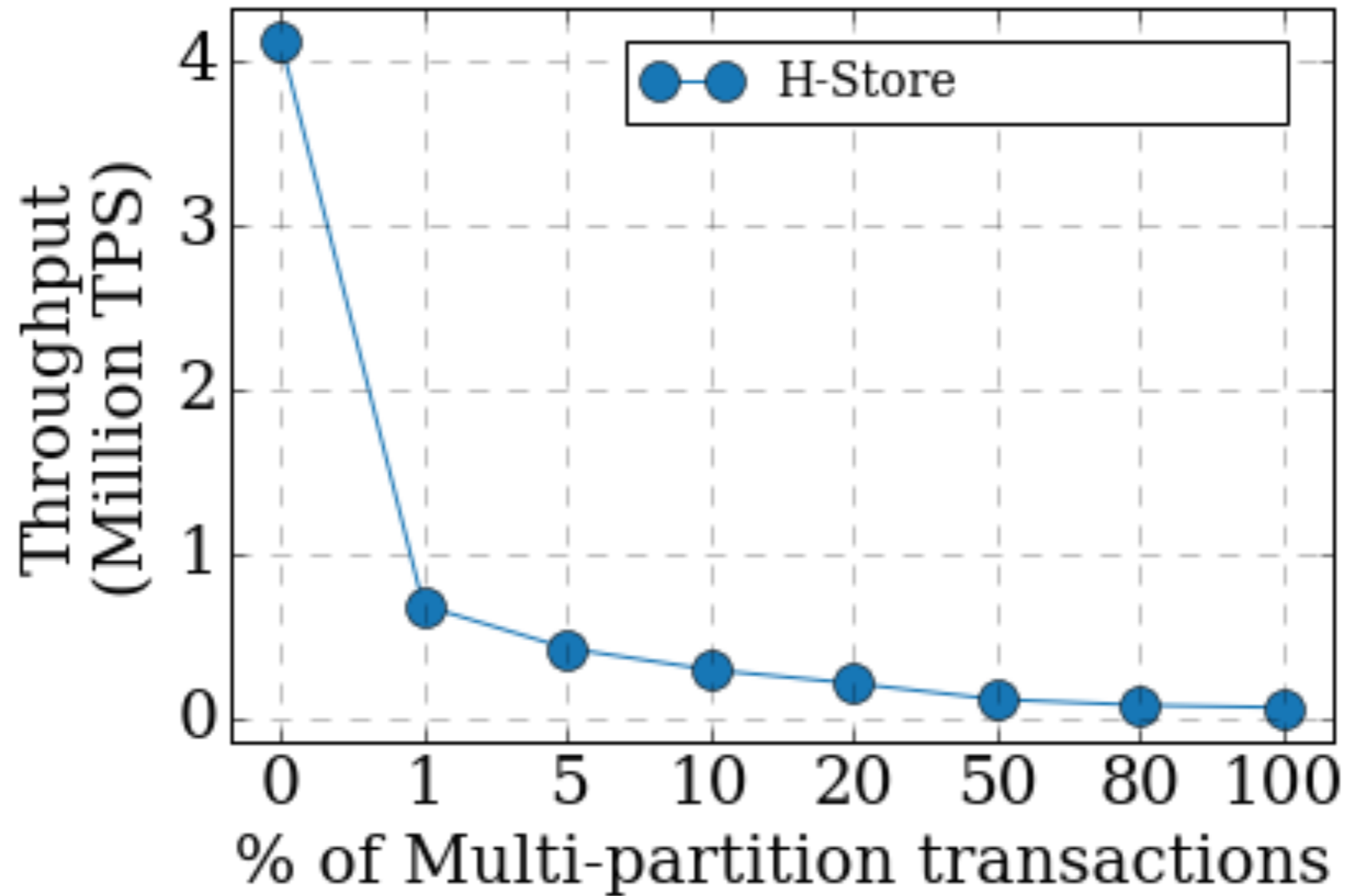


- ✓ Deterministic Execution
- ✓ No aborts because of CC
- ✓ Minimal coordination among threads

⦿ Performs well only when transactions are single-partitioned



# Effect of Increasing Percentage of Multi-Partition Transactions in the Workload



H-Store is sensitive to the percentage of multi-partition transactions in the workload

# Can We Do Better?

Our motivations are

- Efficiently exploits **multi-core and large main-memory systems**
- Provide **serializable** multi-statement transactions for key-value stores
- Scales well under **high-contention** workloads

Desired Properties

- Concurrent execution over shared data
- Not limited to partitionable workloads
- Without any concurrency controls



*Is it possible to have concurrent execution over shared data without having any concurrency controls?*

# Introducing: QueCC

## Queue-Oriented, Control-Free, Concurrency Architecture

*A two parallel & independent phases of priority-driven planning & execution*

**Phase 1:** Deterministic priority-based planning of transaction operations in parallel

- ➔ *Plans take the form of **Prioritized Execution Queues***
- ➔ Execution Queues inherits predetermined priority of its planner
- ➔ Results in a deterministic plan of execution

**Phase 2:** Priority driven execution of plans in parallel

- ➔ Satisfies the **Execution Priority Invariance**

*“For each record (or a queue), operations that belong to higher priority queues (created by a higher priority planner) must always be executed before executing any lower priority operations.”*

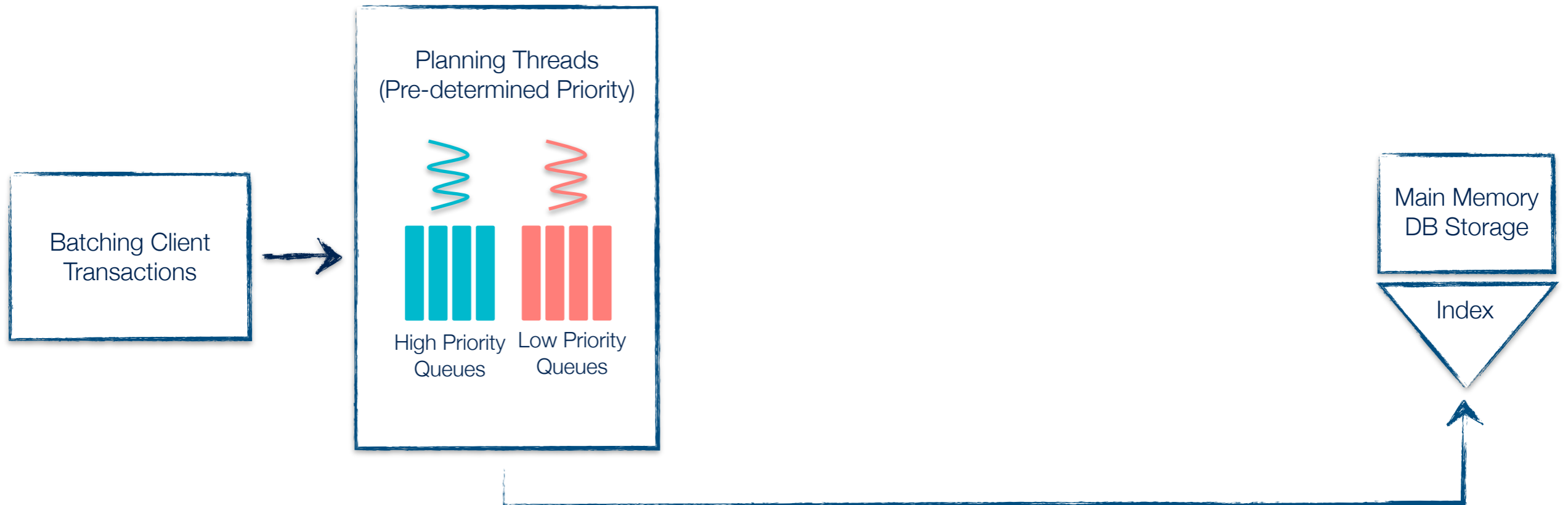
# QueCC Architecture

Priority-based Parallel Planning Phase

Batching Client  
Transactions

# QueCC Architecture

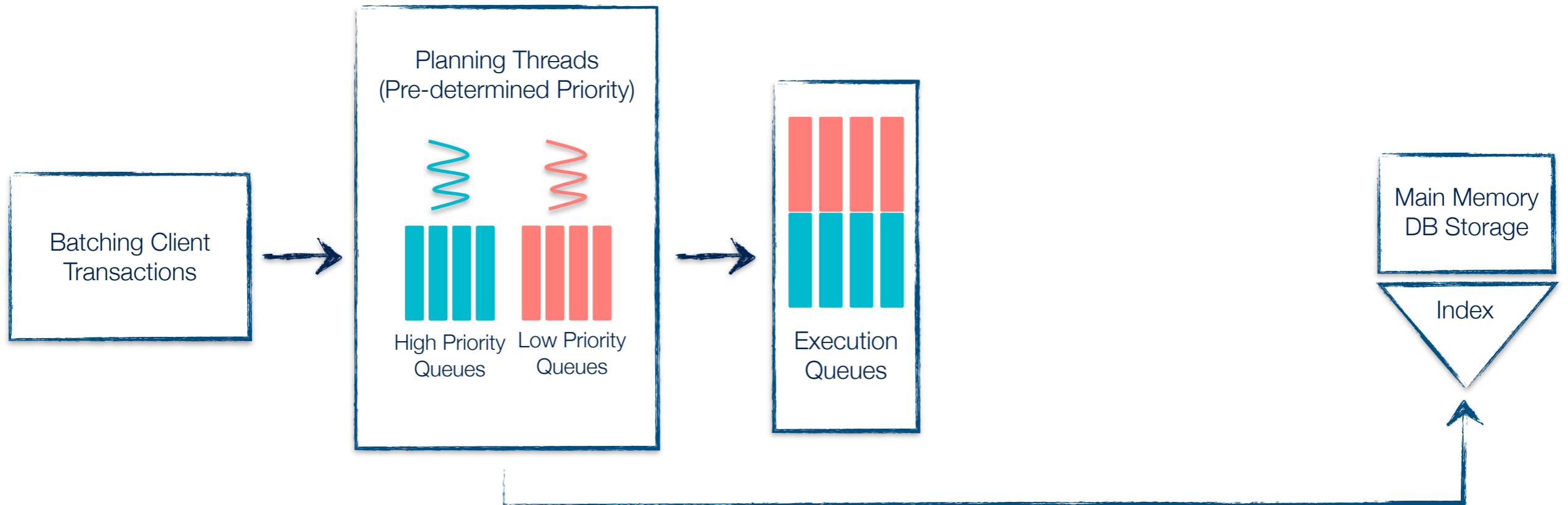
Priority-based Parallel Planning Phase





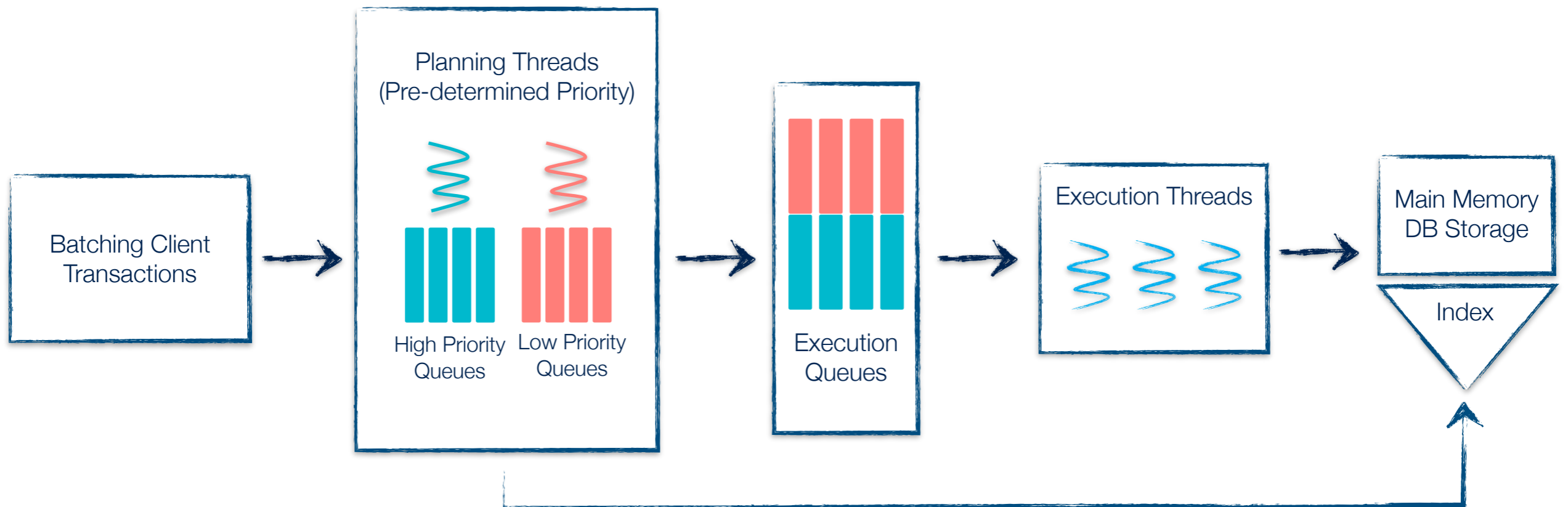
# QueCC Architecture

Priority-based Parallel Planning Phase



# QueCC Architecture

Queue-oriented Parallel Execution Phase



QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Planning Thread #2



Client Transactions

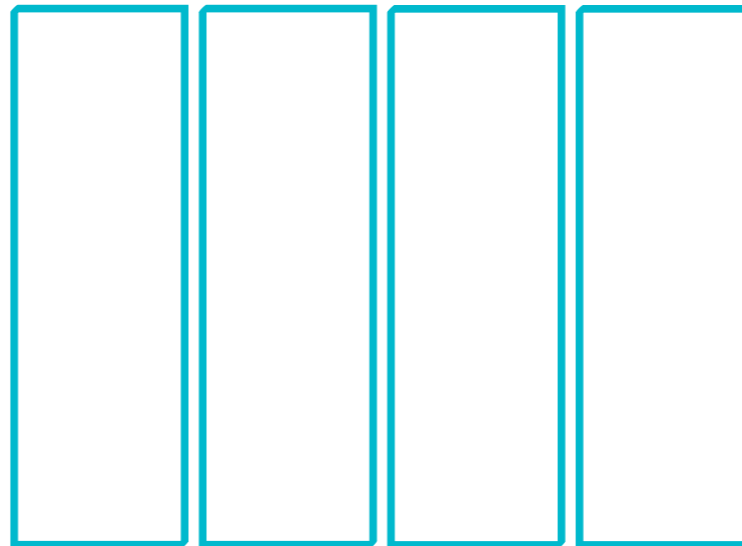
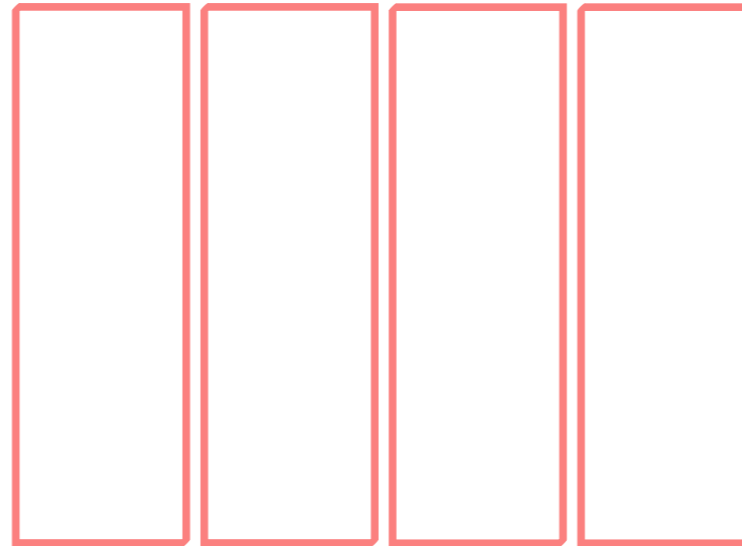
w <sub>4</sub> (b)	w <sub>3</sub> (b)	w <sub>2</sub> (b)	r <sub>1</sub> (a)
r <sub>4</sub> (d)	r <sub>3</sub> (c)	r <sub>2</sub> (a)	w <sub>1</sub> (b)

Planning Thread #1

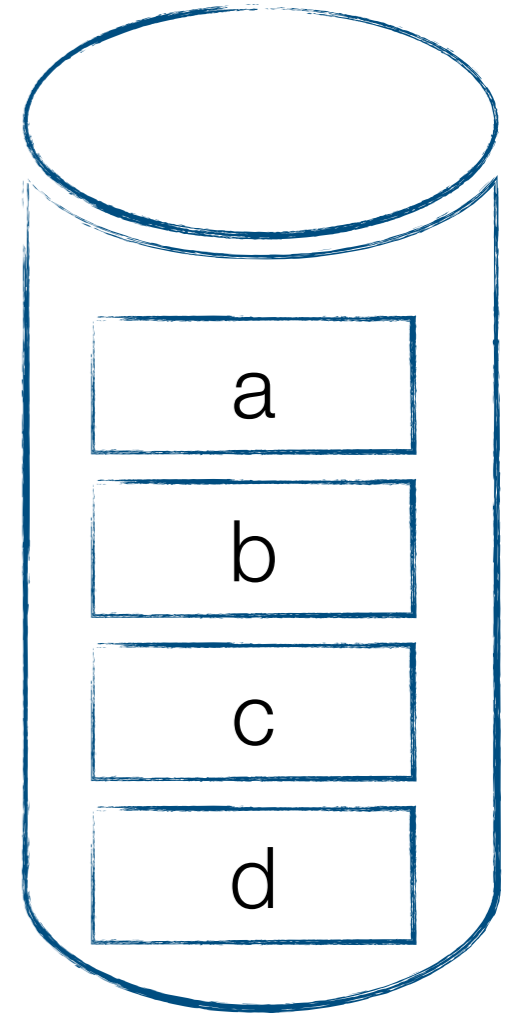


Priority Groups

Low-priority Queues



High-priority Queues



Committed Transactions

QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Planning Thread #2



w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

Planning Thread #1

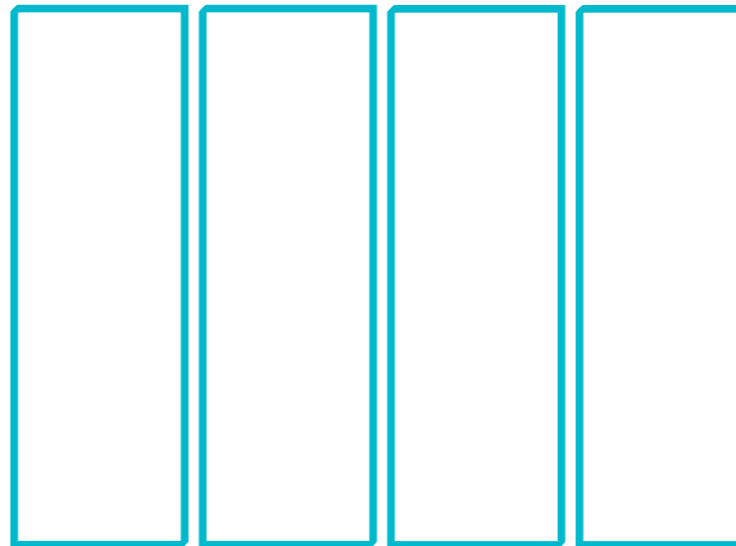
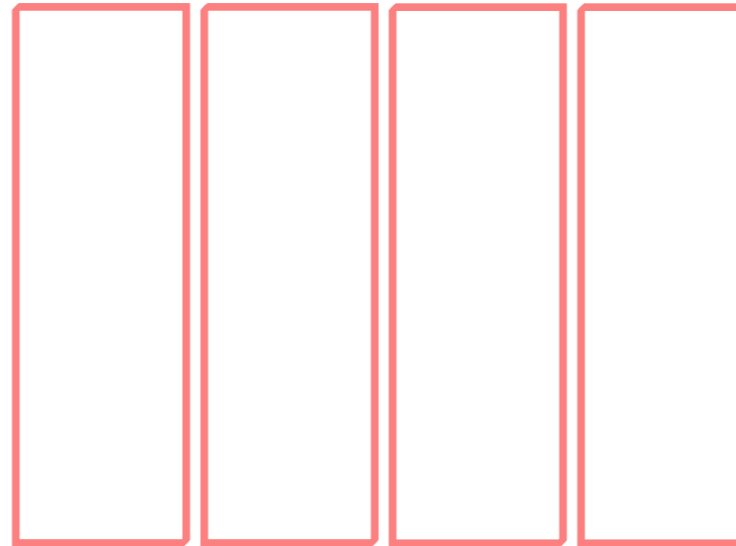


r<sub>1</sub>(a)

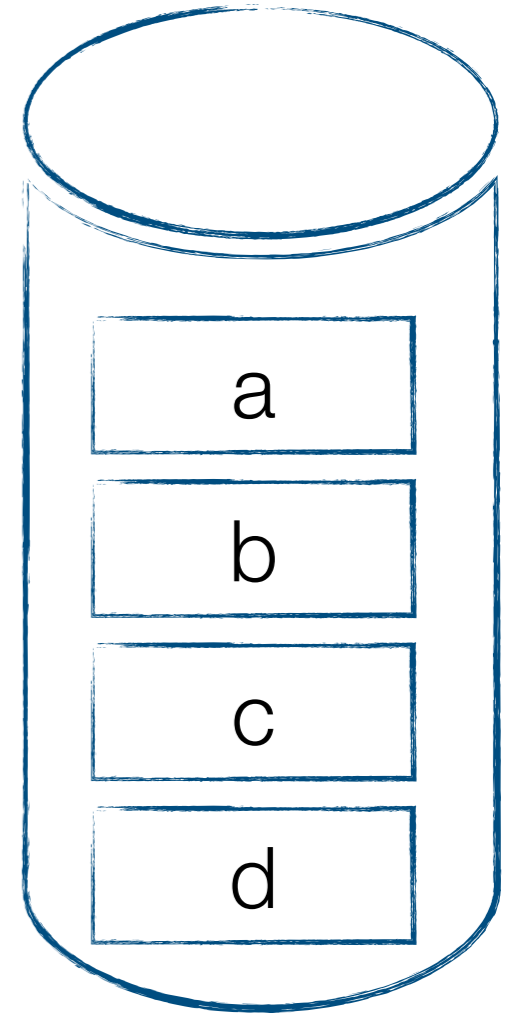
w<sub>1</sub>(b)

Priority Groups

Low-priority Queues



High-priority Queues



Committed Transactions

QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Planning Thread #2



Client Transactions

w<sub>4</sub>(b)

w<sub>2</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

r<sub>2</sub>(a)

Planning Thread #1



Priority Groups

Low-priority Queues

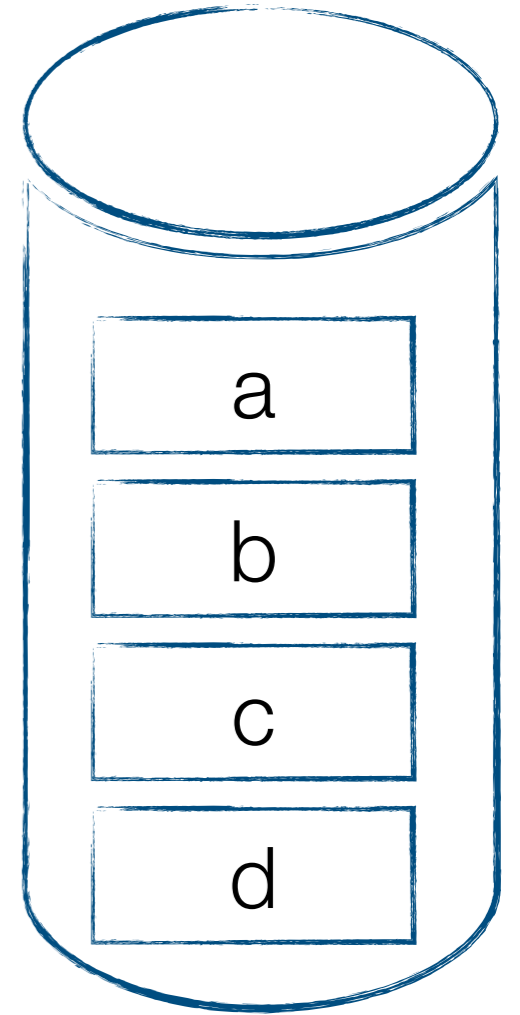
w<sub>3</sub>(b)

r<sub>3</sub>(c)

r<sub>1</sub>(a)

w<sub>1</sub>(b)

High-priority Queues



Committed Transactions

QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Planning Thread #2



w<sub>4</sub>(b)

r<sub>4</sub>(d)

Client Transactions

Planning Thread #1

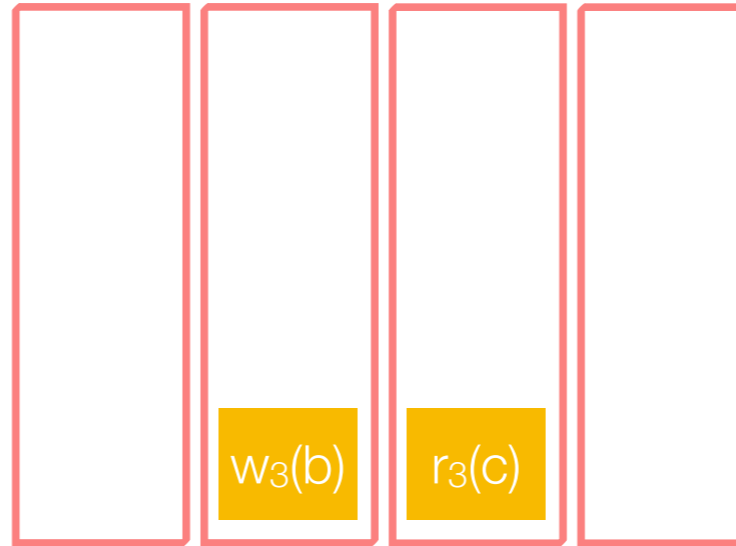


w<sub>2</sub>(b)

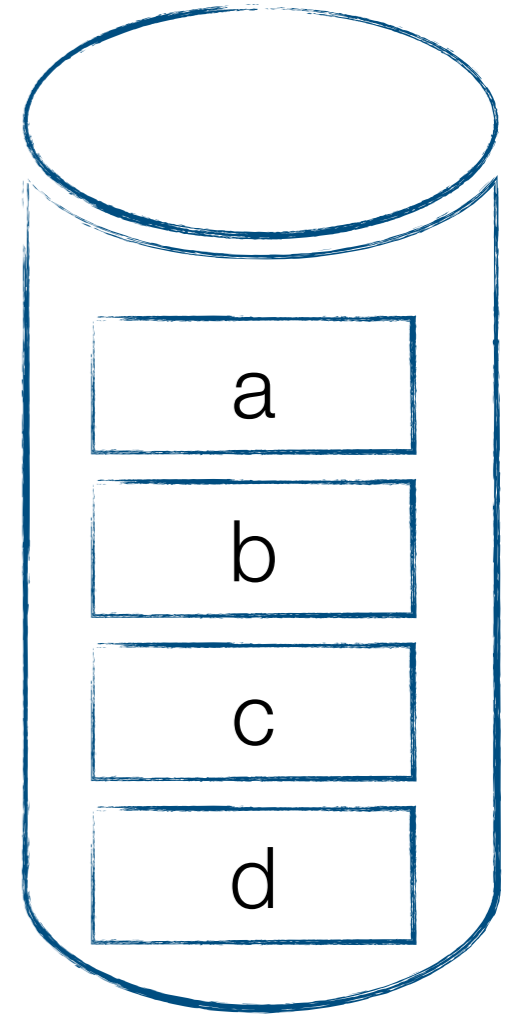
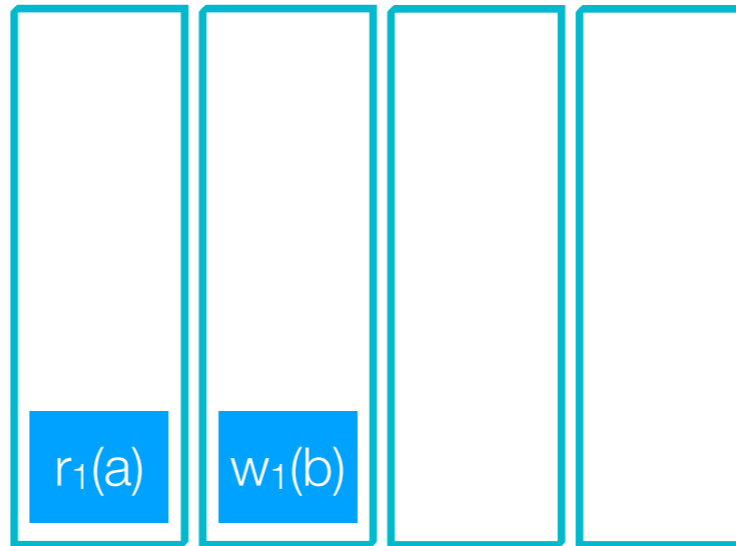
r<sub>2</sub>(a)

Priority Groups

Low-priority Queues



High-priority Queues



Committed Transactions

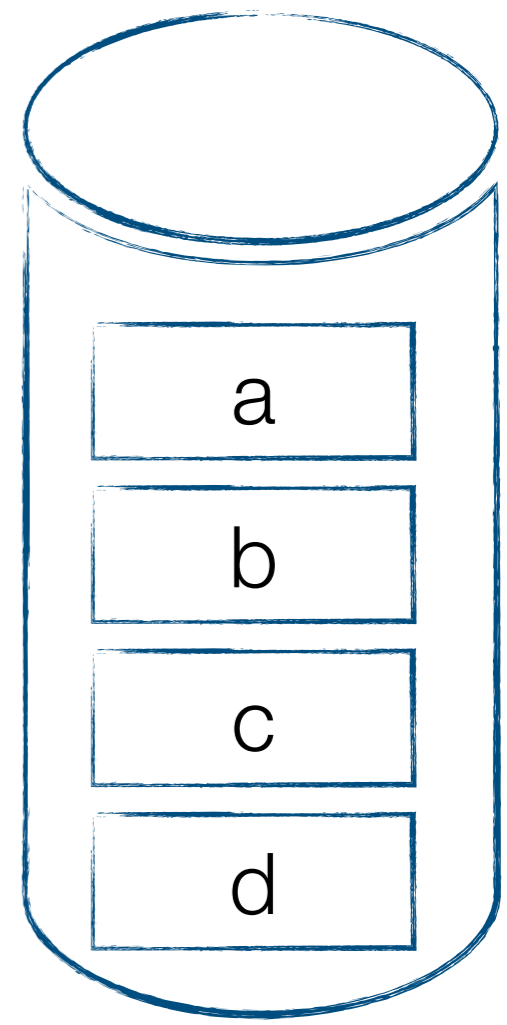
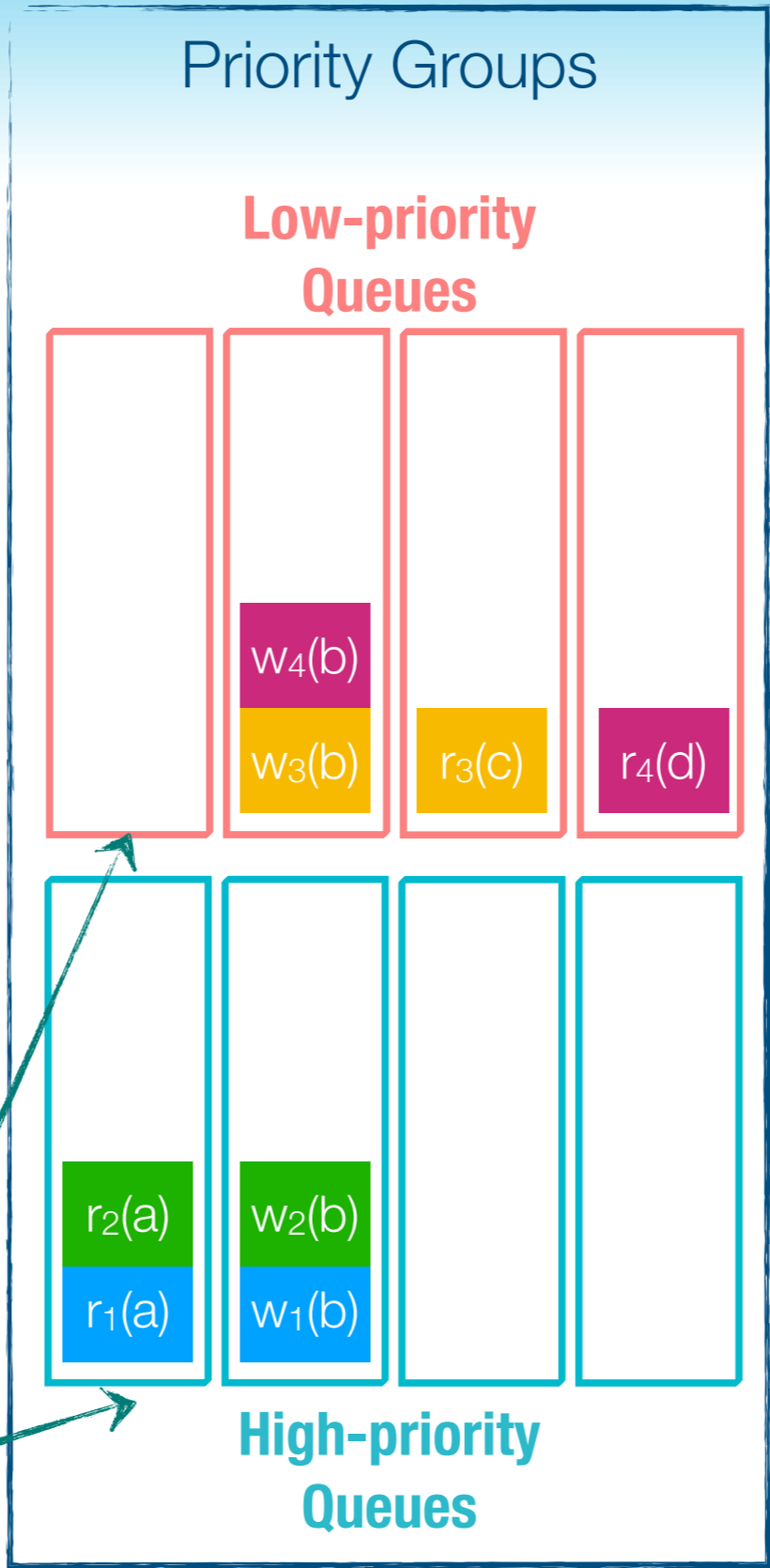
QueCC Abort Count: 0

Planning Thread #2 ⚡

Client Transactions

Planning Thread #1 ⚡

Prioritized Execution Queues



Committed Transactions

QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2



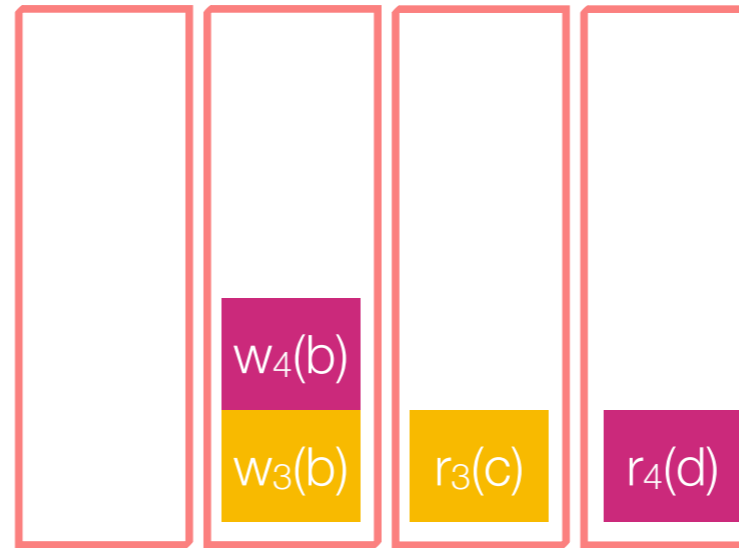
Client Transactions

Execution Thread #1

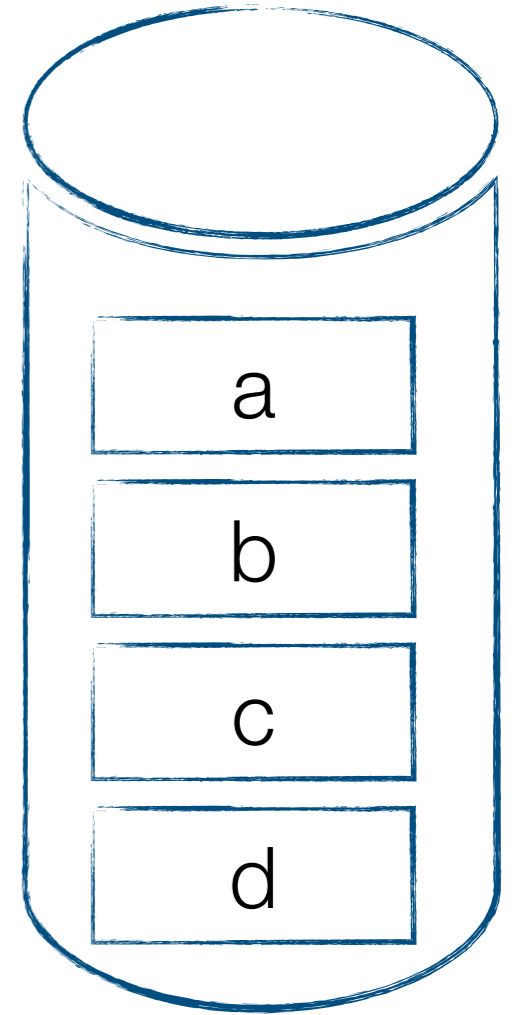
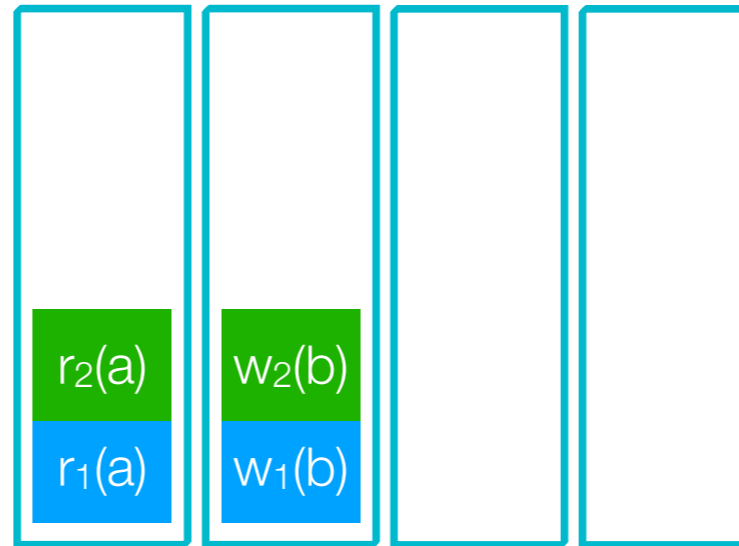


### Priority Groups

#### Low-priority Queues



#### High-priority Queues



Committed Transactions



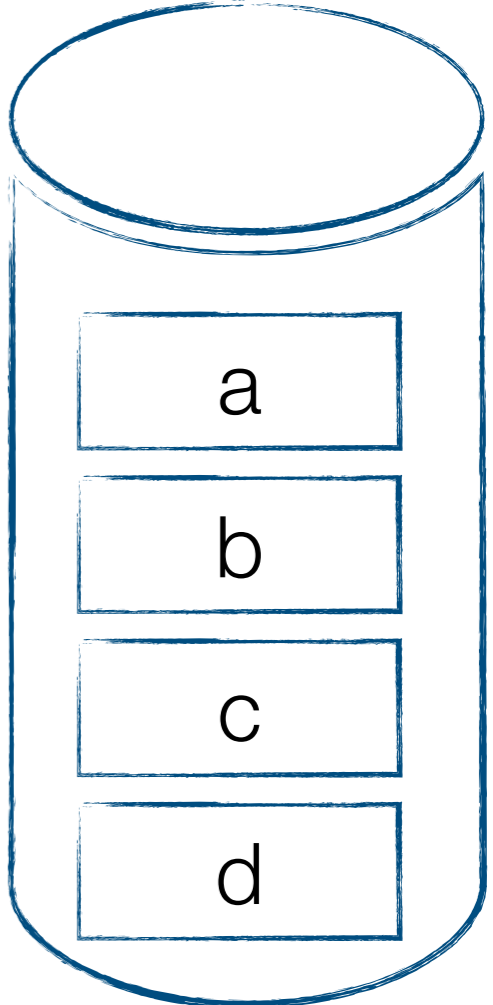
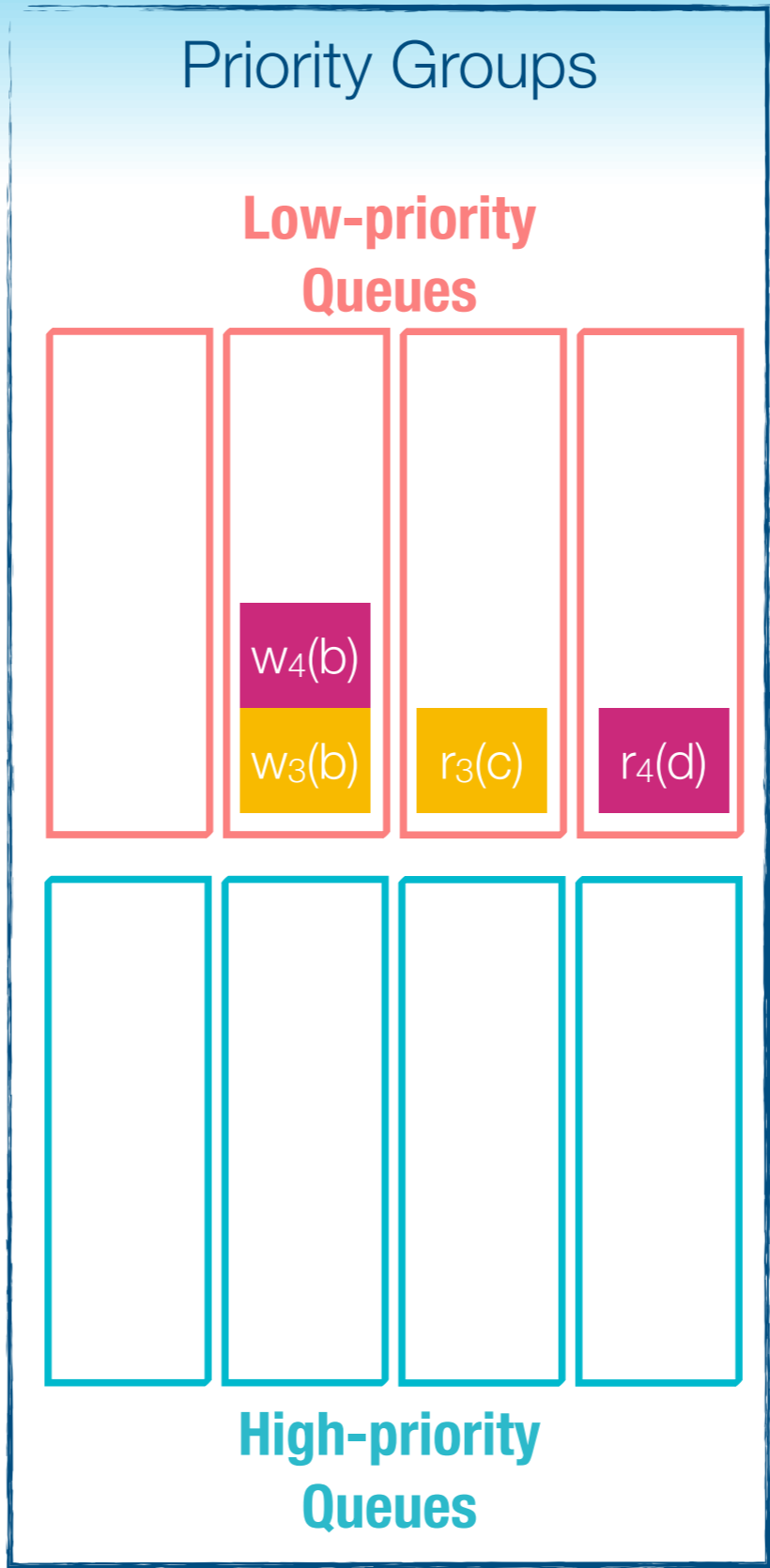
QueCC Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2   $w_2(b)$   
 $w_1(b)$

Client Transactions

Execution Thread #1   $r_2(a)$   
 $r_1(a)$

Execution Priority Invariance



Committed Transactions

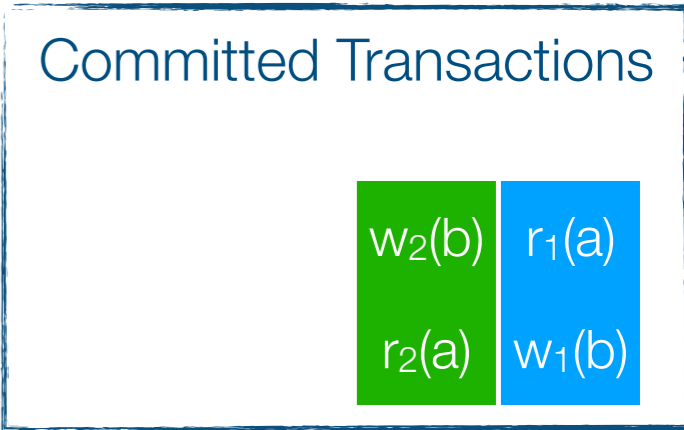
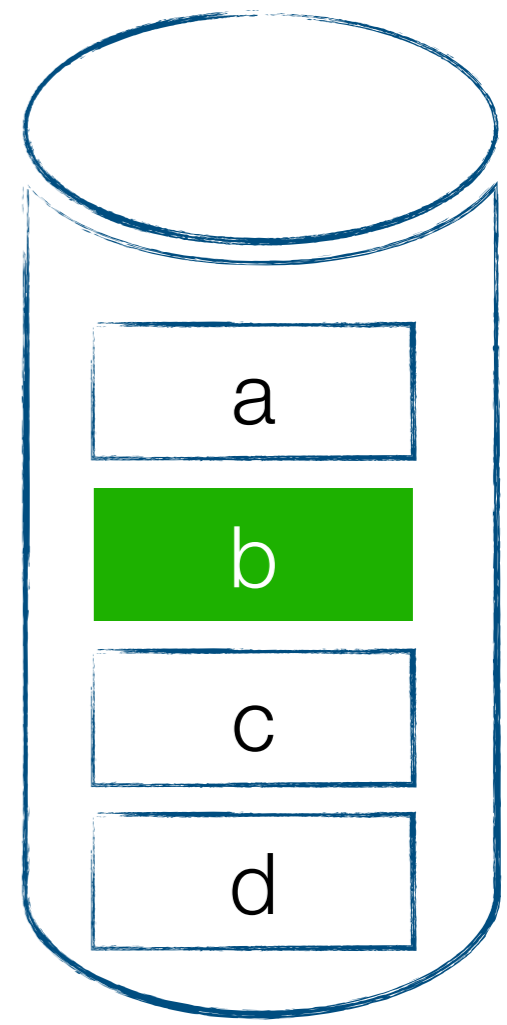
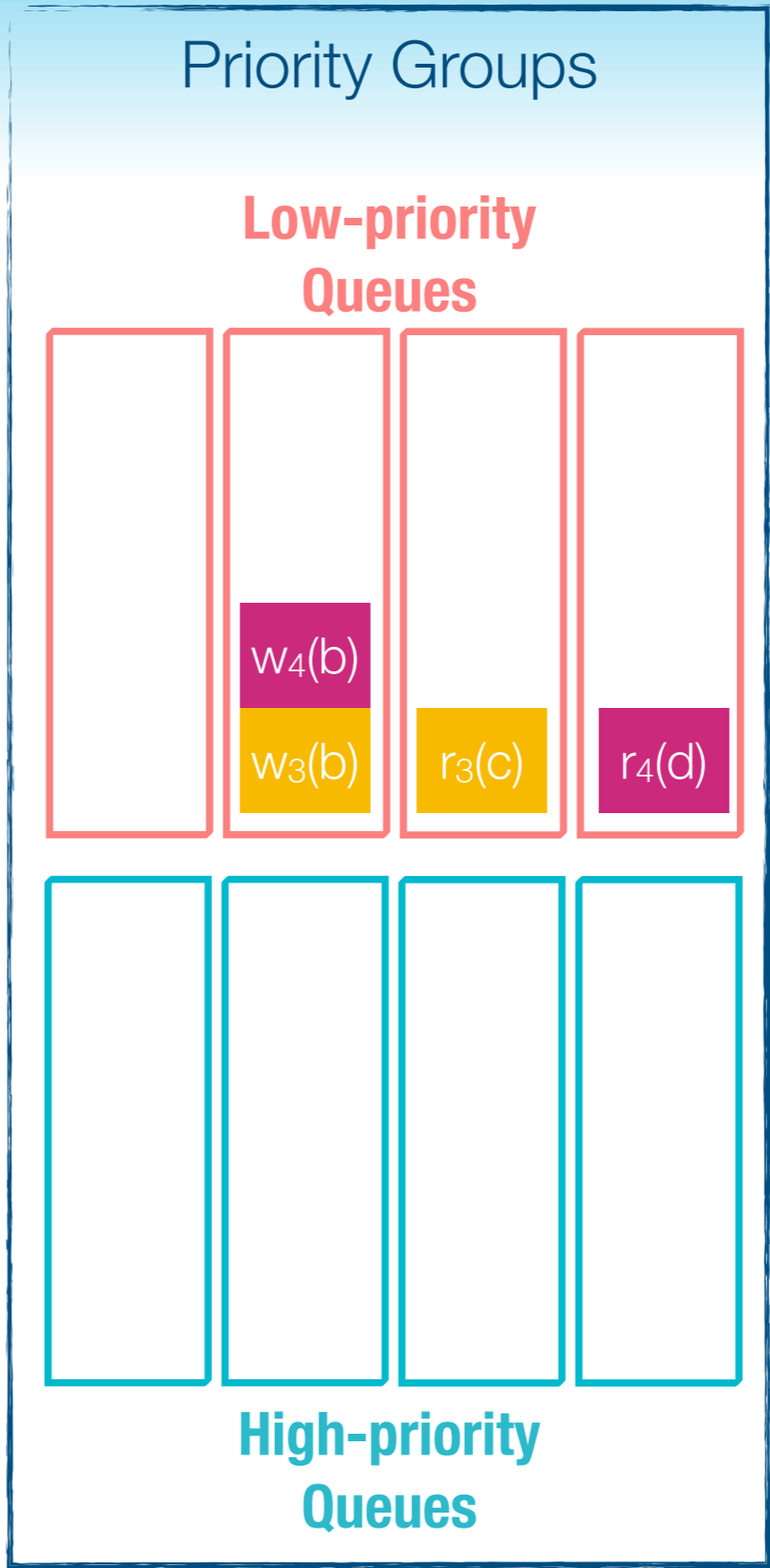
QueCC Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2 ⚡

Client Transactions

Execution Thread #1 ⚡

Execution Priority Invariance



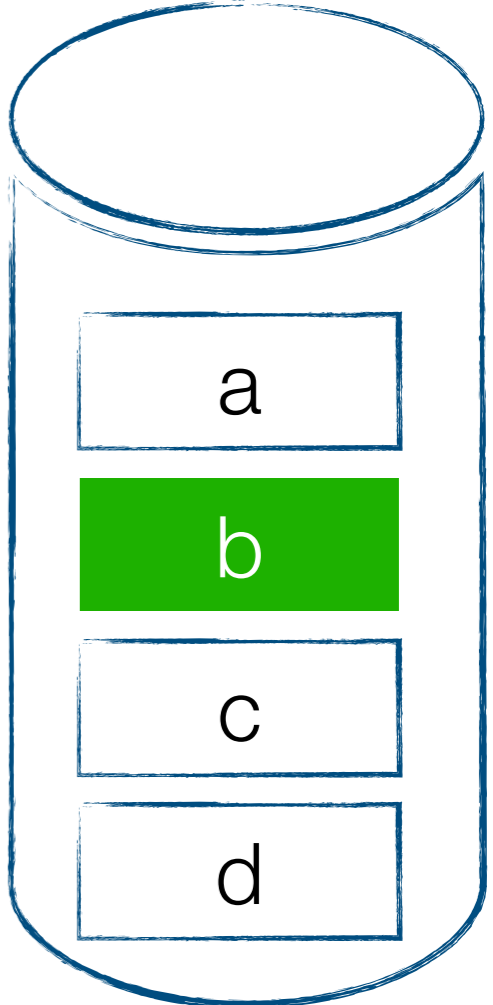
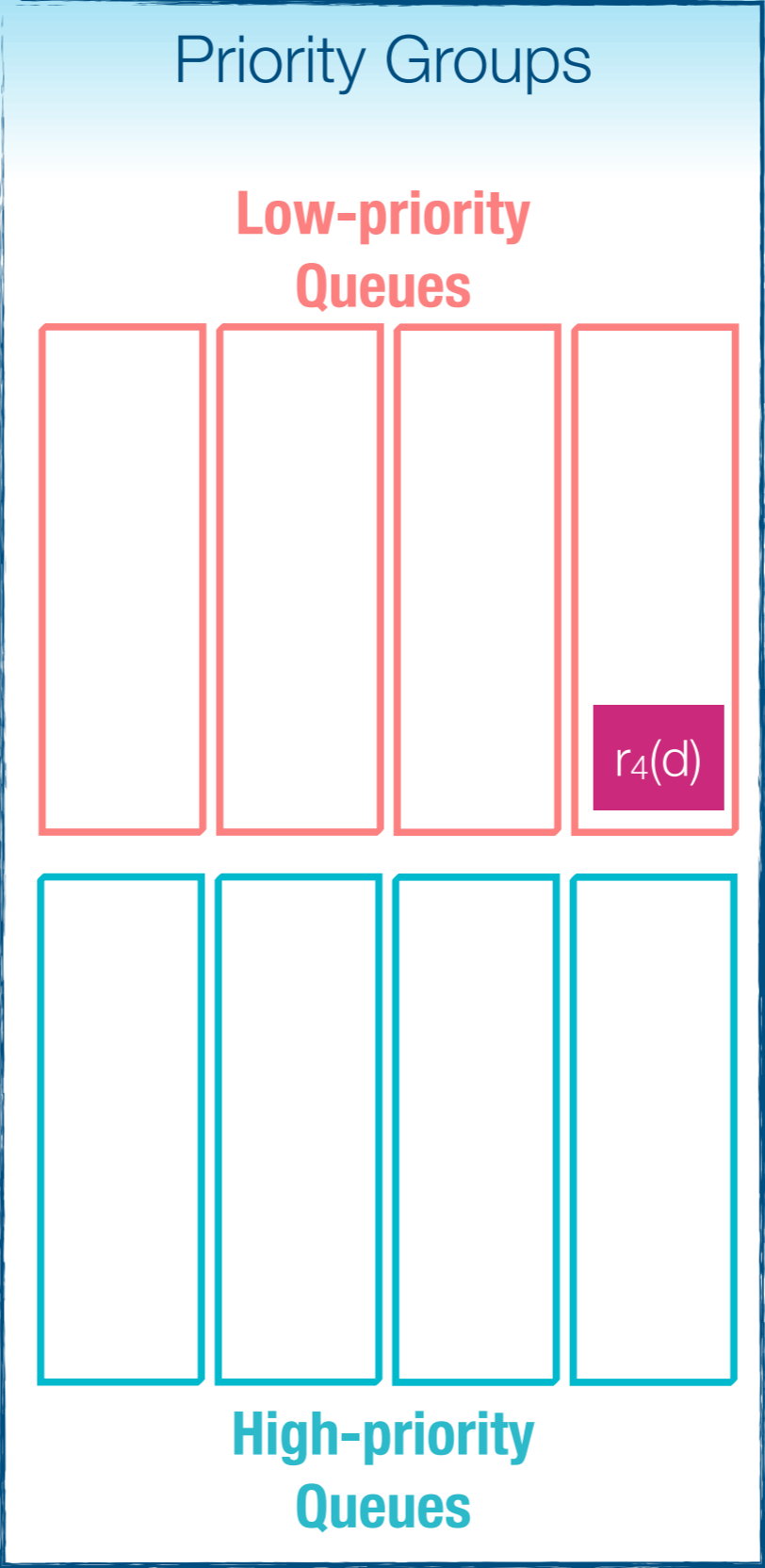
QueCC Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2 ⚡  $w_4(b)$   
 $w_3(b)$

Client Transactions

Execution Thread #1 ⚡  $r_3(c)$

Execution Priority Invariance



Committed Transactions

$w_2(b)$	$r_1(a)$
$r_2(a)$	$w_1(b)$

QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2



w<sub>4</sub>(b)

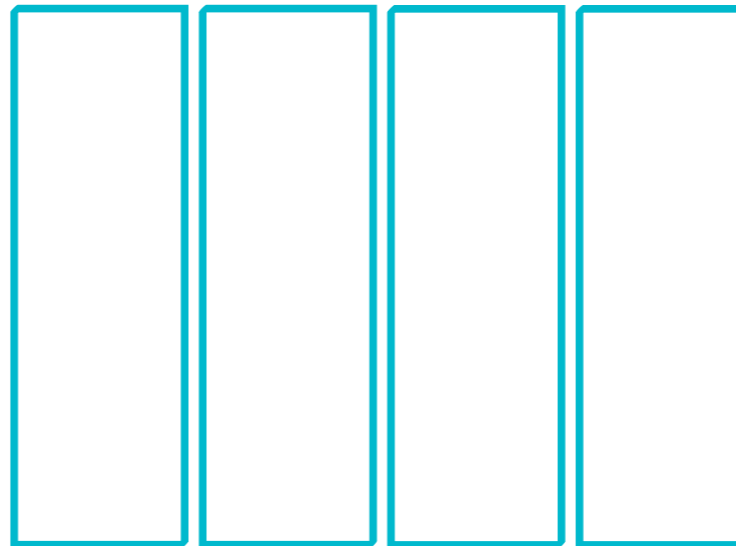
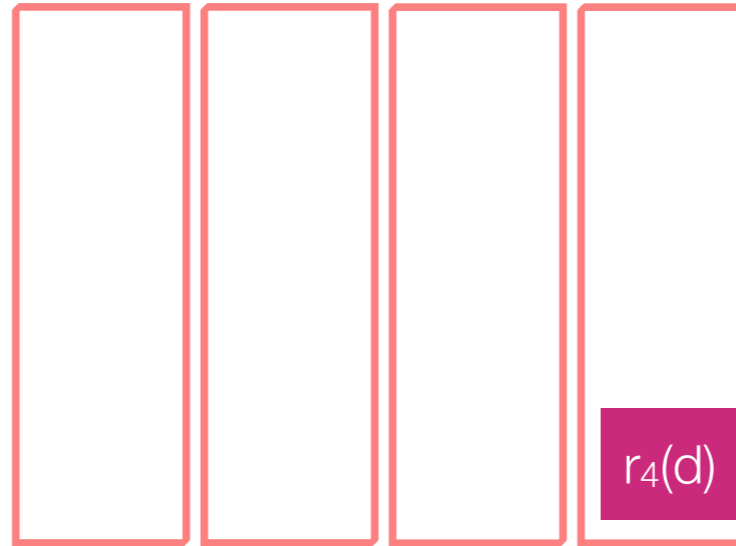
Client Transactions

Execution Thread #1

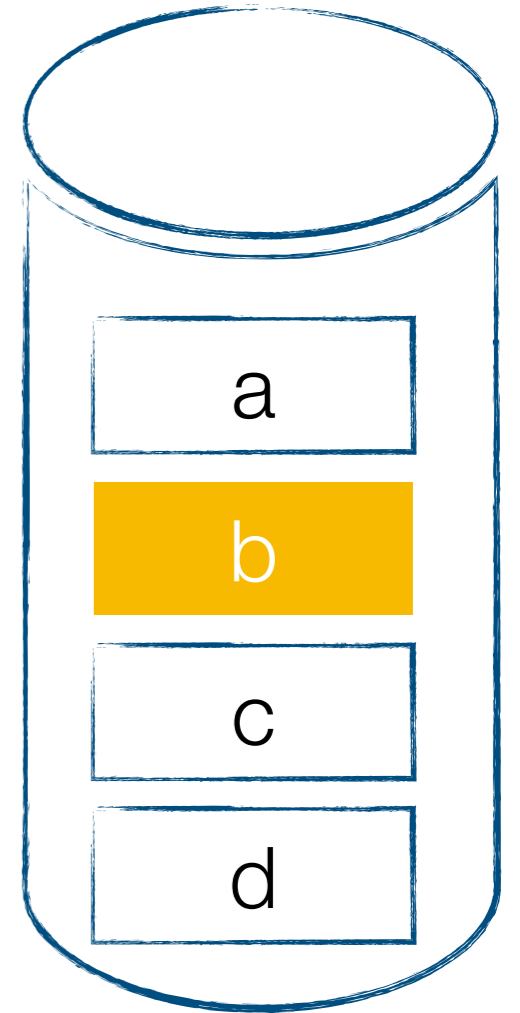


### Priority Groups

#### Low-priority Queues



#### High-priority Queues



#### Committed Transactions



QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2



w<sub>4</sub>(b)

Client Transactions

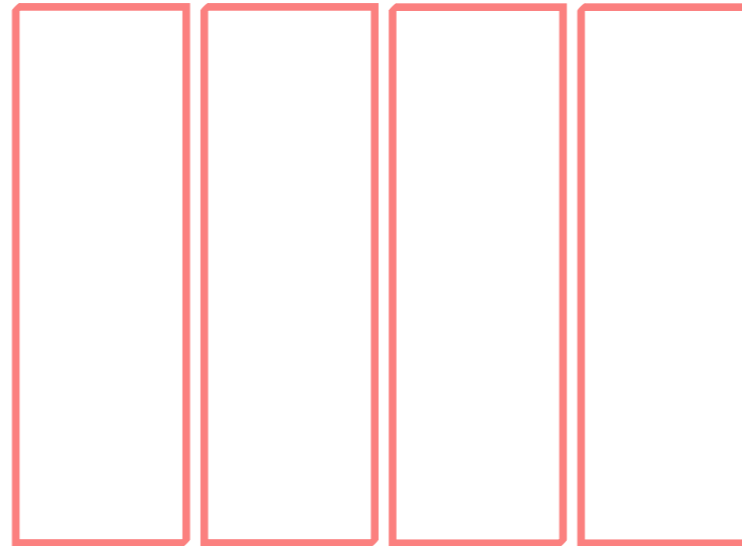
Execution Thread #1



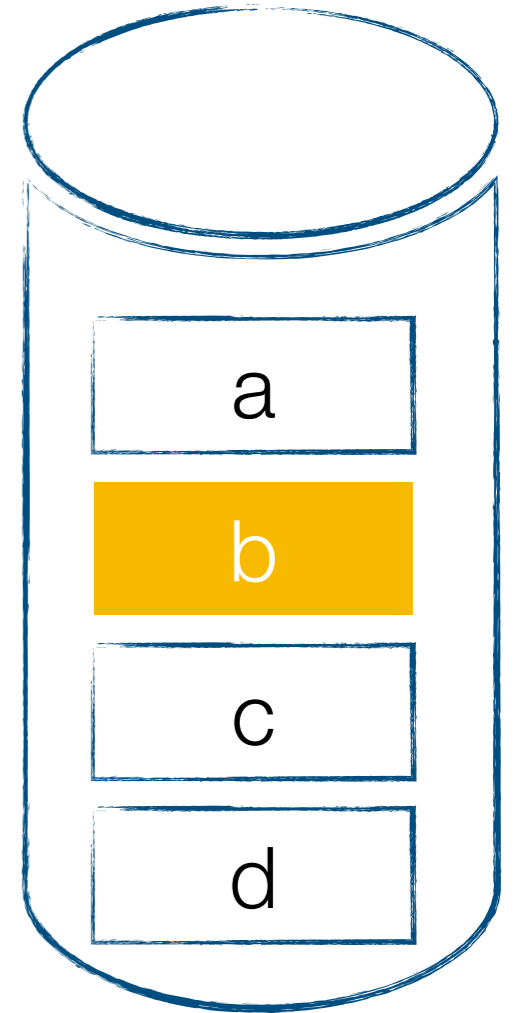
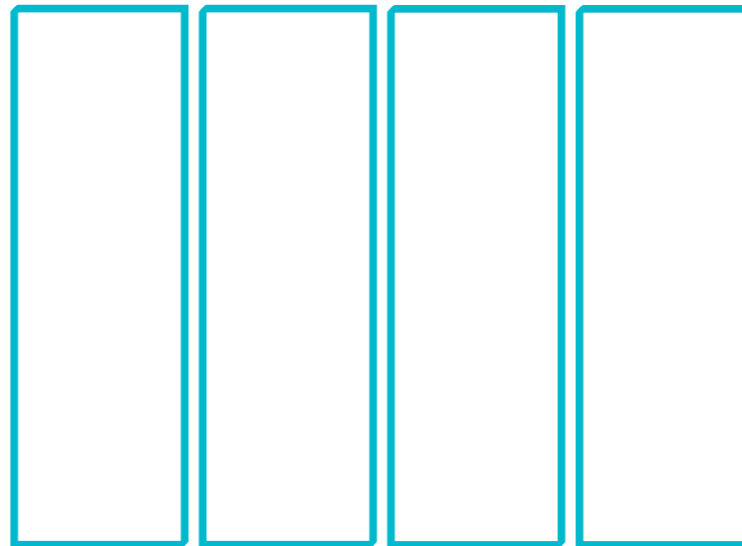
r<sub>4</sub>(d)

## Priority Groups

### Low-priority Queues



### High-priority Queues



### Committed Transactions



QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2



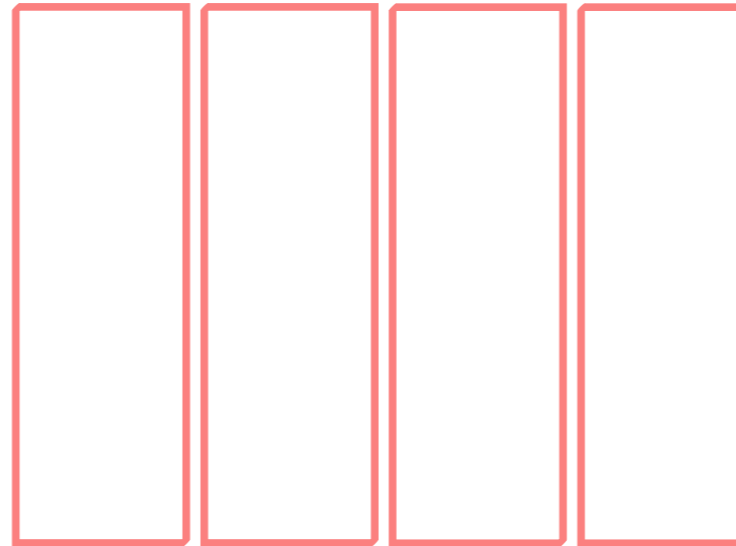
Client Transactions

Execution Thread #1

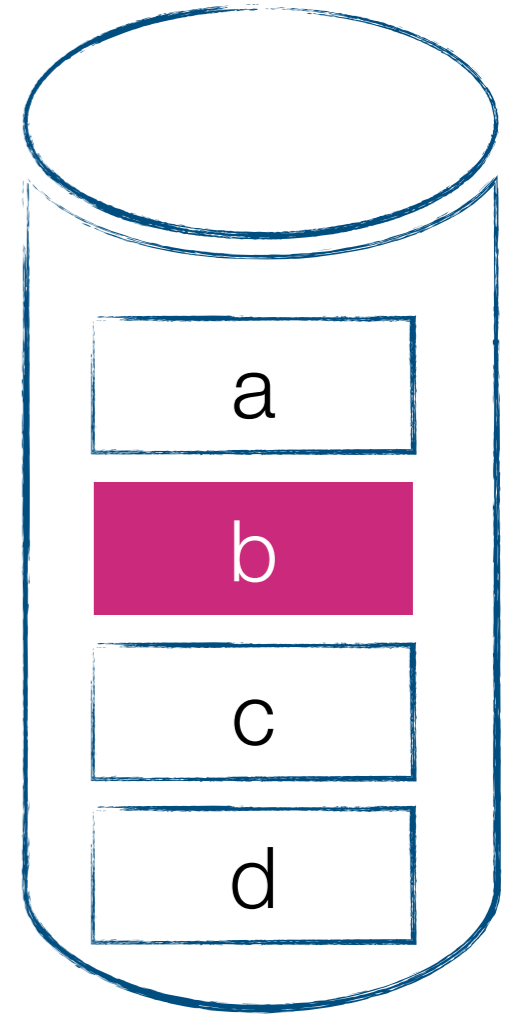
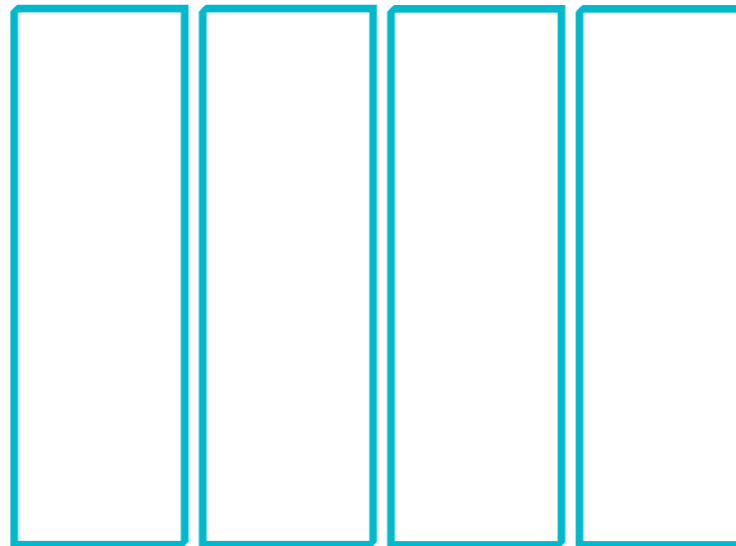


### Priority Groups

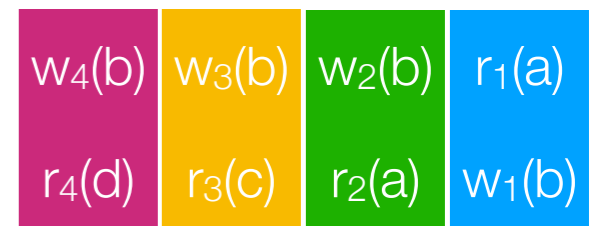
#### Low-priority Queues



#### High-priority Queues



### Committed Transactions



QueCC

Abort Count: 0

Execution Thread #2



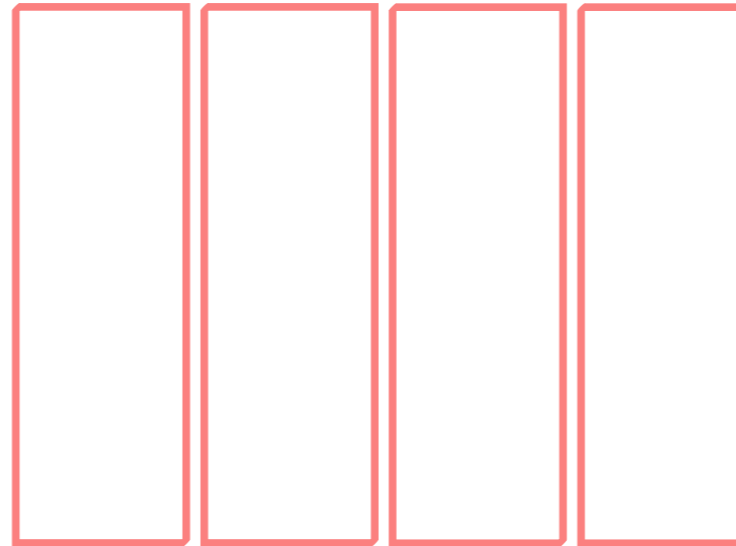
Execution Thread #1



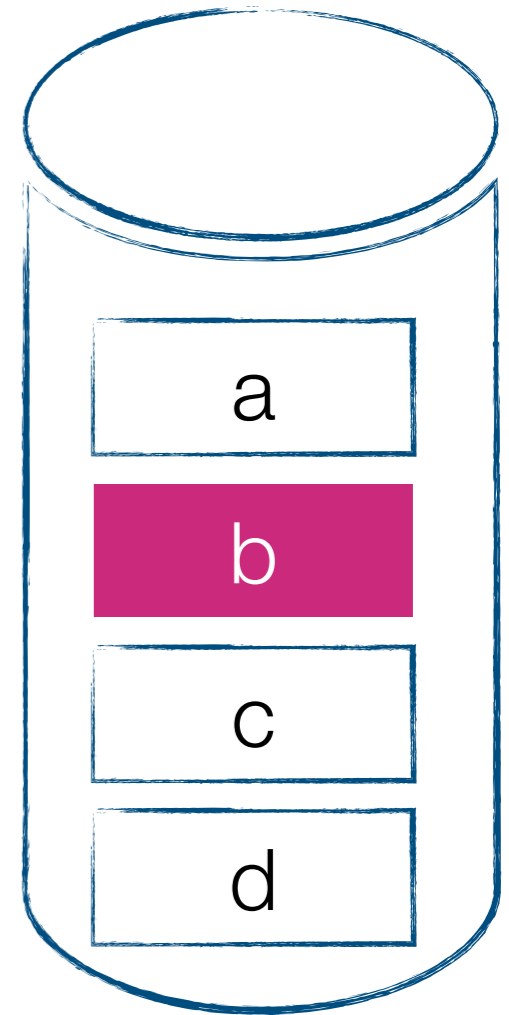
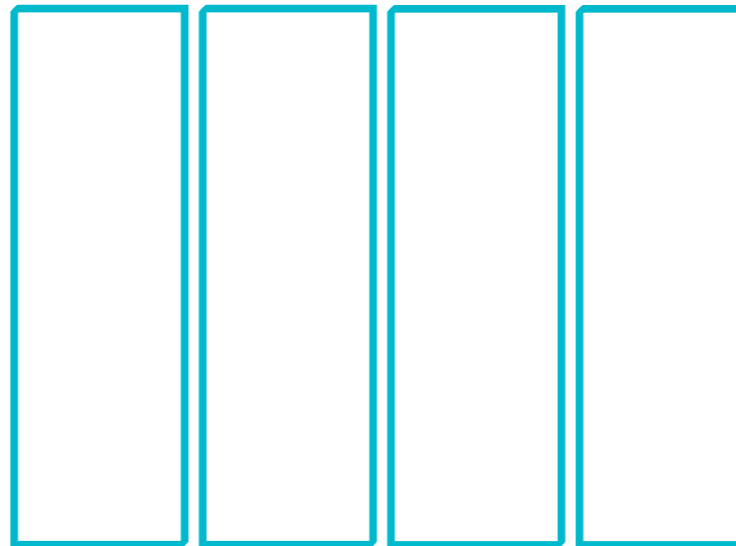
- ✓ Deterministic Execution
- ✓ No aborts because of CC
- ✓ Minimal coordination among threads
- ✓ Not sensitive to multi-partition transactions
- ✓ Exploits Intra-transaction parallelism

## Priority Groups

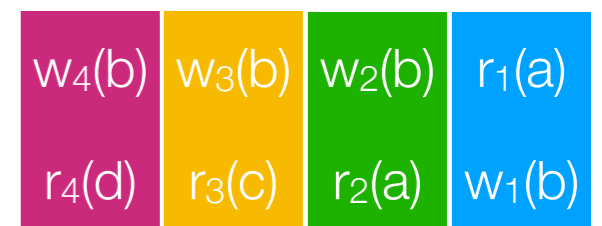
### Low-priority Queues



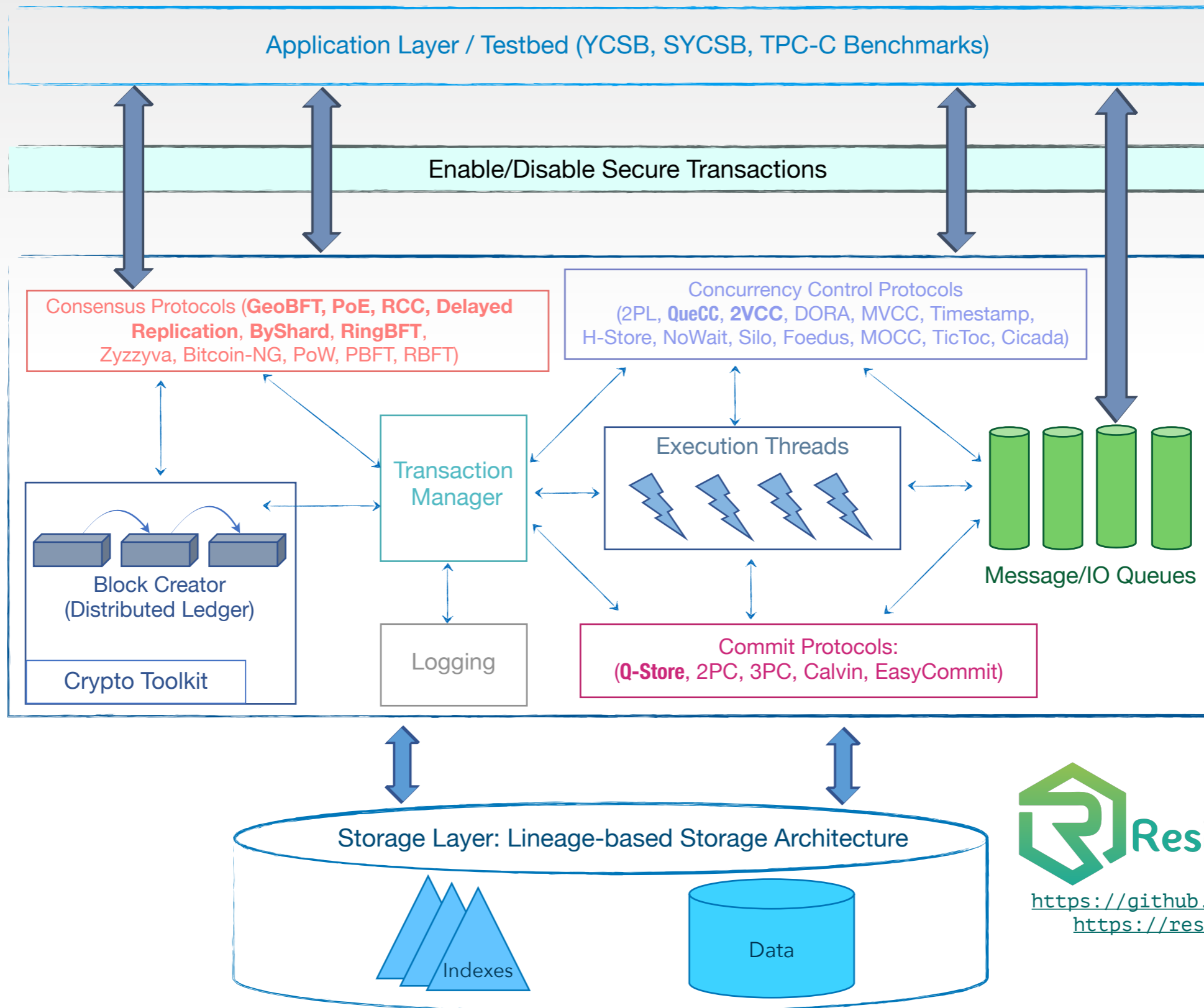
### High-priority Queues



### Committed Transactions



# ResilientDB Blockchain Fabric



<https://github.com/resilientdb/>  
<https://resilientdb.com/>

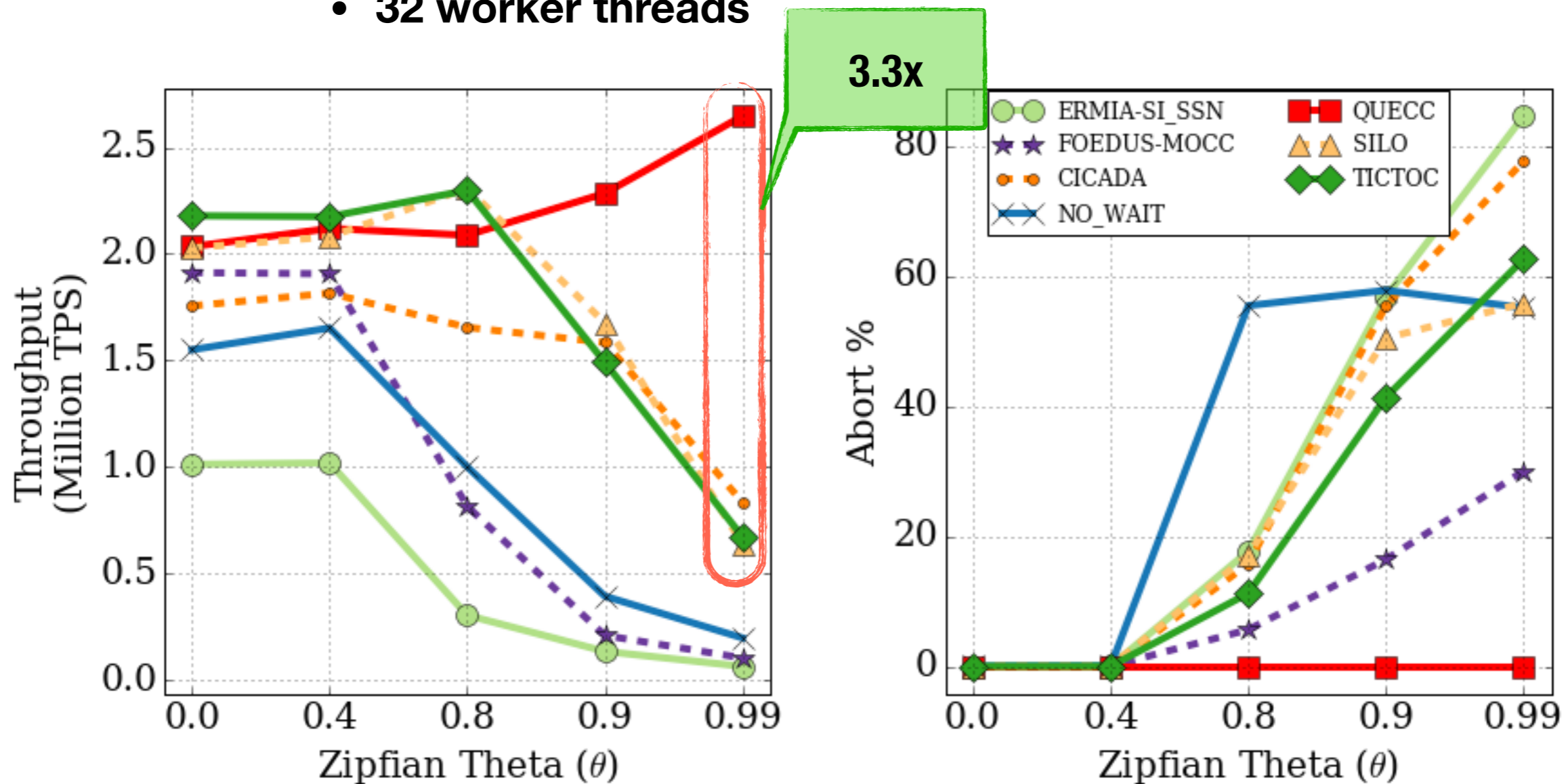


# Evaluation Environment

Hardware	Microsoft Azure instance with 32 core CPU: Intel Xeon E5-2698B v3 <i>32KB L1 data and instruction caches</i> <i>256KB L2 cache</i> <i>40MB L3 cache</i> RAM: 448GB
Workload	YCSB: 1 table, 10 operations, 50% RMW, Zipfian distribution TPCC: 9 tables, Payment and NewOrder, 1 Warehouse
Software	Operating System: Ubuntu LTS 16.04.3 Compiler: GCC with -O3 compiler optimizations

# Effect of Varying Contention

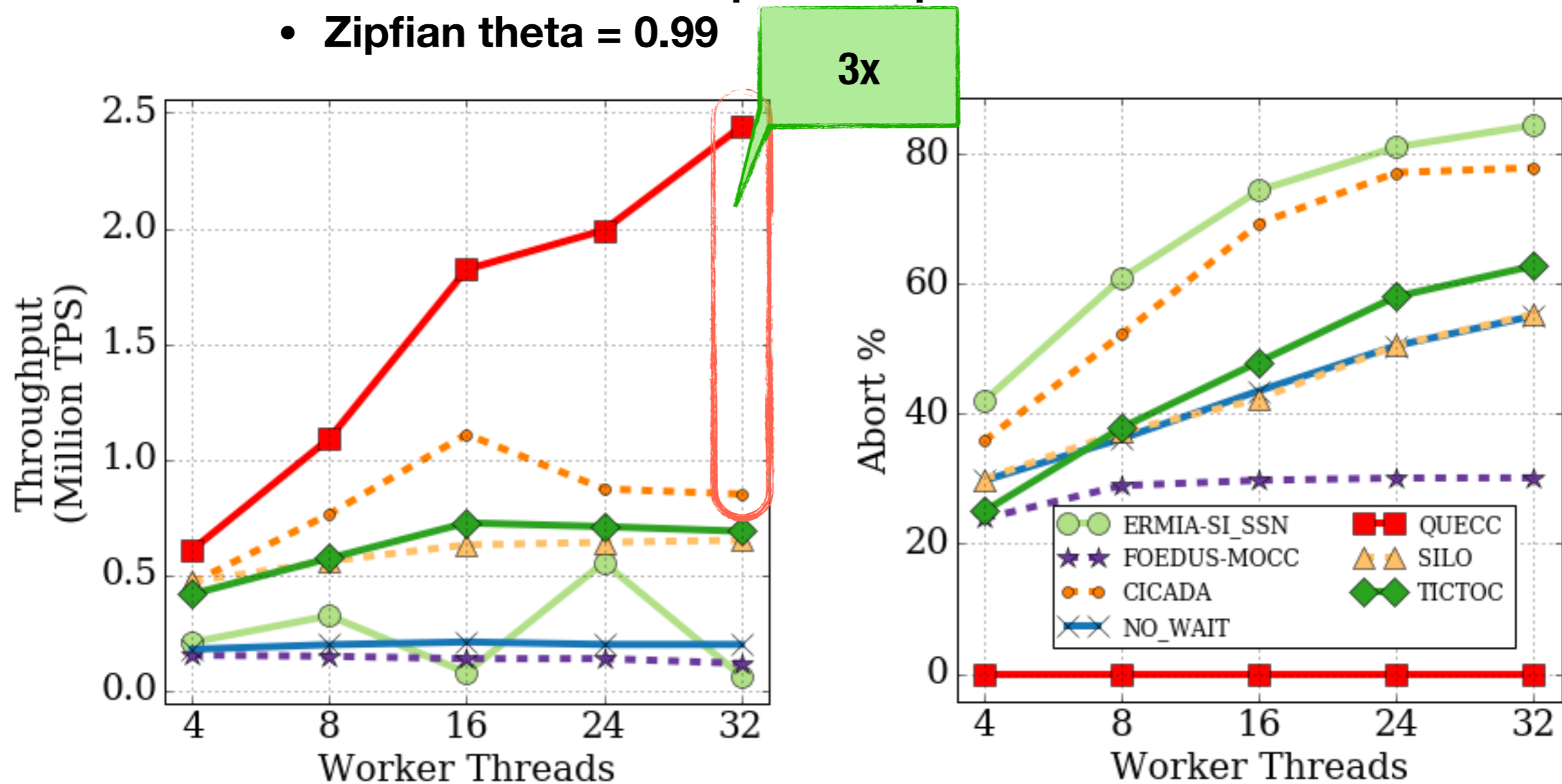
- 5 write and 5 read operation per transaction
- 32 worker threads



Workload contention resiliency  
Cache locality under high-contention

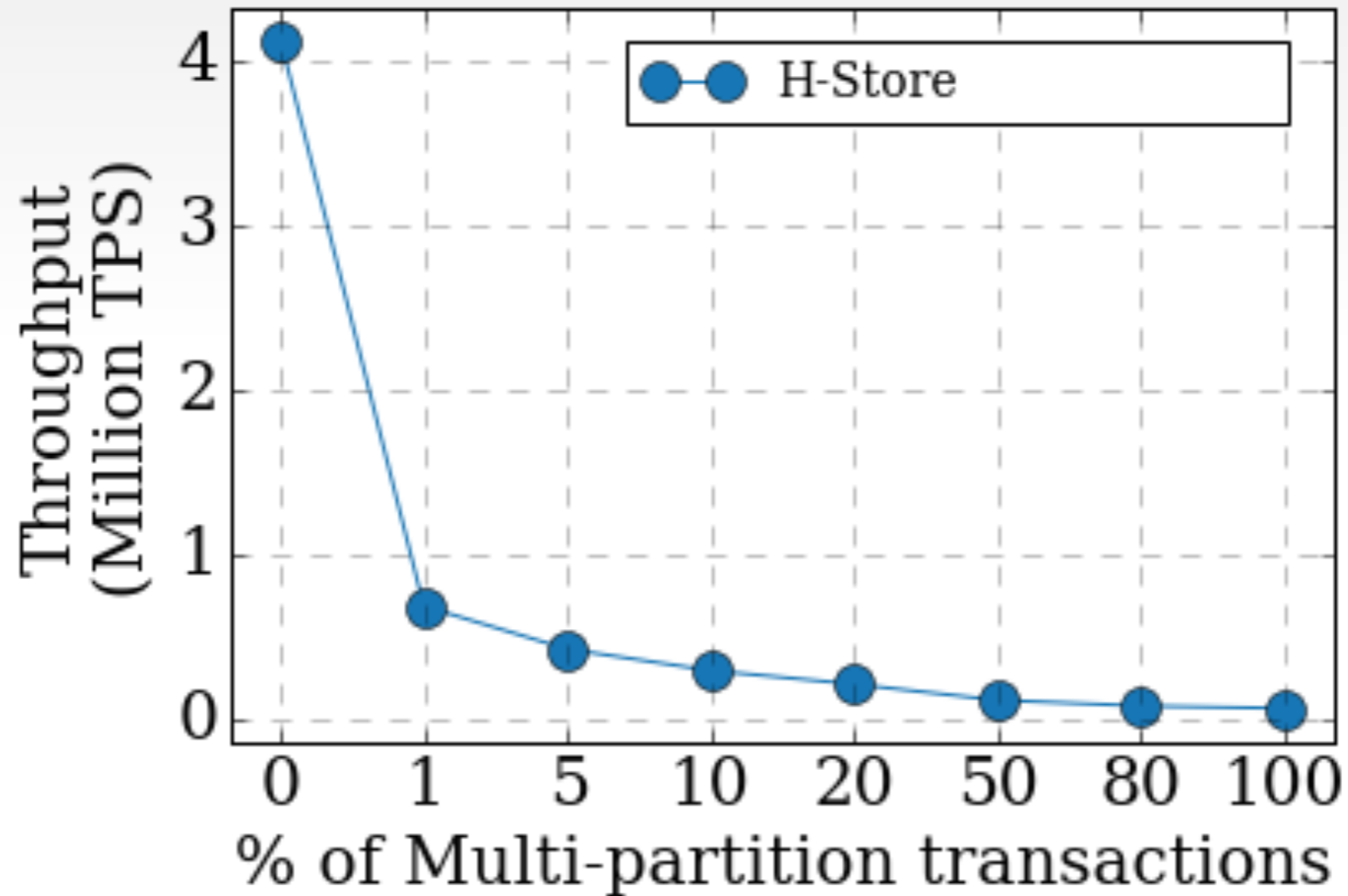
# Effect of Varying Worker Threads

- 5 write and 5 read operation per transaction
- Zipfian theta = 0.99

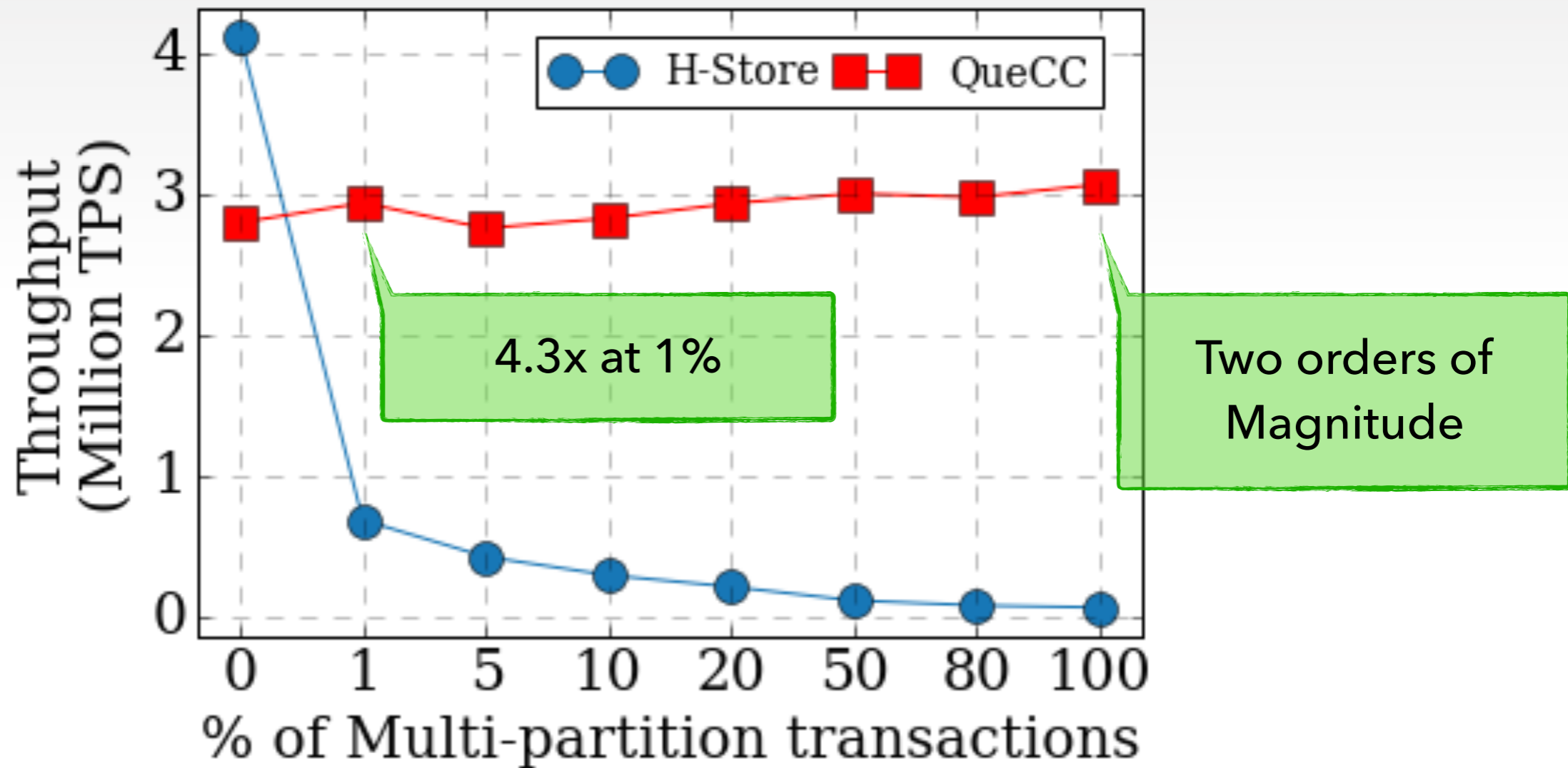


Avoiding thread coordination & eliminating all execution-induced aborts

# Effect of Increasing Percentage of Multi-Partition Transactions in the Workload



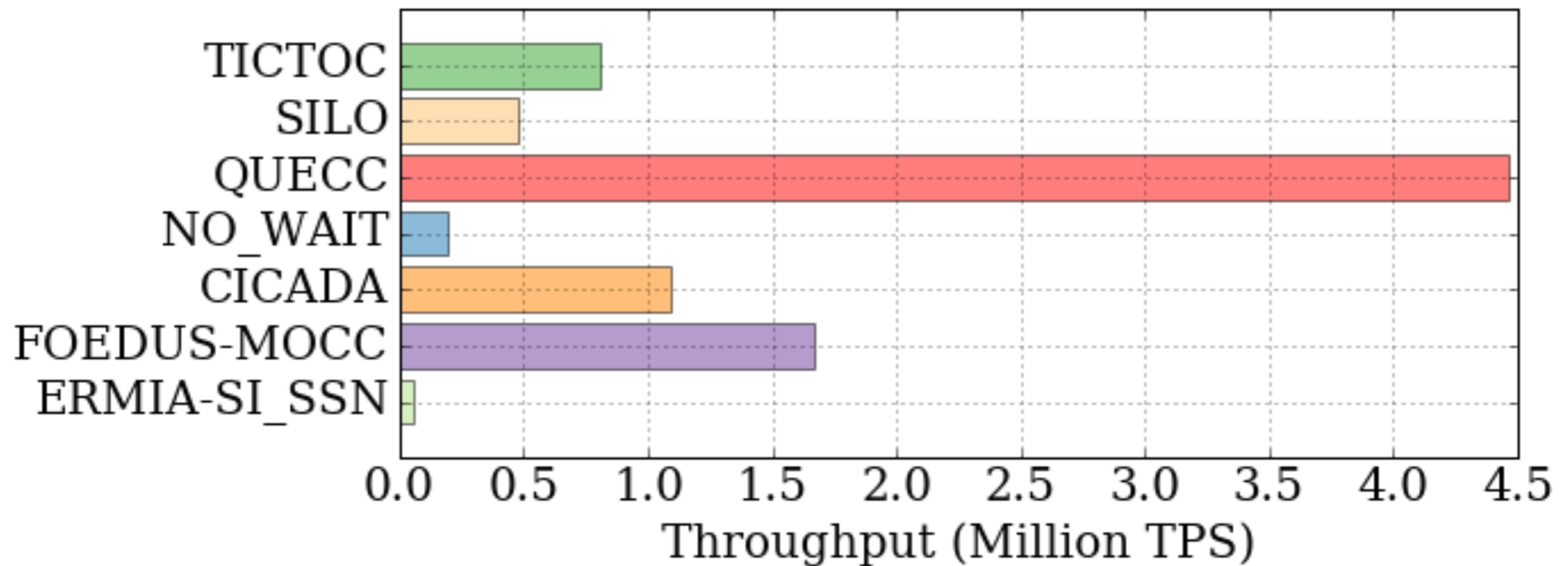
# Effect of Increasing Percentage of Multi-Partition Transactions in the Workload



QueCC is not sensitive to multi-partitioning

# TPC-C Results

**1 Warehouse (highly contended workload)  
50% Payment + 50% NewOrder transaction mix**



QueCC can achieve up to 3x better performance on high-contention TPC-C workloads

# QueCC Conclusions

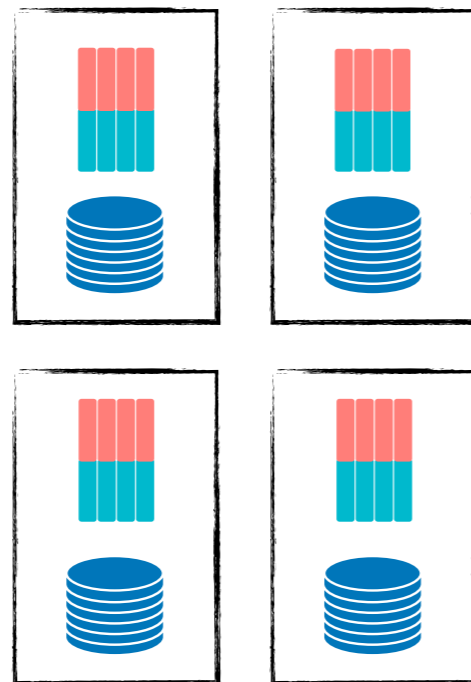
- ✓ Efficient, parallel and deterministic in-memory transaction processing
- ✓ Eliminates almost all aborts by resolving transaction conflicts *a priori*
- ✓ Works extremely well under high-contention workloads



# What's Next: Q-Store

**QueCC**

**Q-Store**



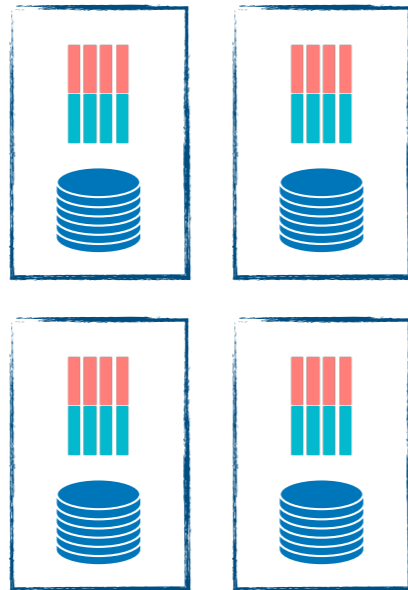
Multi-core  
Single-node

Partitioned  
on Distributed  
Cluster



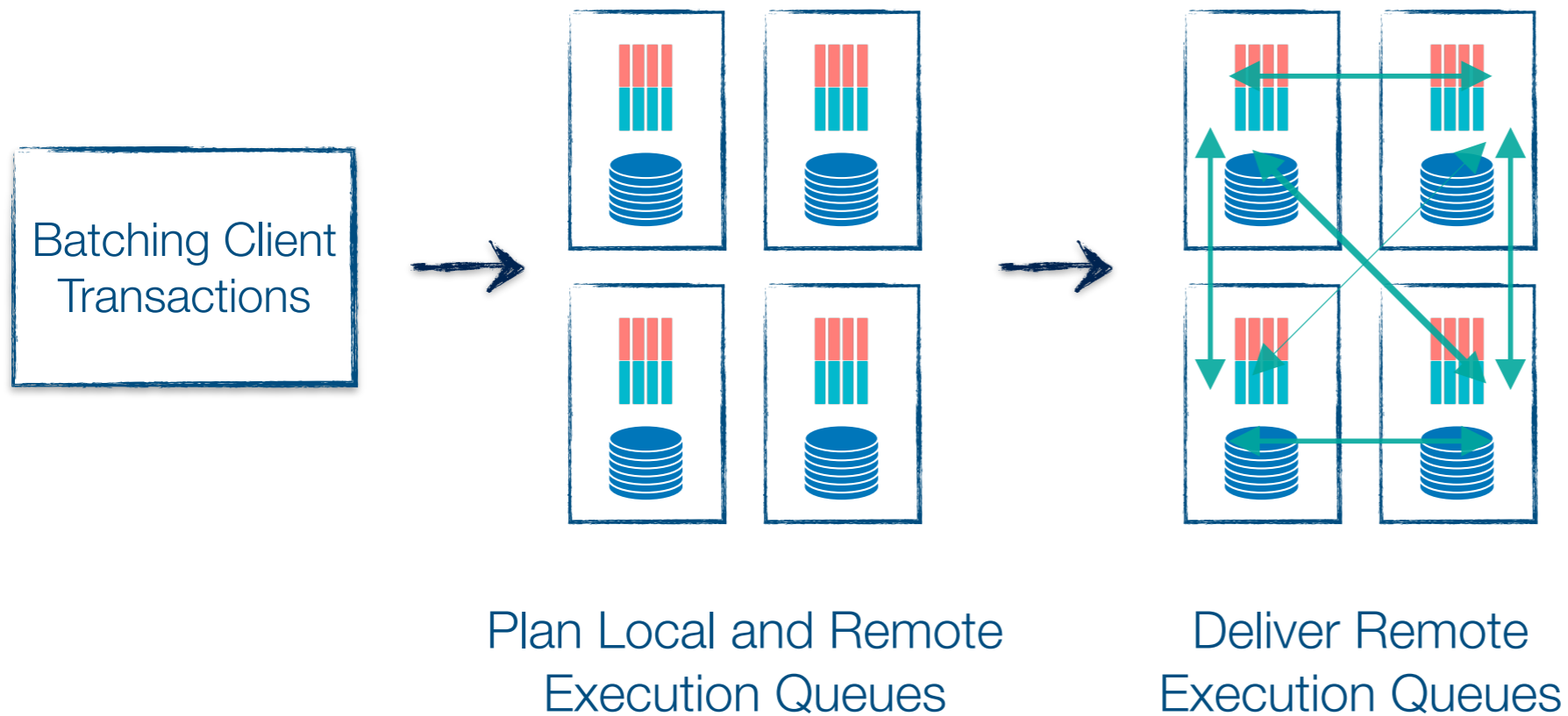
# What's Next: Q-Store

Batching Client Transactions

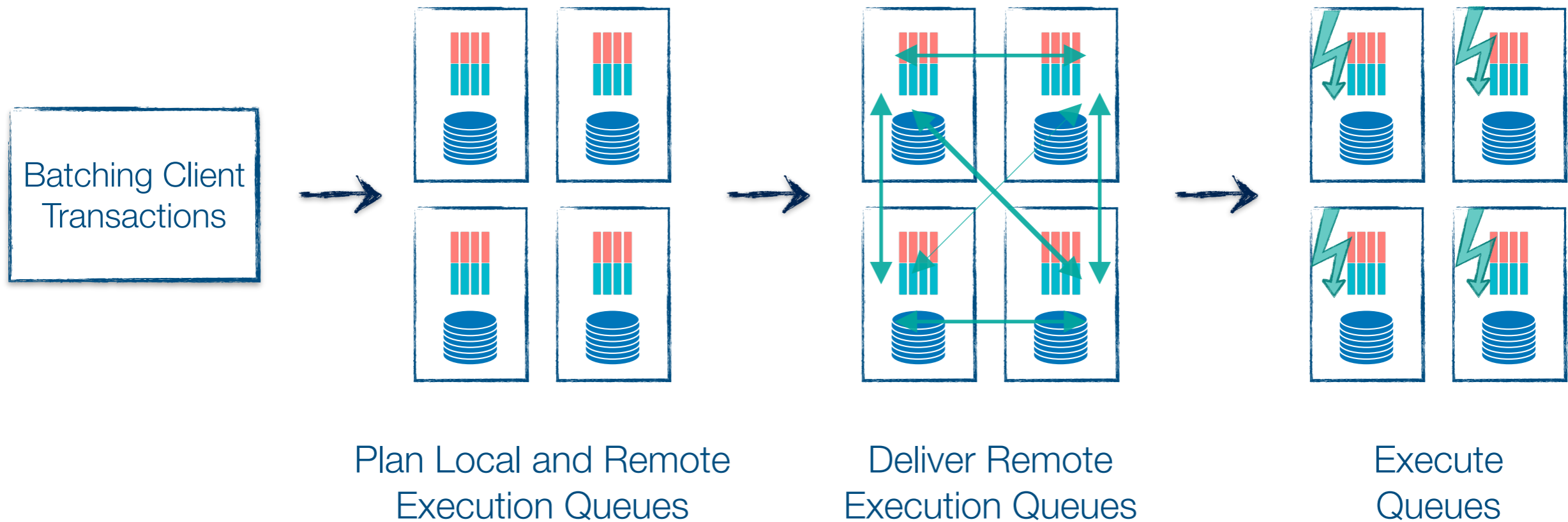


Plan Local and Remote Execution Queues

# What's Next: Q-Store

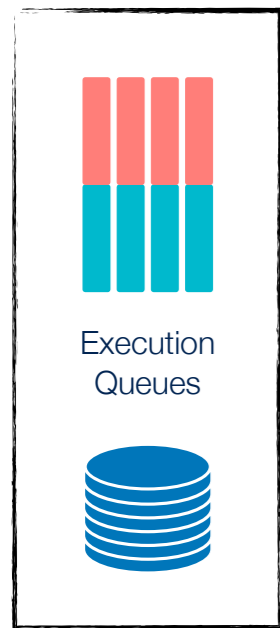


# What's Next: Q-Store



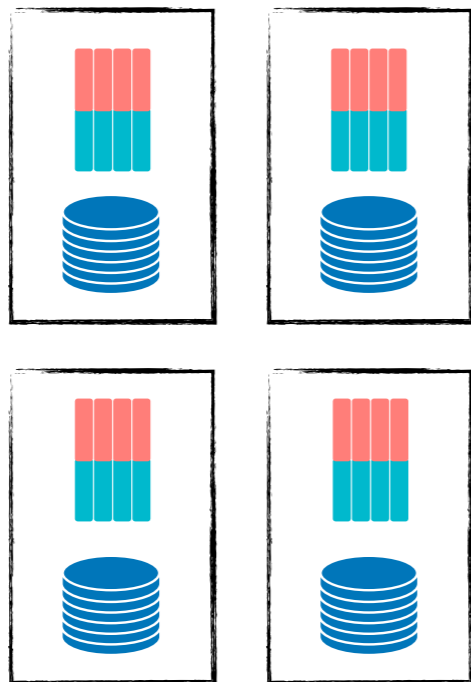
# What's Next: Q-Store

## QueCC



Multi-core  
Single-node

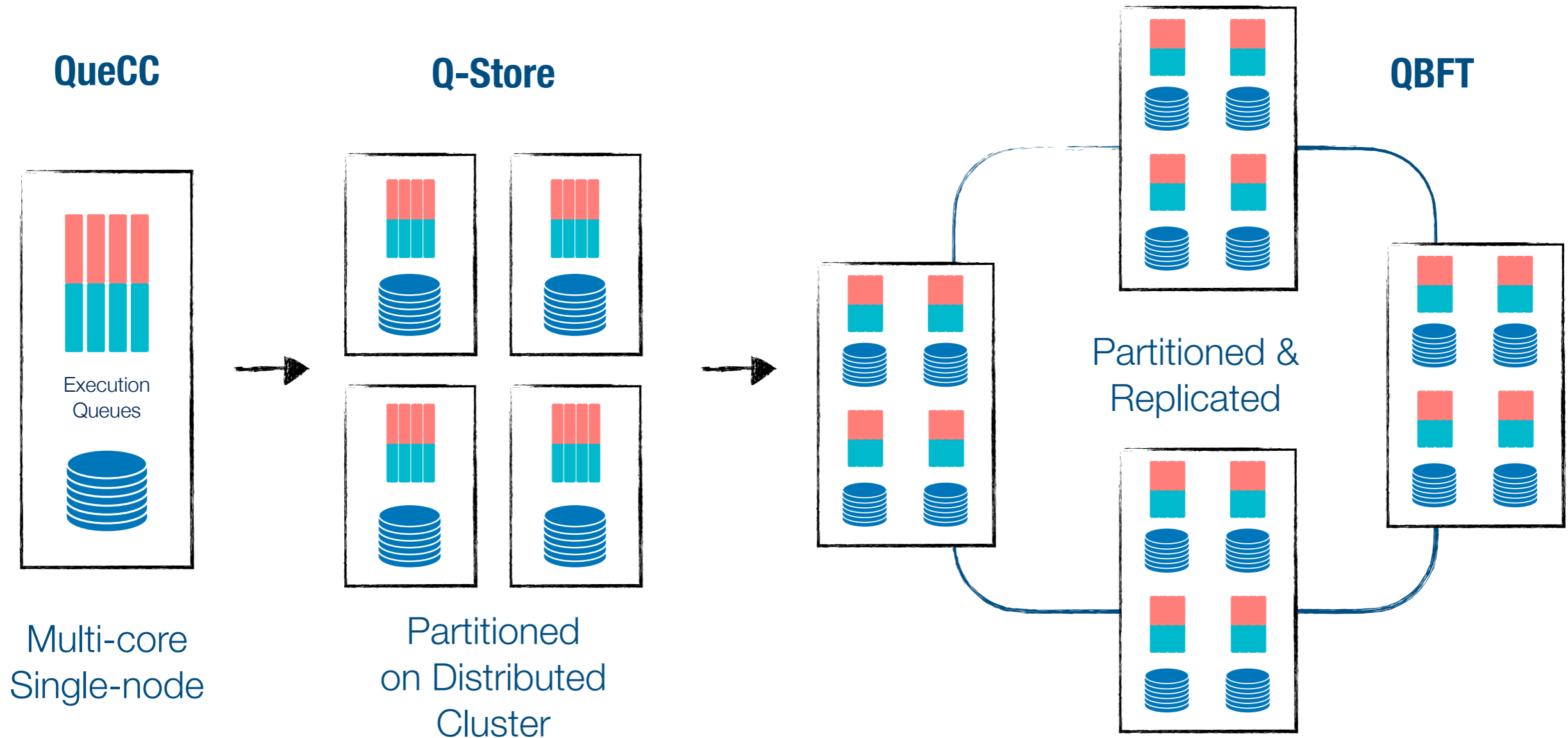
## Q-Store



Partitioned  
on Distributed  
Cluster

- ✓ Parallel and distributed
- ✓ Queue-oriented execution and communication
- ✓ Minimal coordination among nodes and threads

# What's Next: QBFT



# What's Next: QBFT

- ✓ Queue-oriented Byzantine Fault-Tolerance
- ✓ Resilient planning followed by resilient execution

